

Grid Code Modification Proposal Form

GC0183: Generator and Interconnector Availability During a Severe Space Weather Event

Overview: This modification will make changes to the Grid Code to obligate Generators and Interconnectors to notify NESO of their intended position in the event of severe space weather.

Modification process & timetable

Proposal Form 09 July 2025

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Workgroup Consultation

19 August 2025 - 29 August 2025

Workgroup Report 15 September 2025

Code Administrator Consultation 19 September 2025 - 20 October 2025

Draft Final Modification Report 27 October 2025

Final Modification Report 30 October 2025

Implementation 10 Business Days after Decision

Status summary: The Proposer has raised a modification and is seeking a decision from the Panel on the governance route to be taken.

This modification is expected to have a: High impact on Generators, Interconnectors, National Energy System Operator. Medium impact on Network Operators, Transmission Owners.

Modification drivers: System Operability, System Security

Proposer's	Urgent modification to proceed under a timetable agreed by the				
recommendation	Authority (with an Authority decision)				
of governance					
route					
Who can I talk to	Proposer: Code Administrator Contact:				
about the	Helen Newman	Claire Goult			
change?	helen.newman@neso.energy	claire.goult@neso.energy			
	07860 319 716	07938 737 807			
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What is the defect you are trying to resolve?

Space weather refers to the environmental conditions in space. It can have a significant effect on the functionality of power grids because the rapid fluctuations in the Earth's magnetic field induce an electric field in the Earth's surface. This electric field then drives electrical currents to flow through conductive structures; this is known as geomagnetically induced currents (GICs). This can potentially lead to damage to some assets across the electricity system, depending on the asset design, location and geology.

The Sun experiences 11-year cycles of solar activity; the peak of this is called Solar Maximum. The Solar Maximum of the current cycle was reached in 2025. During Solar Maximum and the following 2–3 years, solar storms that lead to GICs are statistically more likely. Over the last 12 months, National Energy System Operator (NESO) and industry stakeholders have been working together in the Space Weather Subgroup to better understand the effects on the Great Britain (GB) electricity system and is currently drafting a Space Weather Industry Protocol (SWIP). The intention is that this will be shared with affected parties in September 2025 and will provide guidelines for operational decision making during an anticipated or actual severe space weather event. Following discussions around the protocol, a risk has recently been recognised that some Generators and Interconnectors may potentially alter the operational status of some assets, depending on their understanding of the risk, of a severe space weather event, to those assets. For example, some assets may cease operations entirely whilst others might reduce output (Generation) or flow (Interconnector). If this occurs, it could potentially lead to a shortfall in supply or, in the worst case, system instability.

Why change?

To enable NESO and market participants to understand the intended positions of Generators and Interconnectors during a severe space weather event. This will ensure NESO can effectively manage the system in real-time.





What is the Proposer's solution?

Make an amendment to the Grid Code to obligate Generators and Interconnectors to issue a 'Space Weather Outage Declaration' to NESO (and advise the market, via their REMIT (Regulation for Energy Markets Integrity and Transparency) / information submissions), setting out their anticipated availability during and after a severe space weather event, following a space weather Notification being issued by NESO and posted to the BMRS.

What is in and out of scope?

The Proposal covers the specific challenge around knowledge of Generator and Interconnector availability and intentions in order to facilitate system operation in a severe space weather event.

Any anticipated impacts (or any associated risks) of severe space weather on the wider energy system are out of scope of this modification.

Draft legal text

The following are the suggested SWIP definitions that would need to be included in the Grid Code; the actual code drafting will need to be determined by the Workgroup.

Space Weather	A 'For Awareness' notification issued by The Company
Awareness Notification	via email to relevant stakeholders following The
	Company being informed by the Met Office of space weather related activity that is of a nature and anticipated level (of G2 to G4 using the Met Office ranking) that warrants The Company informing relevant stakeholders for their awareness purposes.
Space Weather Prepare	A notification issued by The Company via the BMRS
Notification	(and directly to Control Centres and ESIOs) following
	them being informed by the Met Office of space weather
	related activity that is of a nature and anticipated level
	(of [G4 or above] [G5] using the Met Office ranking) that
	warrants The Company informing relevant stakeholders
	for their preparation purposes. A Space Weather
	Prepare Notification is likely to be issued (by The



