

Public

Balancing Programme Event

24 June 2025

Housekeeping



Please note we will be taking **photos** throughout the day for use in the NESO newsletter – please let a member of the NESO team know if you don't want to be captured



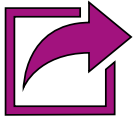
Q&A via Slido



Please post any questions you have for our speakers on Slido – **#BPJUNE25** – ensuring to list both your full name and organisation; this will enable us to follow up with you after the event where necessary.



All questions posted in Slido will be published online with answers after the event; this will include any questions we are unable to answer in the session due to time constraints or the need for further information.



Out of scope questions will be forwarded on to the appropriate NESO team or expert for a direct response. We may ask you to contact us by email to ensure we have the correct contact details for the response.



Using Slido, you can also suggest topics for future Balancing Programme engagement events & webinars.



Slido will close at the end of the event; if you have any further questions, please get in contact with us at box.balancingprogramme@neso.energy



Please scan this QR code to participate on Slido or search for Slido online and enter **#BPJUNE25**

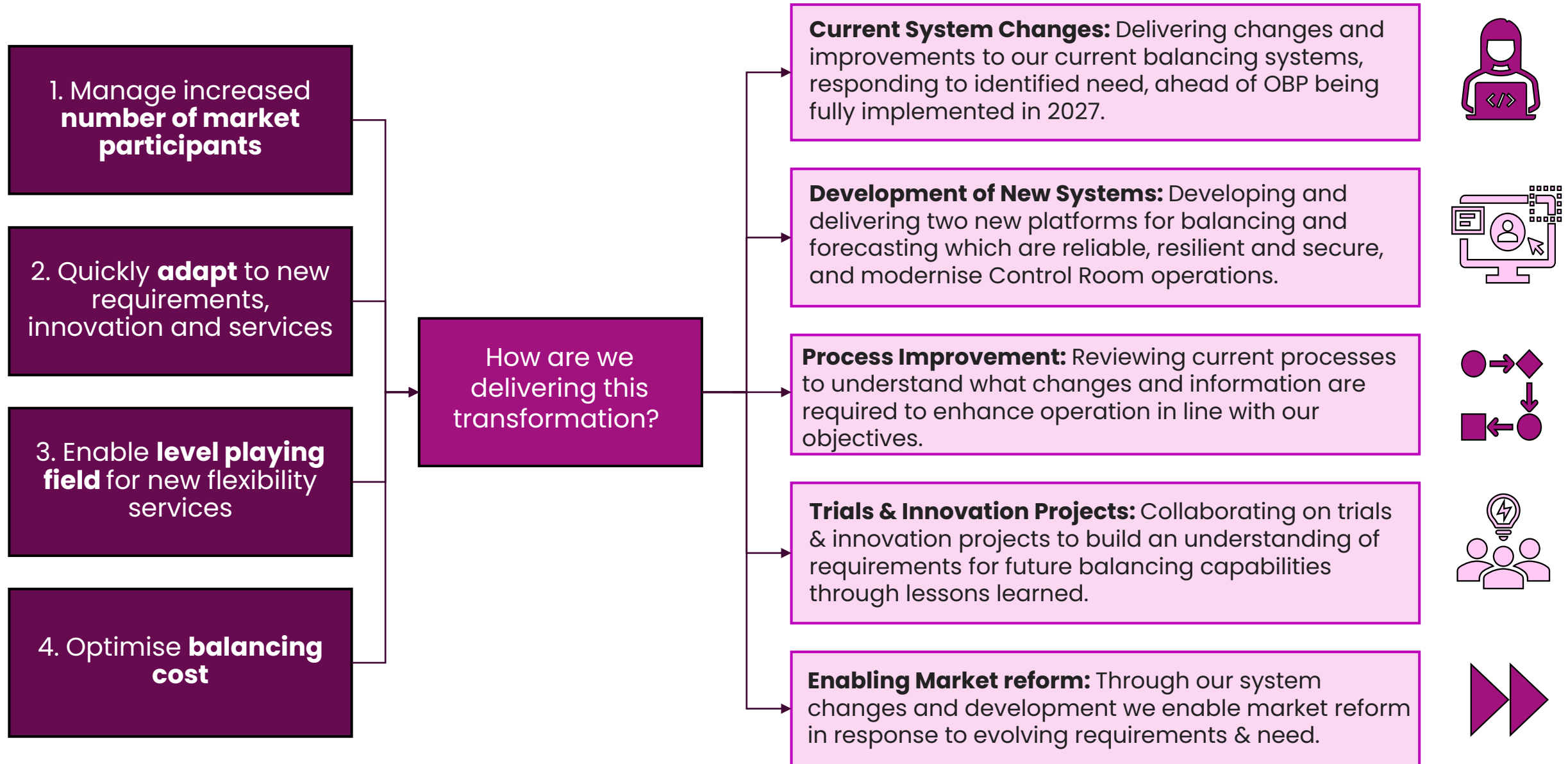
Welcome & Agenda

Time	Agenda Item	Details
9:00 – 9:30	Registration (refreshments will be provided)	
9:30 – 9:45	Balancing Programme Overview	Balancing Programme system transformation overview & value delivered
9:45 – 10:25	Balancing Systems Update	- Delivery progress since March 2025 & associated benefits 25/26 & 26/27 Open Balancing Platform (OBP) roadmap - Real-Time Predictor on the OBP - OBP digital enablers – Update on the EDL/EDT transition to OBP & NBM activity
10:25 – 10:40	Forecasting Systems Update	- Delivery progress since March 2025 & associated benefits 25/26 Platform for Energy Forecasting Roadmap
10:40 – 10:55	Break (refreshments will be provided) – 10:55 move to breakout rooms for 11:00 start	
11:00 – 11:45	Breakout Session	Participants will rotate across the 3 sessions – you will be allocated a session order on arrival - Improving the management of constraints with OBP inc. Constraint Pathfinders & optimisation - Innovation projects & the Reveal trials platform - OBP demo
11:50 – 12:35	Breakout Session 1, 2, or 3	
12:35 – 13:15	Lunch (provided) – 13:15 move to breakout rooms for 13:20 start	
13:20 – 14:05	Breakout Session 1, 2, or 3	
14:10 – 14:55	A Day in the Life of a Control Room Engineer	Managing the electricity system following the loss of several large generators; session will detail system planning, the role of response & reserve services, and the use of tools inc. OBP in securing the system
14:55 – 15:10	Break (refreshments will be provided)	
15:10 – 15:40	Market Services Update	Update on market products being enabled in OBP for BM & Non-BM units inc. timeline & benefits
15:40 – 15:55	Beyond 2025 Roadmap	Update on progress to define balancing and forecasting deliverables beyond 2025
15:55 – 16:25	Q&A	Ask your questions to our panel of SMEs; Slido will remain open throughout the day
16:25 – 16:30	Next Steps & Closing Remarks	Future engagement opportunities
16:30 – 17:30	Networking event	

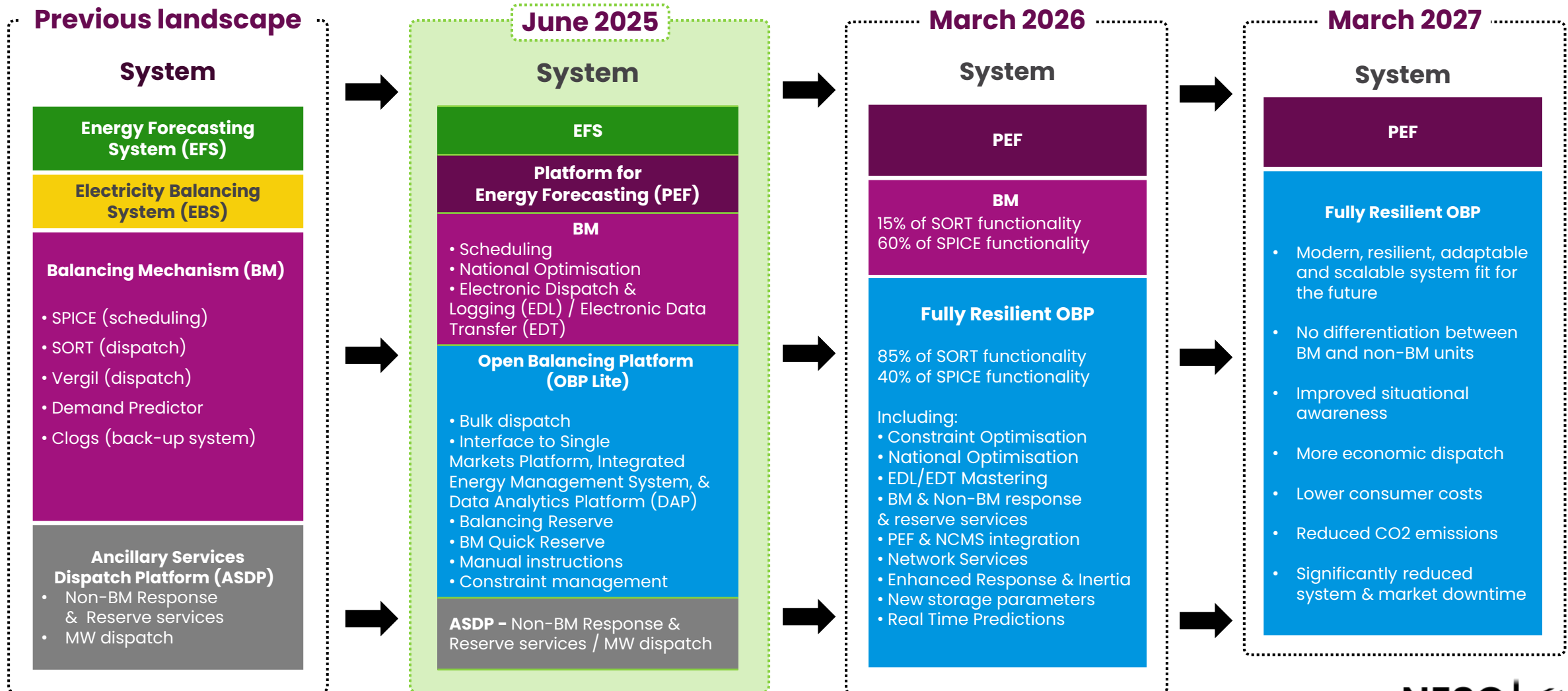
Balancing Programme Overview

Brendan Lyons, Balancing Programme Director

System Transformation – Why do we need to Transform?



System Transformation – Where are we?



Value Delivered by the Programme



Market Participation and Technology Flexibility

Delivered automated instruction creation and send allowing use of smaller flexible assets:

- 36% increase in the number of small BMUs and battery units receiving BM instructions since Oct-Dec 2023.
- 425% increase in battery dispatch volume since OBP R1.
- 31% increase in small BMU dispatch volume since OBP R1.
- 1347% increase in dispatch instructions to batteries.
- 72% increase in dispatch instructions to small BMUs.



Adaptation, Innovation, and Services

- 2000+ OBP updates delivered with minimal downtime.
- Implemented several additional deliverables aimed at improving economic dispatch & transparency.
- Implemented several Control Room improvements inc. bulk dispatch and enhancements to the management of constraints in OBP.
- Facilitated service implementation:
 - Balancing Reserve
 - BM Quick Reserve
 - MW Dispatch
- Implemented a new wind model on the Platform for Energy Forecasting (PEF).