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	Company) some twelve to thirty-six hours ahead of a
	space weather event being forecast to impact the NETS .
Space Weather Possible	A notification issued by The Company via the BMRS
Notification	(and directly to Control Centres and ESIOs) following
	them being informed by the Met Office of an imminent
	space weather related activity that is of a nature and
	anticipated level (of [G4 or above] [G5] using the Met
	Office ranking) that warrants The Company informing
	relevant stakeholders for their possible [impactful]
	[actioning] purposes. A Space Weather Possible
	Notification is likely to be issued (by The Company)
	some twenty to sixty minutes ahead of a space weather
	event being forecast to impact the NETS .
Space Weather Outage	A User's best estimate of the expected (un)availability
Declaration	of their specified asset(s); in the event of a Space
	Weather Possible Notification being issued; that the
	User must submit to The Company within three hours of
	The Company issuing a Space Weather Prepare
	Notification.
	This shall cover the period of time from a Space
	Weather Possible Notification being issued (in the
	future) by The Company until [X] hour(s) after a Space
	Weather Cessation Notification being issued by The
	Company (where the 'X' shall be specified, for each
	relevant asset(s), by the User at the time of the
	declaration submission, and where zero hours is a valid
	response where the asset(s) will continue to be
	available throughout the period in question).
	For the avoidance of doubt, this declaration shall; if
	acted upon by a Large Power Station or of part of the
	NETS, or of part of a User System (following The
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	Company issuing a Space Weather Prepare
	Notification); be deemed a Planned Outage.
	Notification), be deemed a Flatified Outage .
Space Weather Expected	A notification issued by The Company via the BMRS
Notification	(and directly to Control Centres and ESIOs) following
	them being informed by the Met Office or other relevant
	stakeholders that impacts, consistent with a space
	weather event, have been seen or experienced in GB so
	that stakeholders can inform The Company (by way of
	a Space Weather Outcome Statement) if such impacts
	are seen or experienced by the stakeholder's assets.
Space Weather Outcome	A statement (prepared in good faith) that is issued,
Statement	without undue delay, by the User or Control Centre or
	ESIO to The Company where; following the issuing of a
	Space Weather Expected Notification; their asset(s)
	have seen or experienced impacts that they believe, at
	the time, are or maybe of a nature consistent with a
	space weather event.
Space Weather Advisory	A statement issued by The Company via the BMRS (and
	directly to Control Centres and EISOs) that is sent to
	advise stakeholders of a space weather related matter
	that warrants The Company informing relevant
	stakeholders of, for their information and further
	consideration.
Space Weather Cessation	A notification issued by The Company via the BMRS
Notification	(and directly to Control Centres and ESIOs); following
	The Company being informed by the Met Office that the
	reason(s) for the issuing of any previous Space Weather
	related notifications (issued by the Met Office) have now
	passed, timed out or otherwise ceased to be relevant;
	that is sent to inform stakeholders that a space weather
	situation has concluded.





What is the impact of this change?

The proposal will obligate Generators and Interconnectors to issue a 'Space Weather Outage Declaration' to NESO (and advise the market, via their REMIT / information submissions), setting out their anticipated availability during and after a severe space weather event, following a space weather Notification being issued by NESO. It is aimed at providing greater visibility for NESO of the operational status of key assets in the event of a severe space weather event. This will support NESO in managing scenarios that have the potential to lead to a shortfall in electricity supply or instability of the GB electricity system.

Network Operators and Transmission Owners may need to inform NESO via a Space Weather Outcome Statement if their assets have experienced impacts as a result of Space Weather.

Proposer's assessment against Grid Code Objective	es
Relevant Objective	Identified impact
(i) To permit the development, maintenance and	Positive
operation of an efficient, coordinated and economical	The timely provision of
system for the transmission of electricity;	critical operational
	information related to a
	space weather event will
	enable NESO to operate
	the system if this
	situation arises.
(ii) Facilitating effective competition in the generation	Positive
and supply of electricity (and without limiting the	Both NESO and market
foregoing, to facilitate the national electricity	participants will be
transmission system being made available to persons	informed, in a timely
authorised to supply or generate electricity on terms	manner, of the potential
which neither prevent nor restrict competition in the	market situation if a
supply or generation of electricity);	space weather possible
	notification is issued.
(iii) Subject to sub-paragraphs (i) and (ii), to promote	Positive
the security and efficiency of the electricity generation,	The modification aims to
transmission and distribution systems in the national	ensure that NESO, for
	potentially critical

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electricity transmission system operator area taken as a whole;	operational reasons, has timely visibility of the
	intended positions of
	generators and
	interconnectors during a
	severe space weather
	event.
(iv) To efficiently discharge the obligations imposed	Neutral
upon the licensee by this license* and to comply with	
the Electricity Regulation and any relevant legally	
binding decisions of the European Commission and/or	
the Agency; and	
(v) To promote efficiency in the implementation and	Neutral
administration of the Grid Code arrangements	