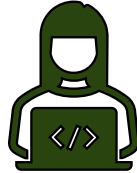


Reduction in CO2 Emissions & Consumer Value

- Carbon intensity decreased from 172 gCO₂/kWh (FY21) to 125 gCO₂/kWh (FY25), saving 47 gCO₂/kWh.
- 2.5% can be attributed to the Balancing Programme providing an estimated carbon saving of £46m in BP2.
- >£600m of consumer savings through improvements in forecasting, dispatch and implementation of market services

You Said, We Did ...

Activity was needed to address partial dispatch issues in the small BMU zone



We continue to make improvements to the Bulk Dispatch Optimiser (BDO) to address partial dispatch. You can learn more about these improvements in this [recording](#) from our recent Optimisation Stakeholder Focus Group; slides are accessible [here](#).

You asked for transparency around the benefit & impact of the Programme's delivery



We continue to present utilisation statistics for batteries and small BMUs & have expanded our benefit metric reporting to evidence how the programme is contributing to a reduction in CO2 emissions & adapting to new requirements, innovation, & services.

Input into shaping the Programme's future delivery & prioritisation process



We engaged with you via our Stakeholder Focus Groups and Beyond 2025 workstream to generate insights that will guide the development of the NESO Forecasting Strategy and our beyond 2025 roadmap – we will provide an update on progress today.

Improved transparency on how the optimiser in OBP works & further information on National Dispatch Optimisation (NDO)



Our recent Optimisation Stakeholder Focus Group discussed National Dispatch in OBP, its integration into Control Room Processes, and provided insights into the BDOs decision-making – watch the session [here](#).

More info on EDL/EDT transition, Constraint deliverables & Control Room Operations

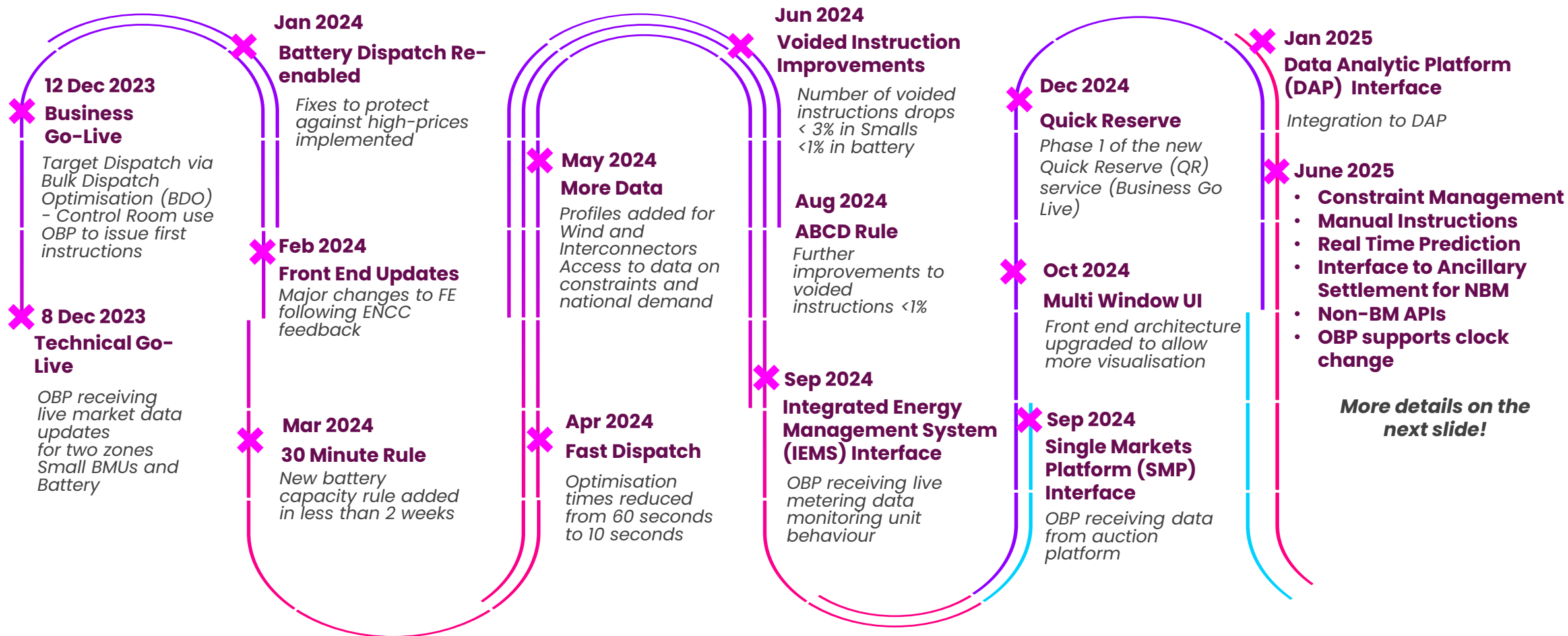


Our Technology Stakeholder Focus Group provided details on EDL/EDT testing requirements and cutover plans – watch [here](#); a [guidance note](#) on the transition has also been shared. Today's event includes further updates on Constraint deliverables, and a session on 'A day in the life of Control Room Engineer' – back by popular demand!

Balancing Systems Update

Bernie Dolan, Principal Product Manager
Sumit Gumber, Product Manager
Nisha Bhamidimarri, Senior Delivery Manager

Open Balancing Platform (OBP) Key Delivery to Date



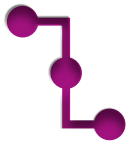
Continued delivery on BM systems – SORT, SPICE, & VERIGIL – to realise tactical benefits, until an enduring solution is available in OBP.

Deliverables have included activity aimed at improving economic dispatch & transparency e.g., dispatch efficiency monitor

Key Areas of Progress Since March 2025

Open Balancing Platform:

- **External interfaces for NBM Quick Reserve**



Deliverable: Application Programming Interfaces (APIs) running over a new highly secure internet gateway. Allows participants to submit data and receive instructions

Benefit: Supports Phase 2 of Quick Reserve

What does this mean for you?: New market opportunities for providers

Open Balancing Platform:

- **Constraint Management**



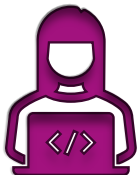
Deliverable: New OBP displays supporting the visualisation of constraints combined with a price stack so that instructions can be planned and then sent to resolve future issues

Benefit: Better constraint management

What does this mean for you?: Supports improved economic dispatch

Open Balancing Platform:

- **Manual Instructions**



Deliverable: Ability for control engineers to issue individual instructions to BMUs. Initial deployment in Battery, Small, Solar and STOR Zones

Benefit: Allows functionality from legacy systems to be moved to OBP

What does this mean for you?: Allowing all instructions to be issued from OBP increases situational awareness supporting economic decisions.

New IT system:

- **Real Time Prediction (RTP) Minimum Viable Product**



Deliverable: New near real-time demand predictions using advanced machine learning algorithms

Benefit: More accurate demand profiles feeding the new National Dispatch Optimiser

What does this mean for you?: More accurate balancing actions resulting in lower balancing costs

Real-Time Predictor (RTP)



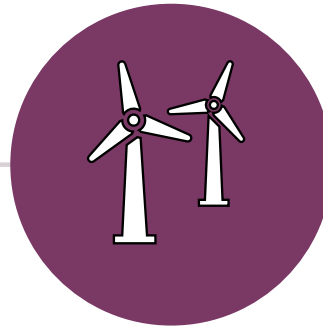
Sumit Gumber

Real-Time Predictor (RTP)



What is RTP?

- A new modern & modular capability on OBP with four dedicated microservices
- Delivers minute-by-minute national demand predictions and outturns
- Introduces flexible, scalable and advanced algorithms with real-time data to improve dispatch advice
- Future-ready to incorporate new data & machine learning



What does RTP replace?

Our current demand predictor algorithm:

- Designed for a power generation landscape without embedded generation and renewables.
- Uses a complex, inflexible algorithm.

A new demand predictor is essential to ensure scalability and adaptability.

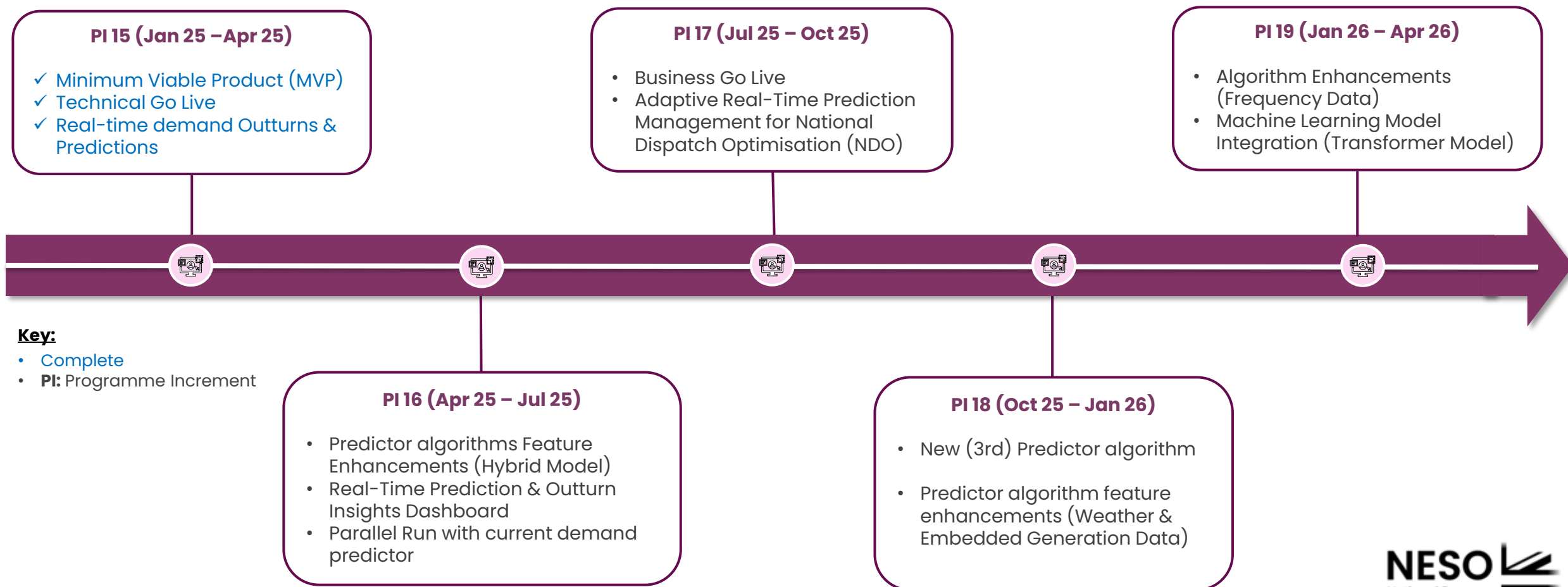


Benefits of RTP?

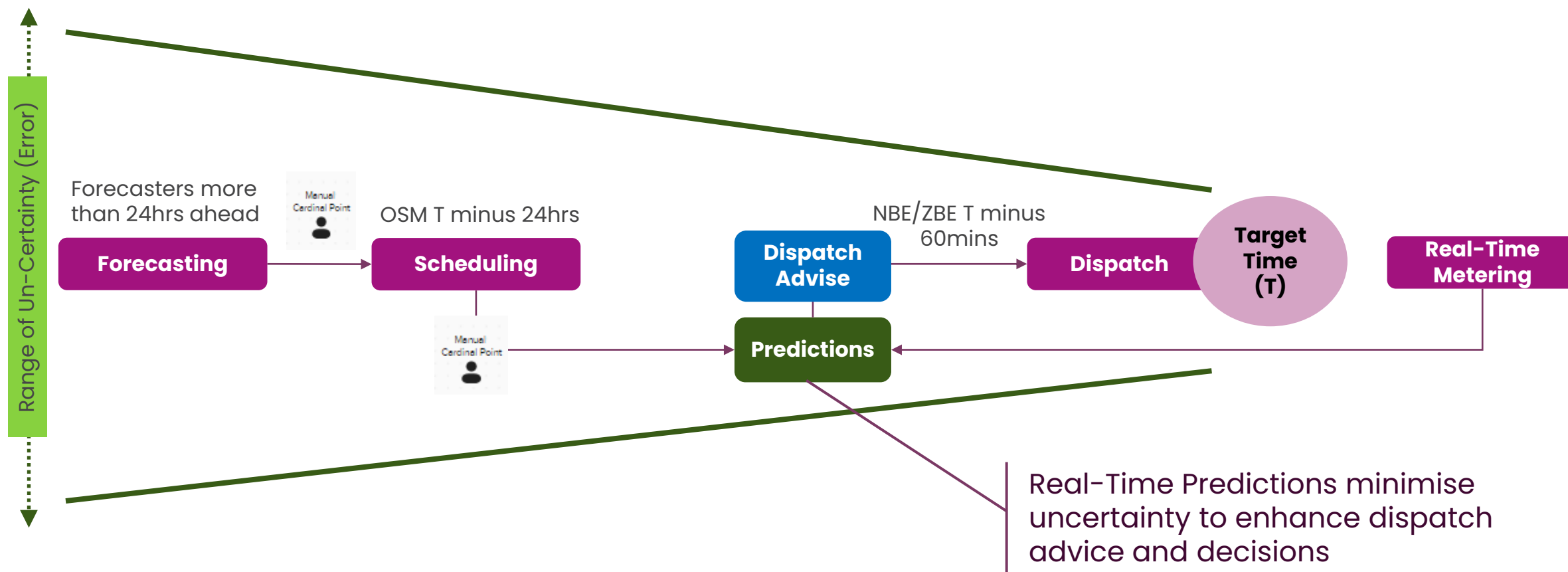
- To deliver consumer value (~£43m p.a.) through improved accuracy, process and user efficiency.
- Streamlined processes reduce repetitive manual data input and calculation efforts, leading to increased operational efficiency, and allowing more focus on strategic decisions to support dispatch improvements.

Real-Time Predictor Roadmap

What have we delivered & what is coming next?



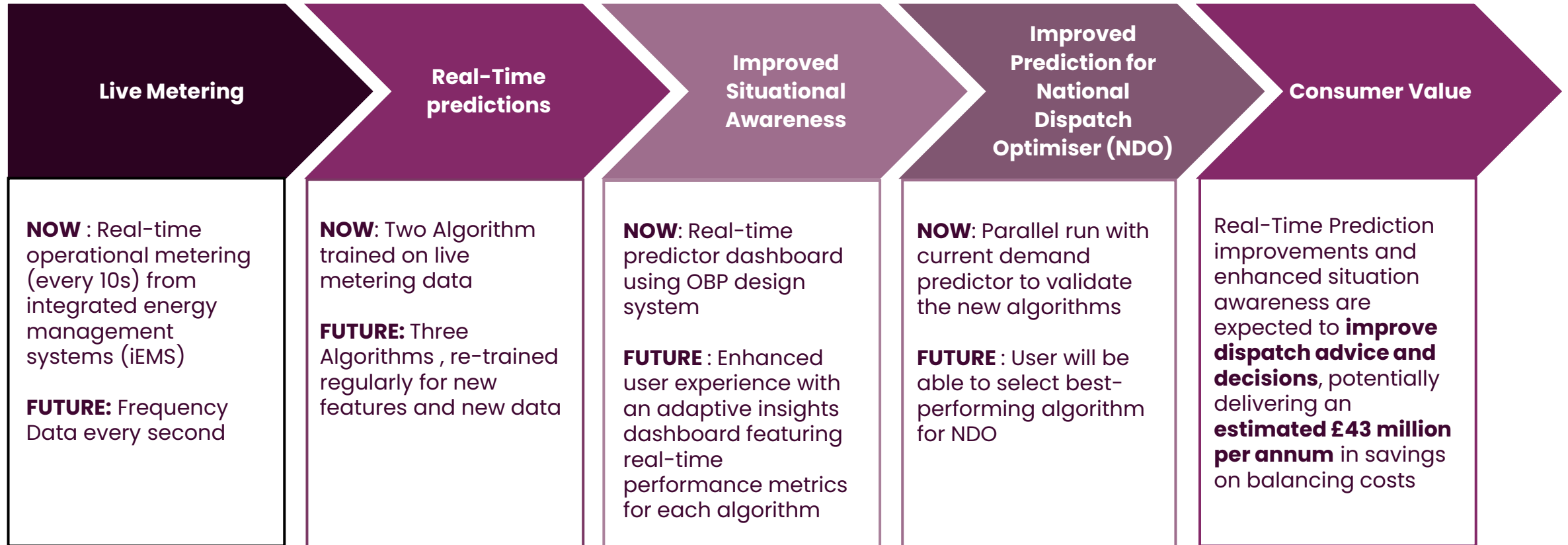
Real-Time Predictor Value Stream



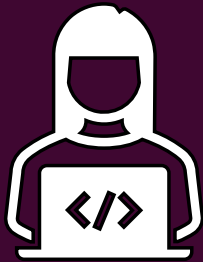
Abbreviations:

- **NBE:** National Balancing Engineer
- **ZBE:** Zonal Balancing Engineer
- **OSM:** Operational Strategy Manager