^{*} See Electricity System Operator Licence

Proposer's assessment of the impact of the modification on the stakeholder / consumer benefit categories		
Stakeholder / consumer benefit categories	Identified impact	
Improved safety and reliability of the system	Positive It is aimed at providing greater visibility for NESO of the operational status of key assets in the event of a severe space weather event. This will support NESO in managing scenarios that have the potential to lead to a shortfall in electricity supply or instability of the GB electricity system.	
Lower bills than would otherwise be the case	Neutral	
Benefits for society as a whole	Neutral	
Reduced environmental damage	Neutral	
Improved quality of service	Neutral	

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When will this change take place?

Implementation date:

10 Business Days following an Authority Decision.

Proposer's justification of Implementation date:

As explained above we are currently entering the most active period of solar activity in the 11-year cycle. This could last for 2-3 years therefore, implementing this modification as soon as possible will reduce the risk to the GB energy system.

In addition, the intention is that the SWIP will be issued to stakeholders in mid-late September. The Grid Code modification will sit alongside this protocol. By aligning the implementation of the Grid Code modification with the protocol 'go live' date this will provide greater clarity and certainty for relevant stakeholders and NESO.

Date decision required by

As soon as possible to mitigate the risk to security of supply.

Implementation approach

Processes will need to be developed by NESO to assess the data submitted by generators and interconnectors and for NESO to then provide DESNZ with updates.

Processes will also need to be developed to define how generators and interconnectors will submit the required date to NESO.

Proposer's justification for governance route

Governance route: Urgent modification to proceed under a timeline agreed by the Authority (with an Authority Decision)

This modification meets Urgency Criteria (b) A significant impact on the safety and security of the electricity and/or gas systems.

There is a risk to security of supply of the electricity system due to the current position at the peak of the solar cycle being reached in 2025.

The Space Weather Industry Protocol Workgroup have recently identified a risk to system stability due to the potential for Generators and Interconnectors to alter the operational status of some assets in the energy market based on the risk to their assets. This could lead to system instability or a shortfall in supply.

As it stands, under the current information processes, there may be insufficient time for NESO to be aware and thus manage any changes in Generators and Interconnector planned availability during an anticipated or actual severe space weather event.





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Codes	T&Cs ¹	modifications	
□European Network	☐ EBR Article 18	⊠Other	□Other
□CUSC	⊠BSC	□STC	□SQSS

The direct or consequential impacts to other codes will need to be identified through the Workgroup.

There may need to be changes to the BMRS processes due to space weather Notifications being published on the BMRS and additionally, there may be an interaction with Grid Code modification GC0164.

We are also considering whether an amendment to STC will be required. However, this would be as a result of the Space Weather Industry Protocol being issued rather than a consequence of this modification to the Grid Code.

Industry engagement and feedback

NESO have been engaging with industry over the last 12 months via the Space Weather Sub-group and more recently via the Space Weather Industry Protocol Workgroup on examining issues associated with space weather.

It was through discussions in this Workgroup that the risk to system stability was identified. This proposed Grid Code modification has been discussed in the SWIP Workgroup and received the full support of stakeholders from EDF, SSE Generation, National Grid Ventures, National Grid Electricity Distribution, Electricity Networks Association, Northern Power Grid, NESO and DESNZ.

An outline of this proposal was presented to the July Grid Code Development Forum to gain stakeholder feedback.

In addition NESO has provided space weather awareness updates to the Operational Transparency Forum, the latest of which was on 25th June 2025 (<u>PowerPoint Presentation</u> slides 13-25.)

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Acronyms, key terms and reference material

Acronym / key term	Meaning
BSC	Balancing and Settlement Code
BMRS	Balancing Mechanism Reporting Service
CUSC	Connection and Use of System Code
DESNZ	Department for Energy Security and Net Zero
EBR	Electricity Balancing Regulation
EISO	Externally Interconnected System Operator
GB	Great Britain
GC	Grid Code
GICs	Geomagnetically Induced Currents
NESO	National Energy System Operator
NETS	National Electricity Transmission System
REMIT	Regulation for Energy Markets Integrity and Transparency
STC	System Operator Transmission Owner Code
sqss	Security and Quality of Supply Standards
SWIP	Space Weather Industry Protocol
T&Cs	Terms and Conditions

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