Real-Time Predictions Journey



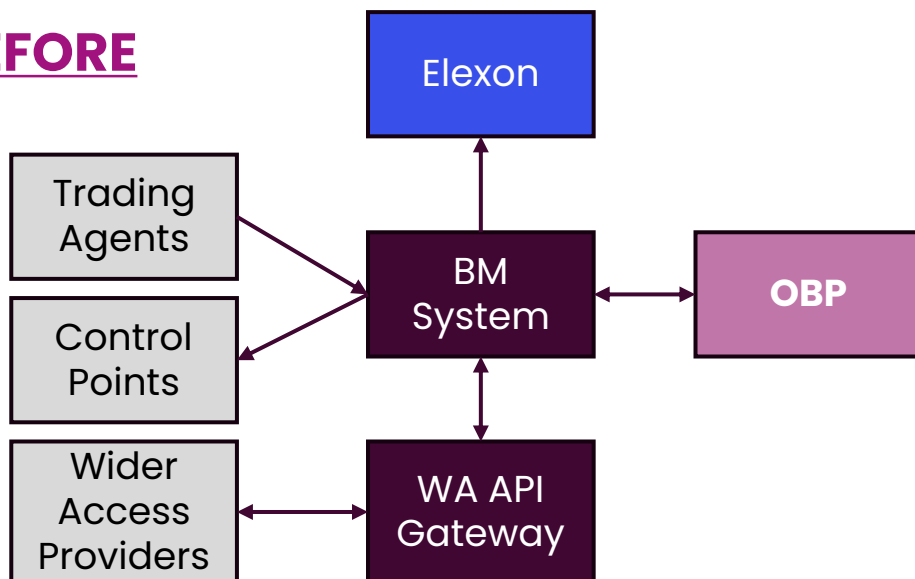
Digital Enabler Update



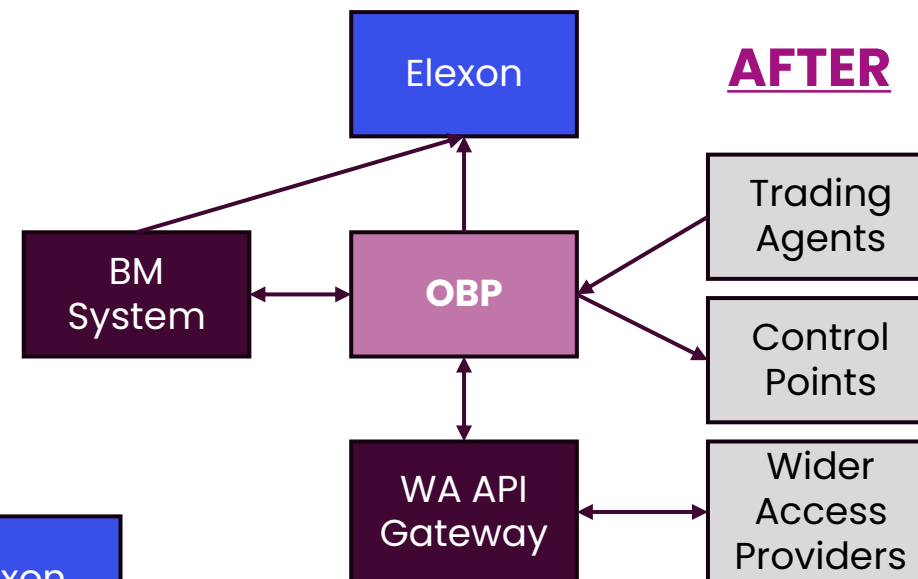
Nisha Bhamidimarri

EDT / EDL Transition

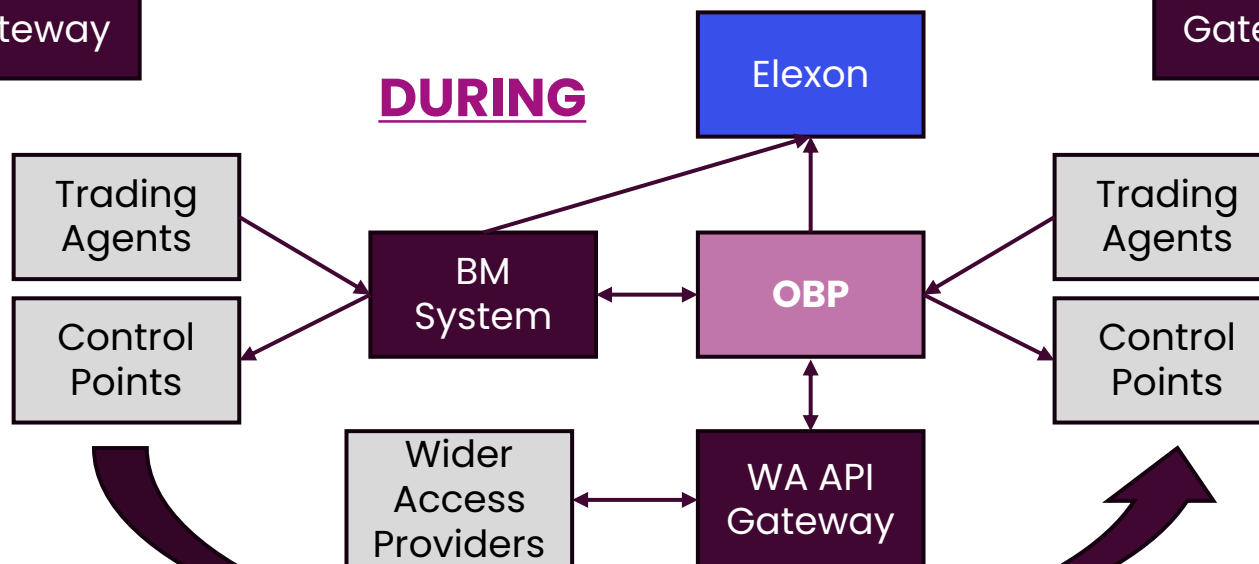
BEFORE



AFTER



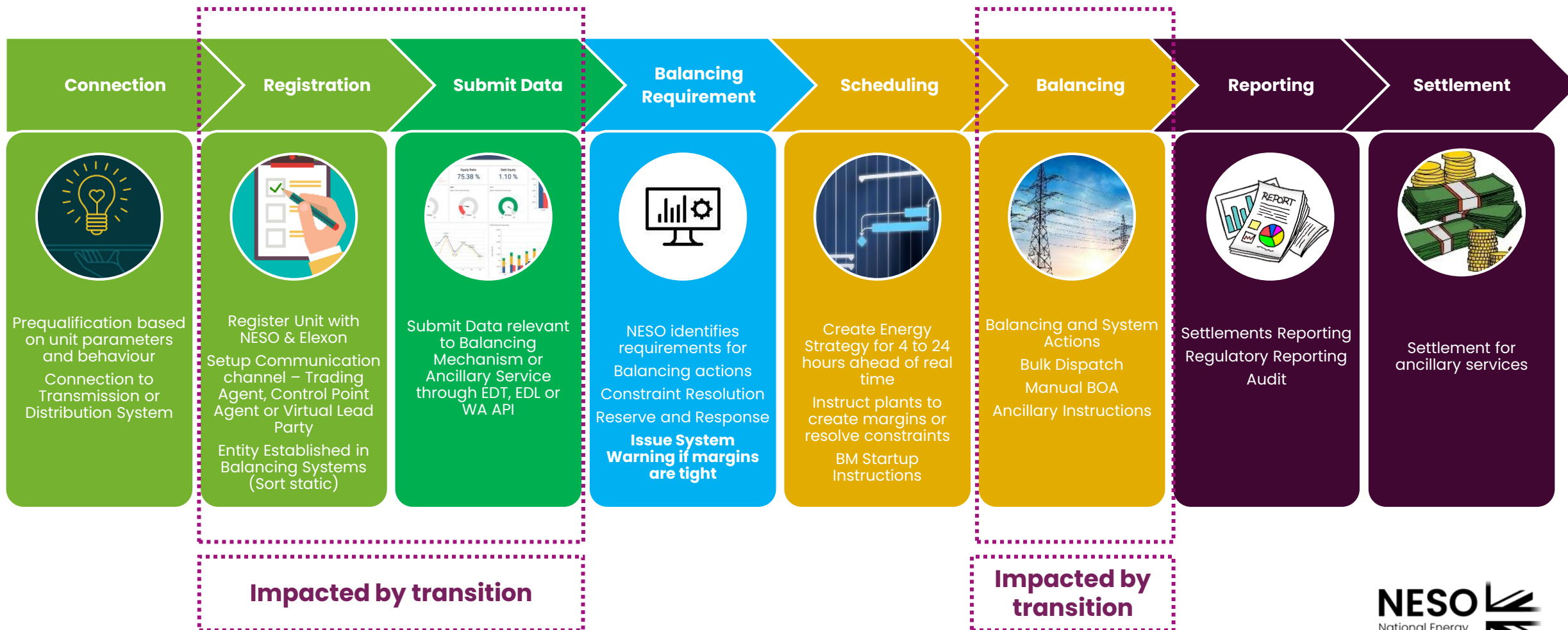
DURING



Abbreviations:

- **EDL:** Electronic Dispatch & Logging
- **EDT:** Electronic Data Transfer
- **WA API:** Wider Access API

Market Participant Journey – Balancing Mechanism Unit



Impact on Software Vendors & Market Participants

EDT Changes:

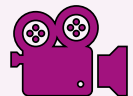
- A new Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)
- A different DNS server
- New IP addresses to be whitelisted
- A new security protocol for file transfer – FTPS; will no longer support FTP
- Updated credentials for login to new system

EDL Changes:

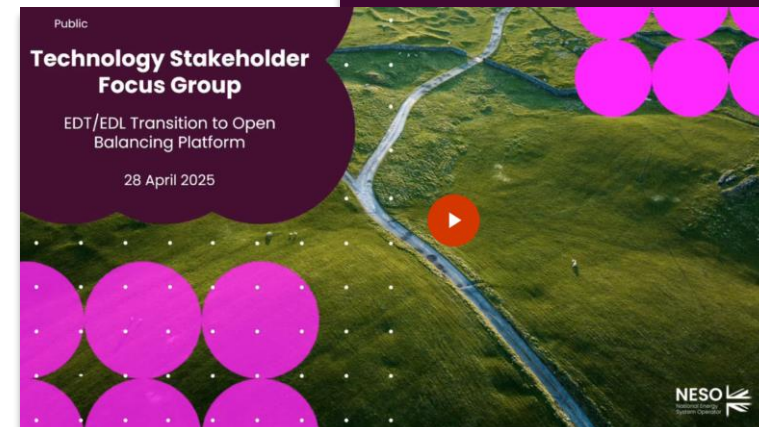
- Connection established from a different IP address compared to BM
- Same pool of IP addresses as EDT – may be a different IP address
- Change in pattern of outage

Guidance Document & Webinar:

- Details on transition phases
- Impact on Software Vendors and Market Participants
- Overview of testing Requirements

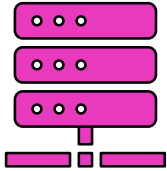


Access the Guide for Market Participants [here](#) & catch-up on the webinar [here](#).



EDT/EDL Transition Update

Where are we?



- Network design shaped
- Delivery work in progress
- Engaged with software providers & market participants re: readiness testing for the transition – We now have EDT / EDL contact details for just over 80% of BMUs.

Wider Access API (WAAPI)

WAAPI providers will **not be migrated** however the system will be repointed to connect to OBP.

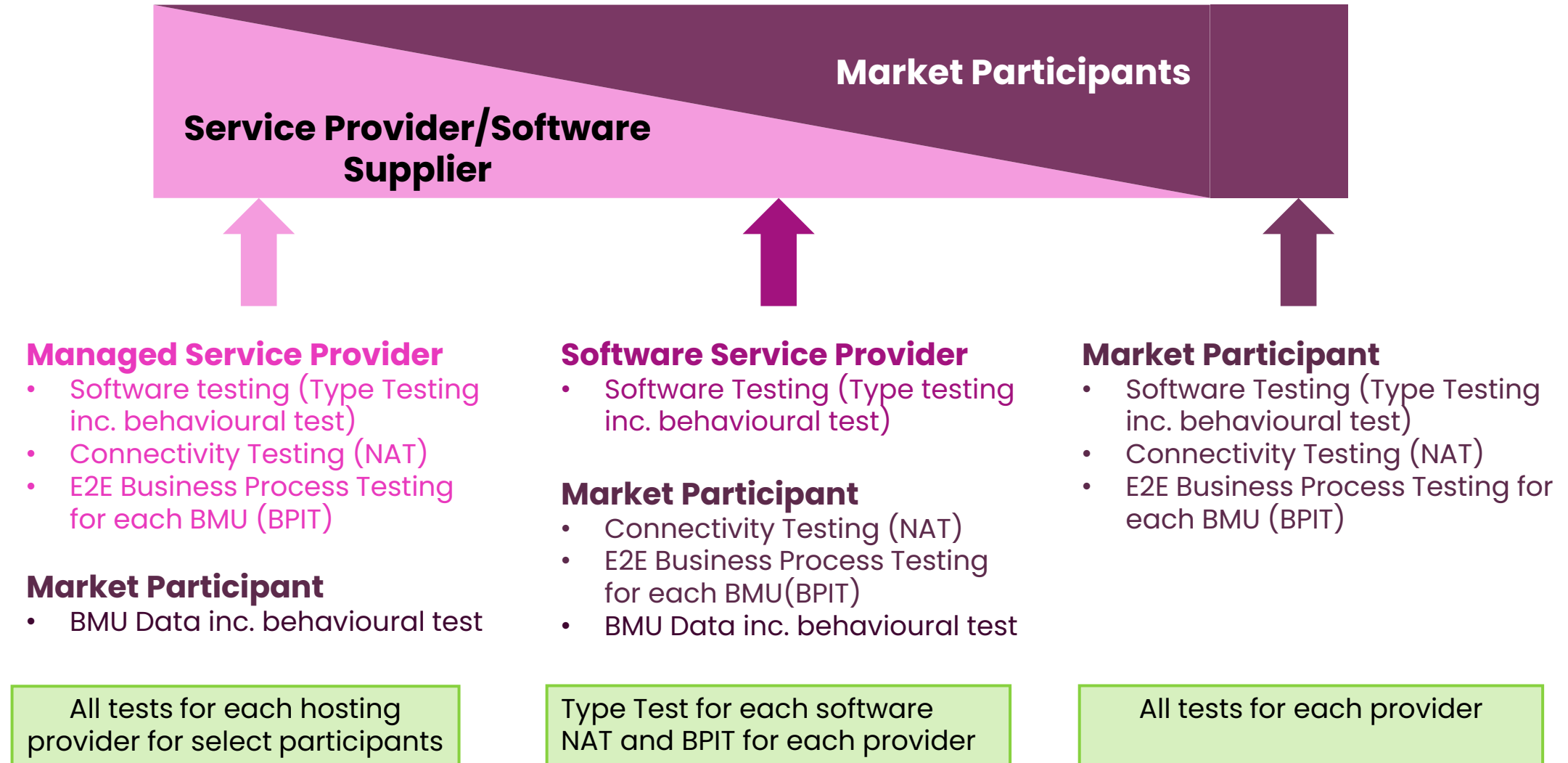
There will be a short outage to repoint the network connectivity. This will be towards the end of the transition.

What next?



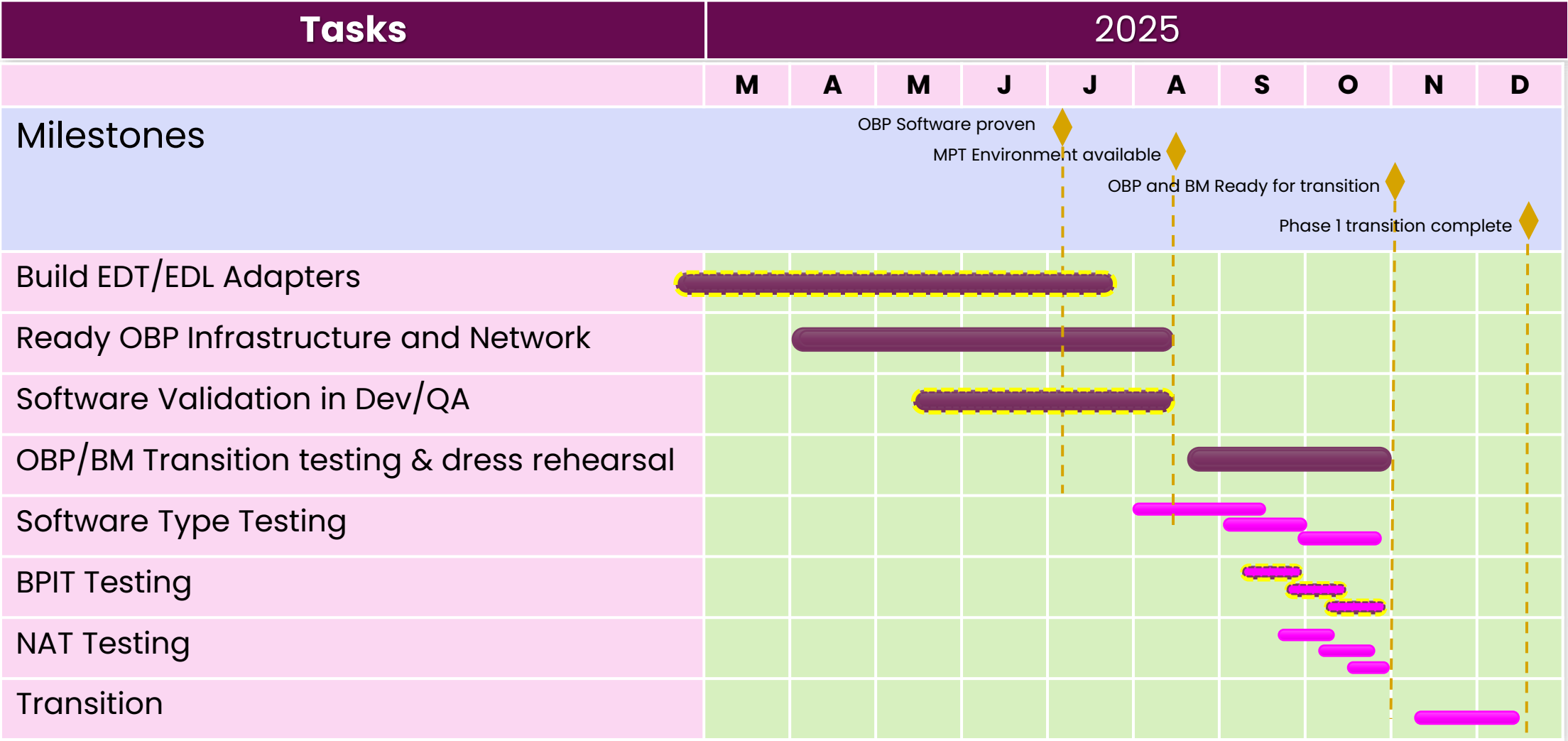
- Further communication & engagement
 - Follow-up with organisations we are yet to hear from re: EDT/EDL contact details (Jun – Jul 25)
 - Drop-in sessions / meetings with technical teams for MPs & SPs re: testing & transition (Jul – Aug 25)
- Internal pilot and Shadowing between BM & OBP by Jul 25
- Market Participant Environment readiness by Aug 25
- Market Participant & Software Supplier testing (Aug – Oct 25) – more details on the next slide!

Type of Testing with NESO





EDT/EDL plan on a page



EDT/EDL Transition

Start of Transition

BM Release to start transition
Planned Outage to market

Phased Approach

Each week we will transition TA
& CP in tranches

It will be Tuesday and Thursday

There will be a short outage for
the TA & CP doing the transition

Transition Complete

All TA & CPs transitioned from
BM to OBP for EDT/EDL
communications.

OBP is designed and operated
as a continuously available
system therefore participants
will benefit from reduced
planned outages of EDT/EDL

Transition to take place within **6-week window between October '25 and December '25**
to avoid registration delays & ensure continuity of operations.

New EDT/EDL connections or new BMUs will not be able to join the production
systems during this period.

NBM Dynamic Response & Slow Reserve Webinar



Date: 31.07.25

Time: 11:00 – 12:30

Location: Microsoft Teams

Sign-up Link: [*Technology Stakeholder Focus Group*](#)

Previous sessions covered the general NBM migration but were focused on NBM Quick Reserve – you can watch the session [here](#) & access the slide content [here](#).

This session will cover NBM Dynamic Response migration, and the new NBM Slow Reserve service – including timelines.



Scan me or use the link above to sign-up

NBM & OBP – Current Status

- **Quick Reserve** – Ongoing tracking for July Go Live.
- **Slow Reserve** – The EBR Article 18 industry consultation for Slow Reserve is currently live. NBM Slow Reserve is progressing in OBP with a target for September 2025 readiness.
- **Dynamic Response** – Building to migrate from separate BM and ASDP systems onto a single OBP platform.

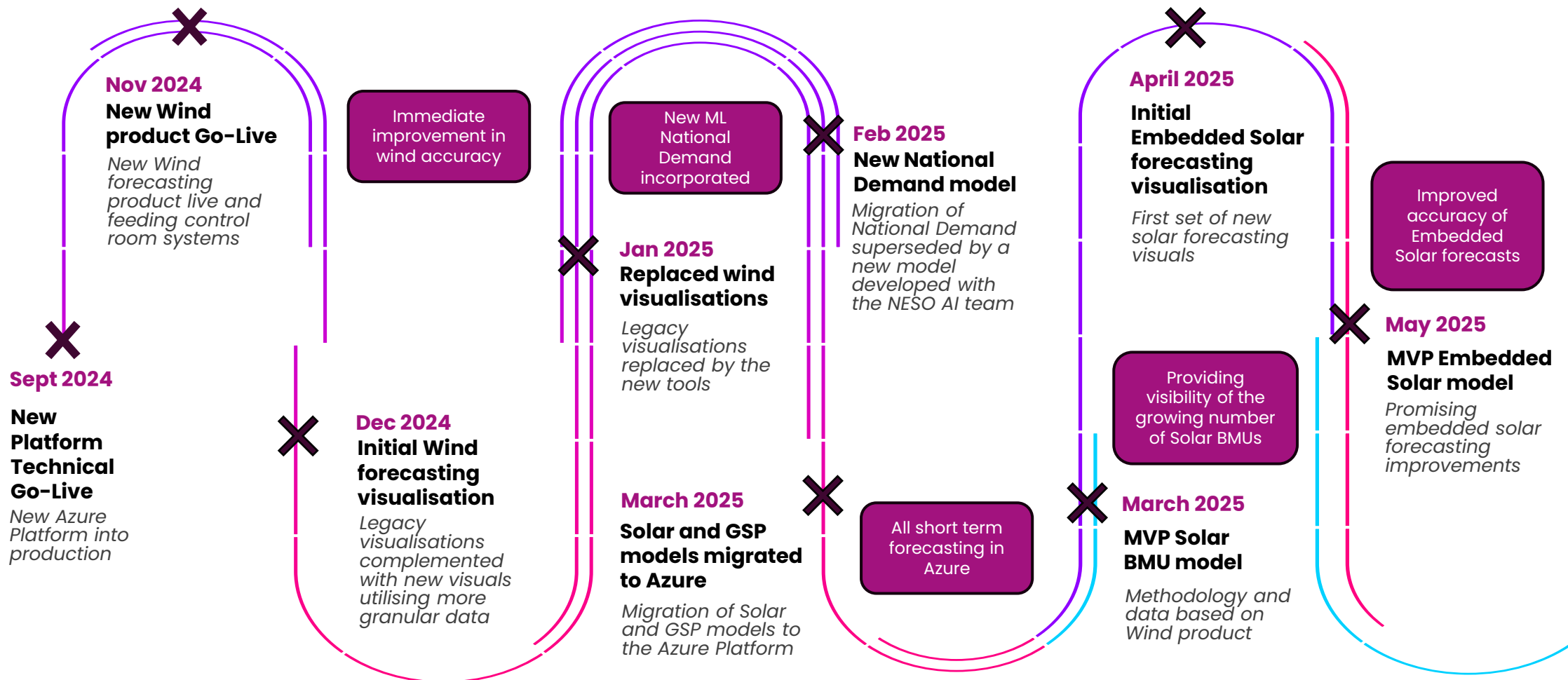
Integration and Migration to OBP

- NBM API v4 has been updated for NESO branding, the new Reserve services, and applies for NBM Quick Reserve, Slow Reserve and Dynamic Response.
- Integration will be via the new NESO data centre

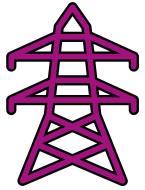
Forecasting Progress Update

Richard Sykes, Product Manager

A Recent History of the Platform for Energy Forecasting (PEF)

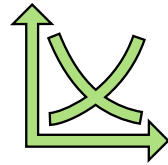


PEF to Deliver More During BP3 (FY25/26)



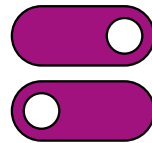
A focus on Reactive power forecasting supporting processes such as outage planning

- + Improve data for outage planning
- + Reducing balancing actions



Redevelopment of legacy Demand Forecasting Tool

- + Reducing manual activity
- + Better visualisation
- + Reducing human error



Replacement or removal of legacy End-User Developed applications with Azure tools

- + Eliminate reliance on unsupported processes
- + Integration with PEF platform and data



Enhanced control room situational awareness

- + Improved visualisations for better informed decisions



PowerBI and Azure reporting & analytic tools to support future improvements

- + Efficient analysis of forecasts and tools
- + Identifying future improvements through data



Incorporating additional datasets including market and consumer data

- + Increasing the accuracy by incorporating additional data points

Platform for Energy Forecasting (PEF) Roadmap

Q1 FY 25/26 (Apr 25–Jun 25)

Key Capabilities:

- Visuals and tools for the control room ²
- Solar BMU model and visualisations ¹
- Improved embedded Solar forecasts ¹
- Integrate Solar Nowcasting ¹
- **Renewable forecast control room situational awareness**

Key Enablers:

- Renewable generation forecasts decoupled from EFS ²
- GSP model audit ¹
- **Offline Prototype Demand Forecasting capability**

Q3 FY 25/26 (Oct 25–Dec 25)

Key Capabilities:

- Azure produces long term forecasts (demand) ²
- **Demand forecasting control room situational awareness**

Key Enablers:

- Integration with Network Access Planning tools for improved studies ²
- **MVP Reactive Power Forecasts**

Continuous model improvement

Q4 FY 24/25 (Jan 25–Mar 25)

Key Capabilities:

- ✓ Migration of Solar and GSP ² products onto the new platform
- ✓ Migration of an enhanced National Demand model onto the new platform. ²

Key Enablers:

- ✓ MVP Solar BMU model ¹

Q2 FY 25/26 (Jul 25–Sep 25)

Key Capabilities:

- Forecasting tools ²
- Regional demand forecasts shared with Elexon as part of Electricity System Restoration Standards (ESRS)
- **MVP Demand Forecasting**

Key Enablers:

- PEF migrated to NESO Azure tenancy

Q4 FY 25/26 (Jan 26–March 26)

Key Capabilities:

- Advanced Analytics data integration ²
- **Improved accuracy for Reactive power forecasting**
- **Redevelopment of Demand Forecasting Tools completed**
- **Replacement or removal of legacy End-User Developed applications (EUDAs) with Azure tools**
- **Enhanced control room situational awareness**
- **PowerBI and Azure reporting and analytic tools to support future improvements**
- **Incorporating additional datasets including market and consumer data**

Key Enablers:

- EFS system retirement strategy ²

¹ Delivered under "Continuous model improvement",
² Work enabling EFS retirement,
Bold – New BP3
 • Complete

Our Decommissioning Progress Increases Data Quality

Bypassing legacy tools from the current process, instead sharing data directly from PEF, improving the quality consumed via Data Portal



Is there specific forecast data on data portal where an increase in frequency & granularity would be a game changer?

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Development of NESO Forecasting Strategy & PEF Delivery Plan

- Two interactive stakeholder sessions held during May and June 2025
- Feedback on Forecasting needs and the strategy required beyond 2025

Public

What we heard re: Future Energy Consumption Influences

Collectively we identified a significant number of drivers of uncertainty, which may influence energy consumption both now & in the future, posing forecasting challenges we need to effectively manage

Regulatory, Economic, & Natural Environment	Consumer Behaviour & Engagement	Technological Developments
- Weather changes (Global warming) - REMA (Review of Electricity Market Arrangements) – potential to influence how systems operate and how distributed generation is sized - Incentives reshaping how demand is managed and responded to inc. demand-side incentives - Economic outlook - Cross-border complexity – Increasing difficulty in managing international energy flows & extra regional load from European consumption is affecting interconnectors.	- Workforce or consumer behaviour - Retail incentives inc. Time of Use tariffs - Demand-side flexibility - Consumer behaviour clustering around half-hourly settlement boundaries - Behind-the-meter demand aggregator challenges - Growth/decline of certain industries e.g., data centre growth - Appetite for self-generation & consumption - Cost of living	- Growth and evolution of established technologies (Energy, Storage, Heat Pumps & EVs, Smart appliances etc.) e.g., EV batteries increasing in size, reducing charging frequency – more variability in when and where charging occurs. - Emerging technologies - Increased volumes of Distributed Energy Resources - Active network management

14

Public

Strategy Goals: What We Heard From You

Need for Improved Transparency - Don't just expand internal capability to ingest inputs - Feeling that NESO publishes some forecasts but uses others internally, which can make NESO decision-making opaque and confusing - Want for inputs that flow into the ENCC to flow to publication channels – all working on the same understanding - Better understanding of the forecasting models used - Transparency re: what sites are metered vs. not metered - Require operationally metered wind farms to provide actual wind speed data - More solar sites to be metered - NESO to lead in publishing demand forecasts	Additional Data Publication Requirements - Publish regional forecasts and actuals, not just national – locational awareness is important. - Publish interconnector forecasts - Real-time & frequent publication - Need for data from Distribution Network Operators (DNOs) to support improved understanding of evolving picture of embedded generation / distributed resources - Need for improved outage & constraint data - Need for accurate predictions of growing and shifting load profiles, especially with Time-of-Use tariffs - Improving accuracy using combined models (e.g., GFS from Windy.com with NEMS-GFS), especially for cyclonic systems - Behind-the-meter storage volumes / usage - Account for increased variability due to consumer trends and behaviour
Space for Innovation Create an environment of innovation for NESO data scientists & remove barriers preventing this.	Long-Term Thinking Need for longer-term thinking as part of the forecasting strategy & roadmap development



Recordings of the sessions, slide content, and Industry insights are available [here](#).

Public

#BPJUNE25

Break

10:40 – 10:55

Public

Breakout Sessions

- OBP demo – **Thames Room**
- Innovation projects & the Reveal trials platform – **Canterbury Room**
- Improving the management of constraints with OBP – **Watergate Room**

#BPJUNE25

Improving the management of constraints with OBP

Manos Loukarakis, Optimisation Manager
Ayumu Suzuki, Product Manager

NESO's Strategic Approach to Constraint Management

Legend

--- IN PROGRESS

— EXISTING

TOPIC FOR TODAY

Short-term
(now – 2027)

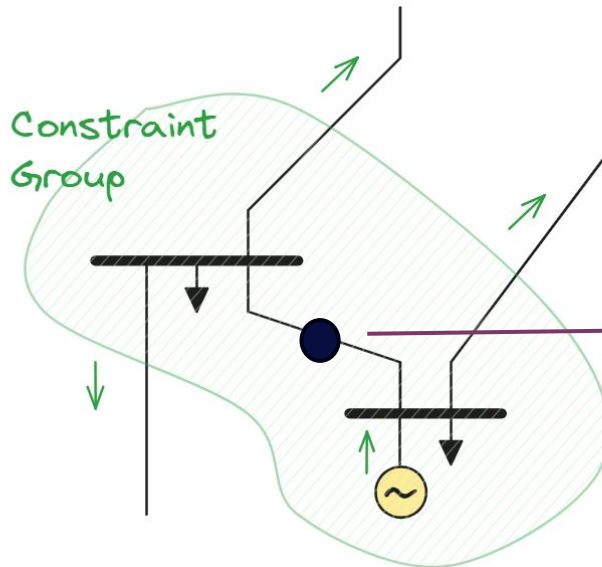
Medium-term
(2028–2030)

Long-term solutions
(2030+)

Solutions		Other Solutions
Market	Technical	
Work on enabling access to our markets for demand-side flexibility CCP outcome: continue to develop Demand for Constraints CCP outcome: Focus on existing short-term CMM for non-BMUs (e.g., locational/bi-directional DFS) Megawatt Dispatch enabling flexible Dx connections	System changes through OBP to better manage/optmise the use of assets behind a constraint Continue with CMIS expansion, 300MW derogation, operational metering review Develop our battery storage strategy, inc. reducing skip rates Outage optimisation, including Transmission Acceleration CCP outcome: Investigate technical options relating to Intertrip CCP outcome: Boundary flow smoothing innovation project	P462 code mod would remove distortion of support mechanisms from bids in BM to reduce consumer costs CMP 440 would reinstate locational signal for strategic demand, incentivising them to site in constrained areas
Clear route to market for anything unable to access our core markets BM improvements to allow more flexibility assets to participate in the BM	Regional Development Programmes	Reformed connections process prioritising assets which help with operability SSEP and CSNP to provide strategic direction for system infrastructure and needs
Wholesale market reform to reduce the volume and costs of constraints	Network build-out to connect more remote generation with demand	

About Group Constraints

(1) Includes consideration of
... thermal network limits
... voltage stability
... transient stability



Group :: A part of the network, a collection of nodes and associated BMUs

Transfer :: Total power flow out across all circuits in the constraint group

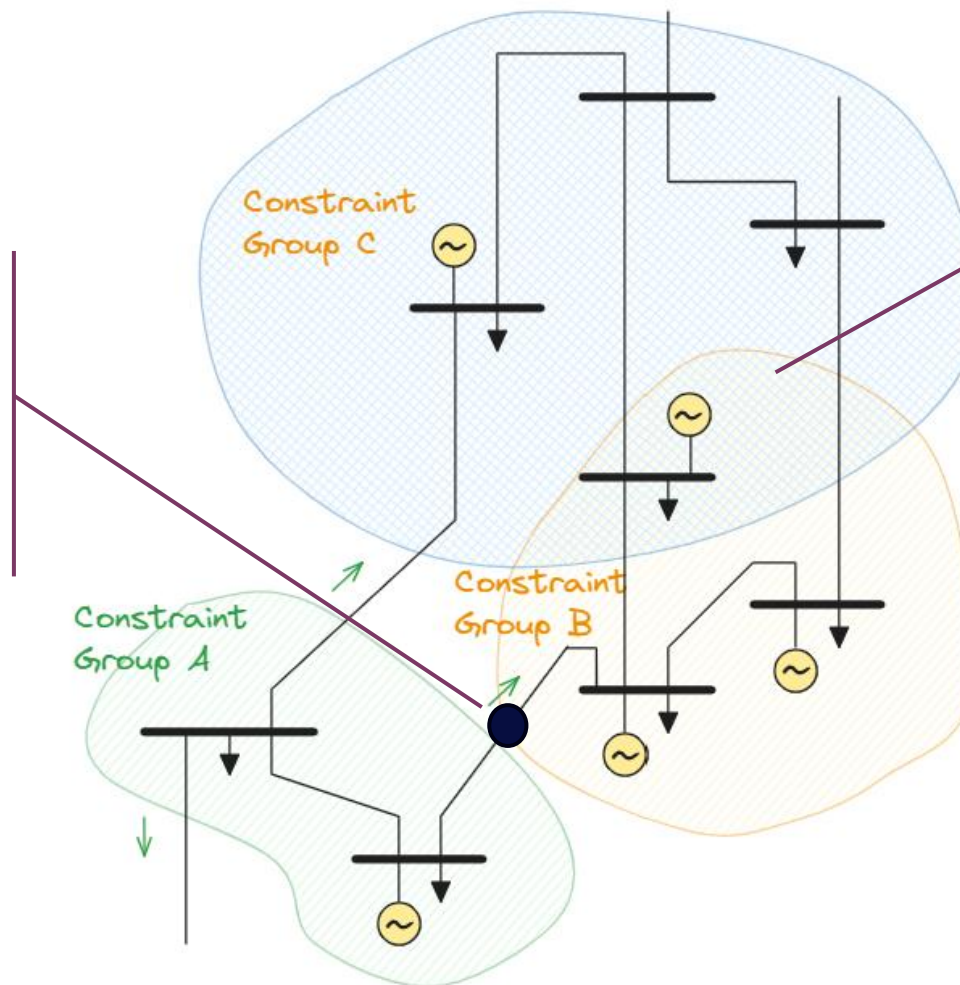
Limit :: The maximum/minimum transfer allowed

Group demand :: The sum of demand across all nodes / Grid Supply Points (GSPs) included in the group

(2) The limit does not necessarily match technical characteristics of any of the underlying network components – it is the total transfer observed when the network is sufficiently loaded for something to “break”

Complexities Around Constraints

(1) Constraint limits are conditional on underlying system state and closely coupled together – e.g., an import limit in one group can be an export limit for another



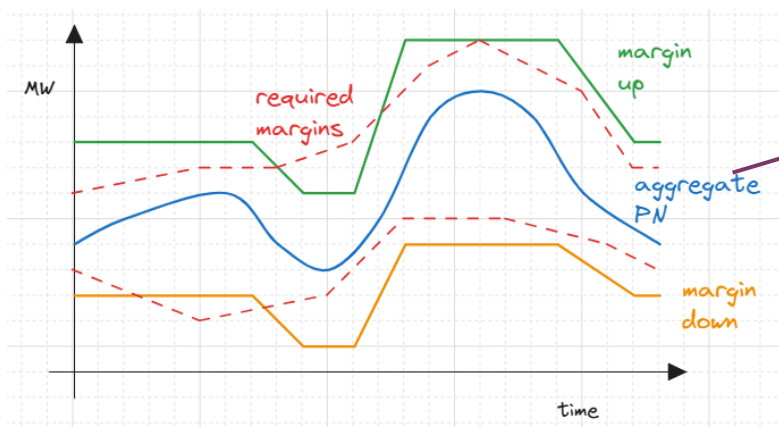
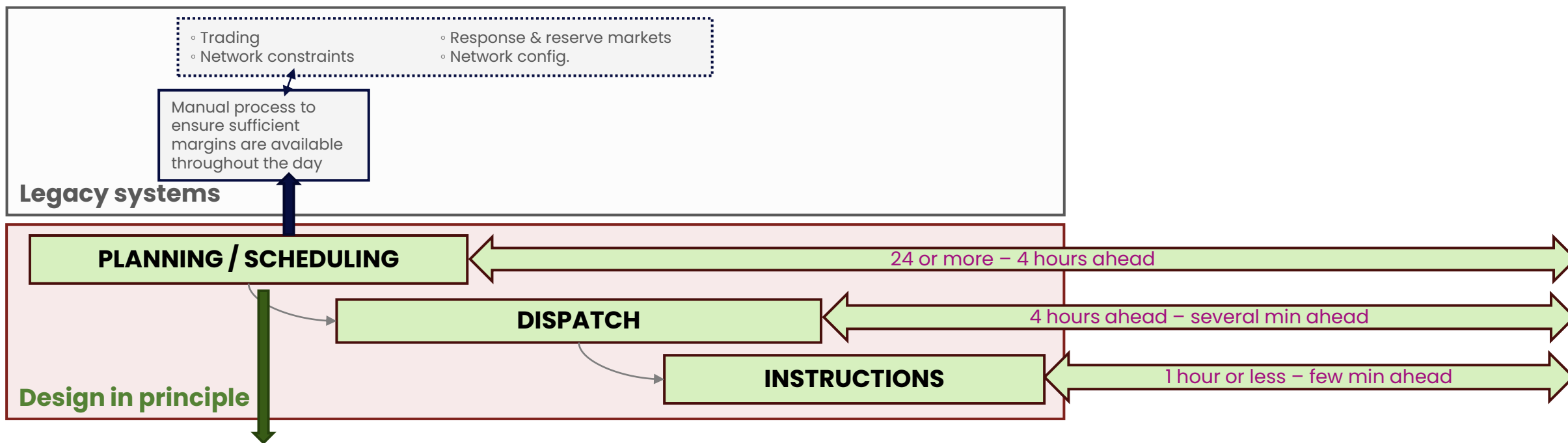
(2) Units can belong to more than one group constraint – this can complicate the solution

Constraints involve multiple processes

- derivation methodology
- resolving over different time-frames
- interactions between derivation and resolution processes

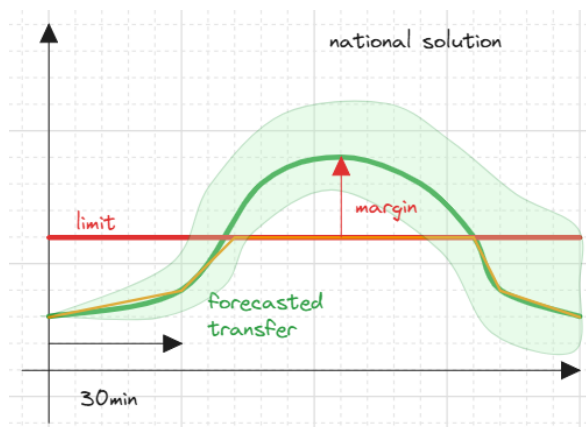
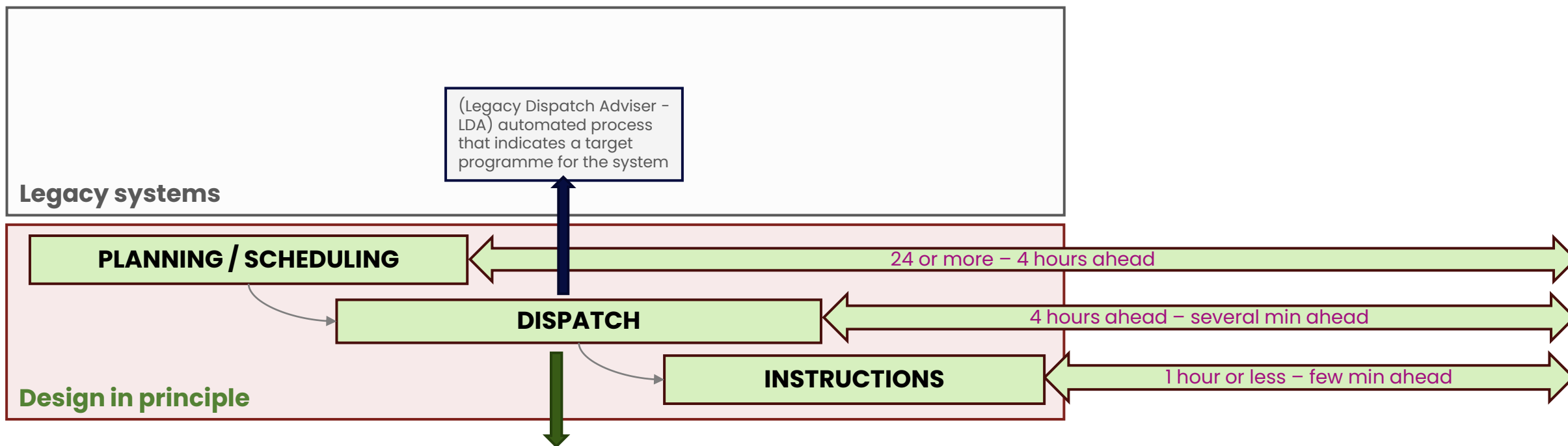
... and improvements may be possible across any of the above

How Constraints Work – Scheduling



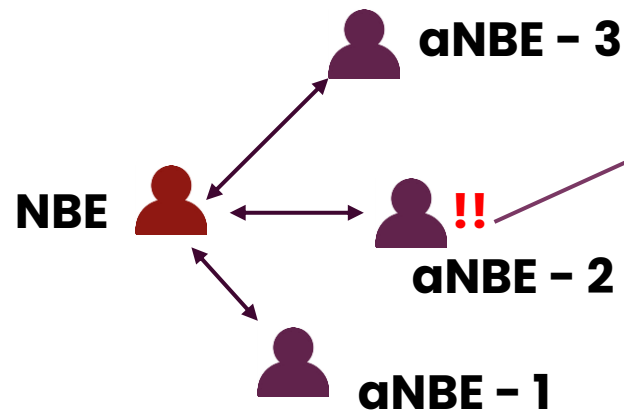
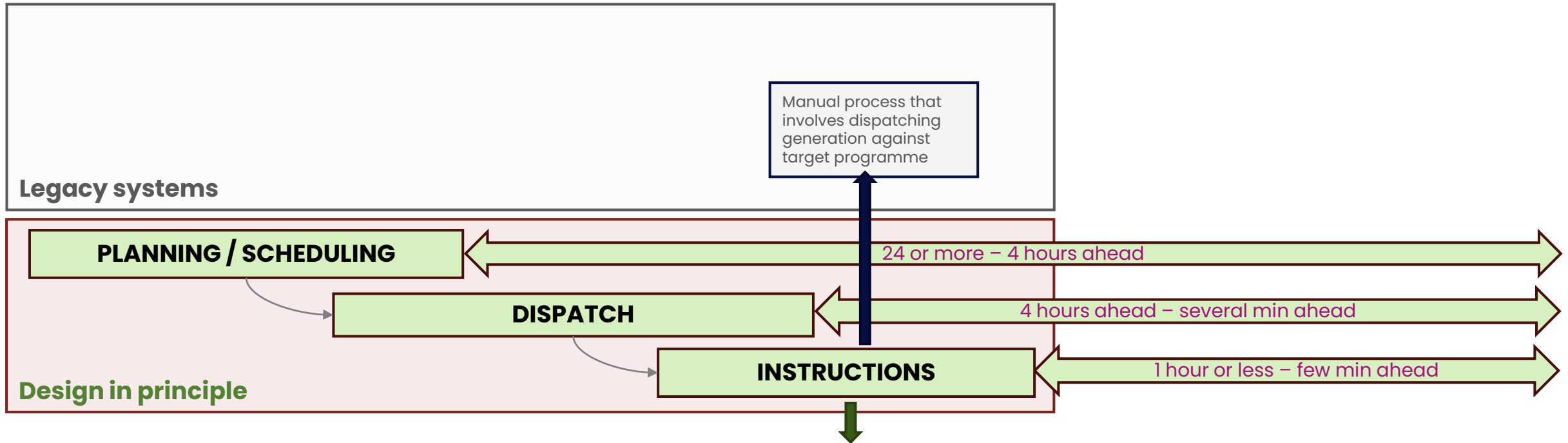
- Core part of the process -> margin analysis (at system and group constraint level)
- If issues with a constraint are identified a more detailed review of the constraint limit
 - ... constraint calculation assumptions
 - ... network reconfiguration
 - ... inter-trips
 - ▶ Planned events (sync/dsyncs adjustments, potential trades)
 - ▶ Contingency plans (including around group constraints)

How Constraints Work – Dispatch



- Given planned events, solve energy balancing subject to group constraints
- Solution identifies units which are moved because of constraints
- Issues identified but no instructions directly sent from dispatch solution

How Constraints Work – Instructions



Abbreviations:

- **aNBE:** Assistant National Balancing Engineer
- **NBE:** National Balancing Engineer

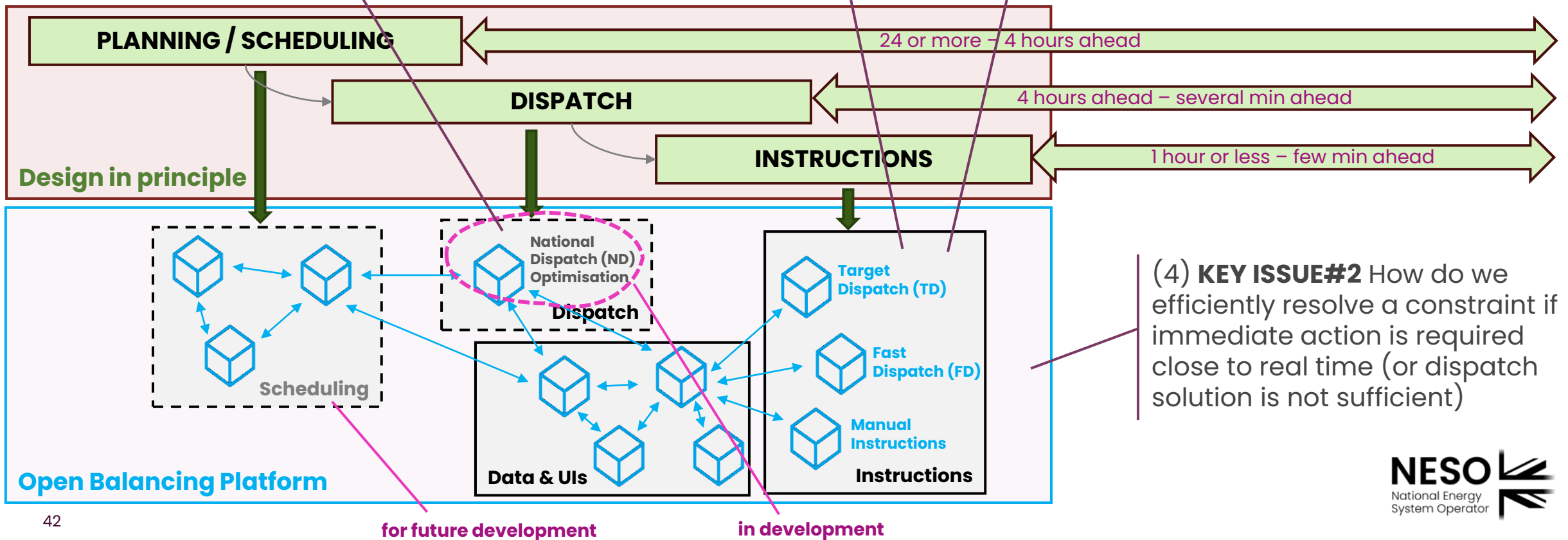
- Each aNBE responsible for several group constraints but can dispatch only within specific ZONES
- Coordination between NBE and aNBE required to dispatch across different zones required
- Constraints are resolved first (and tagged as system actions), balancing closer to real time
- Control room engineers will check any unit before dispatching, if it breaches a constraint

Constraint Management on OBP

(1) We are not looking to change the process up to dispatch just yet

(2) **KEY ISSUE#1** How we ensure when dispatching for energy balancing (especially in SMALL/BATTERY), that we don't breach a constraint

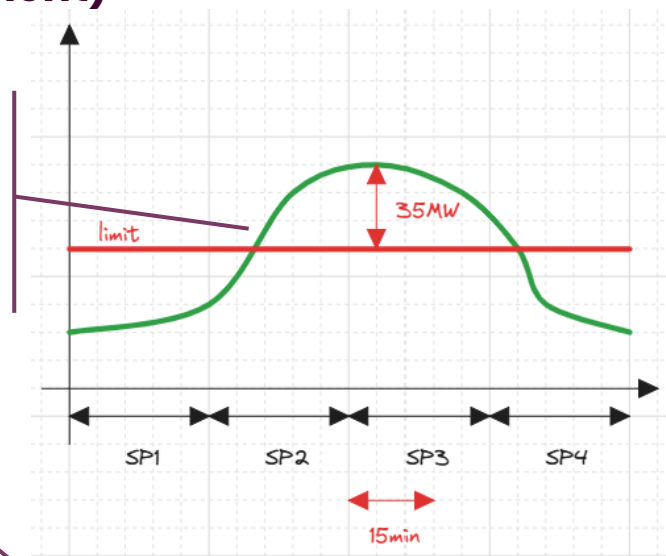
(3) A simple initial approach was to apply "restrictions" to unit movements if they were within a constraint – but we can do better



An Improved Restrictions Logic (ISSUE#1)

(ROADMAP: Constraint management)

(1) 15min intervals are defined (to strike a balance between volume of generated restrictions and accuracy of analysis)



(2) Units within a constraint are selected and ranked according to price

(3) Those with total cumulative Bid Offer Data (BOD) MW below the margin are freely re-dispatched

BMU	£/MWh	MW	$\Sigma(\text{MW})$
#5	170	10	50
#4	140	10	40
#3	125	10	30
#2	120	10	20
#1	100	10	10

(4) The ranking is based on the lowest priced BOD for the unit at 15min intervals – manual intervention on restrictions may be occasionally needed

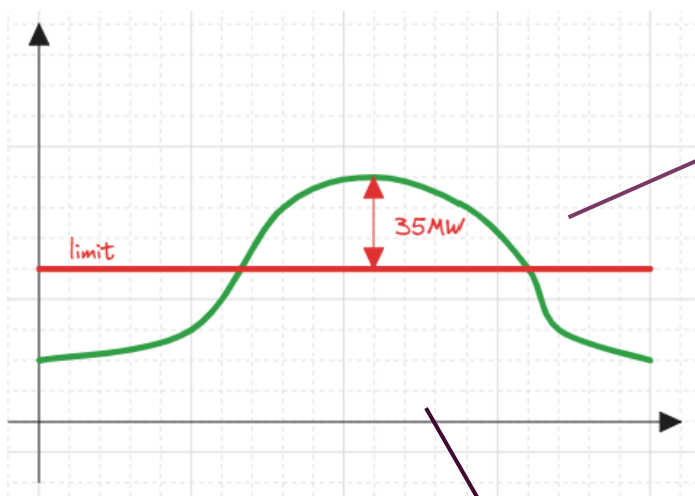
(5) Unit characteristics are not factored in – an unrestricted unit might not have been appropriate to use anyway due to e.g. its minimum up/down times

This initial approach

... enables getting closer to limits,
... reduces workload for control room engineers, allowing for more time to identify best possible solution for balancing.

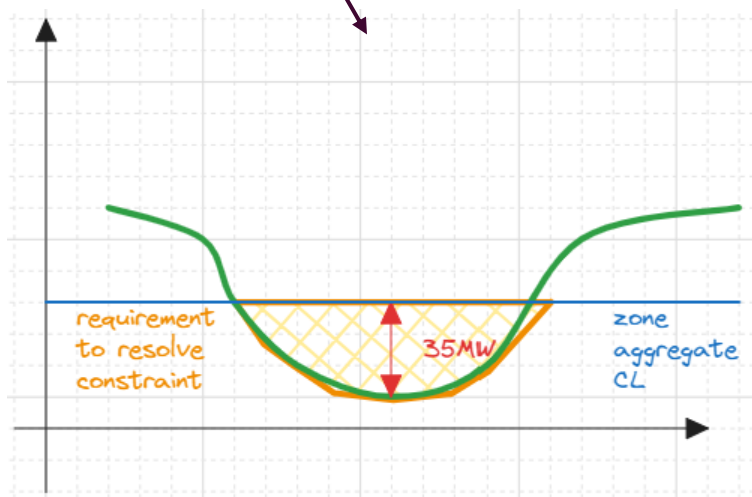
Resolving a Constraint

(ROADMAP: Optimisation within a constraint)



(1) How do we dispatch at least cost, to resolve a constraint?

This is about applying target/fast dispatch (FD/TD) for a collection of units within a constraint



Abbreviations:

- **FD:** Fast Dispatch
- **TD:** Target Dispatch

(2) KEY CHALLENGES

- Problem scale & performance
- Solving for wind
- Solving for large BMUs
- Solving for pumped storage

A. Set requirement against constraint limit/margin

B. Select set of BMUs involved in the constraint

C. FD/TD for solution

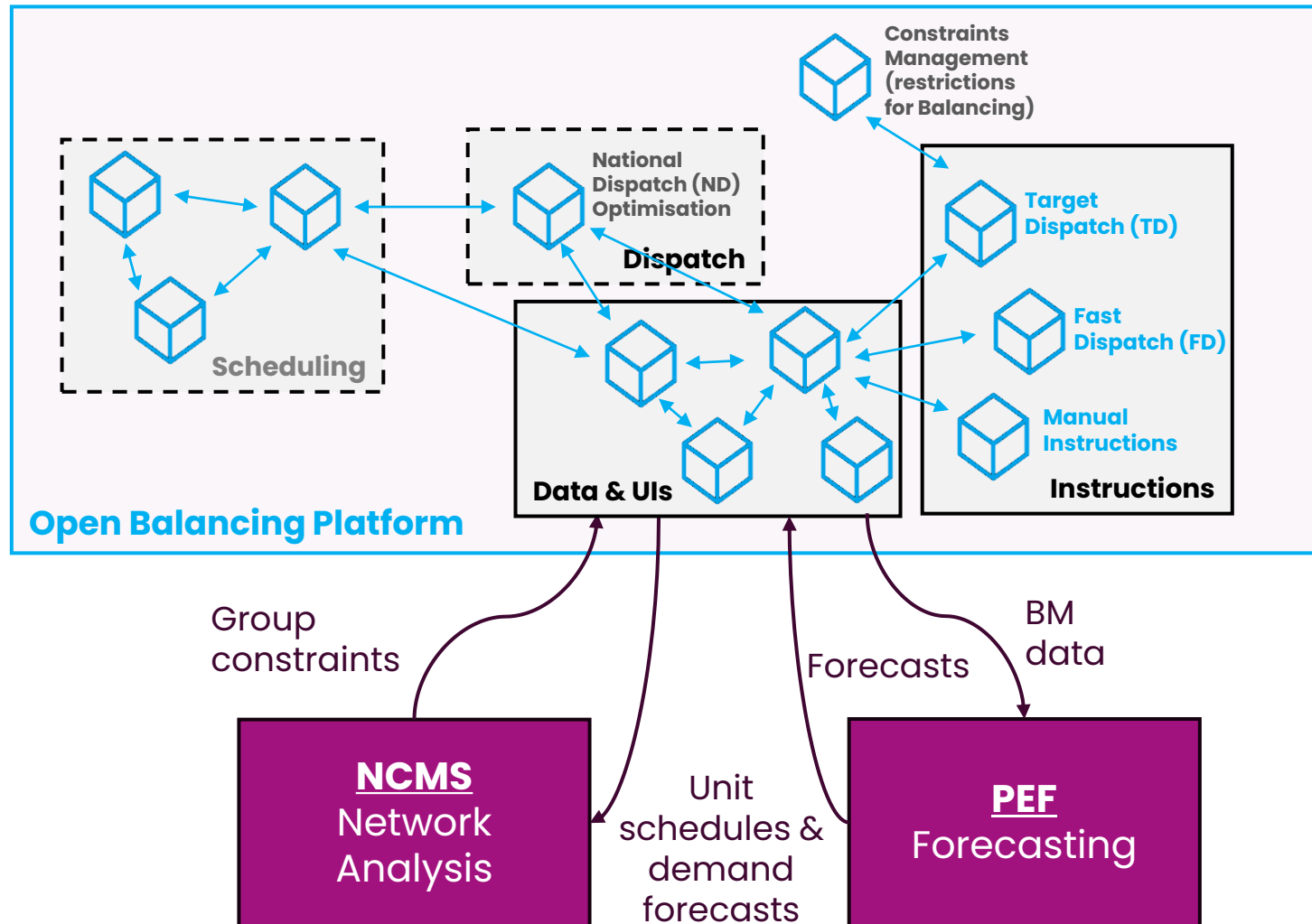
D. Process to dispatch according to area of responsibility

Enabling an automated approach can be expected to:

... reduce costs by utilising more effectively SMALL/BATTERY BMUs for resolving constraints
... while handling more complex unit characteristics,
... and reduce control room workload

NCMS Interactions

(ROADMAP: Interface to NCMS for constraints)



NCMS (Network Constraint Management System)

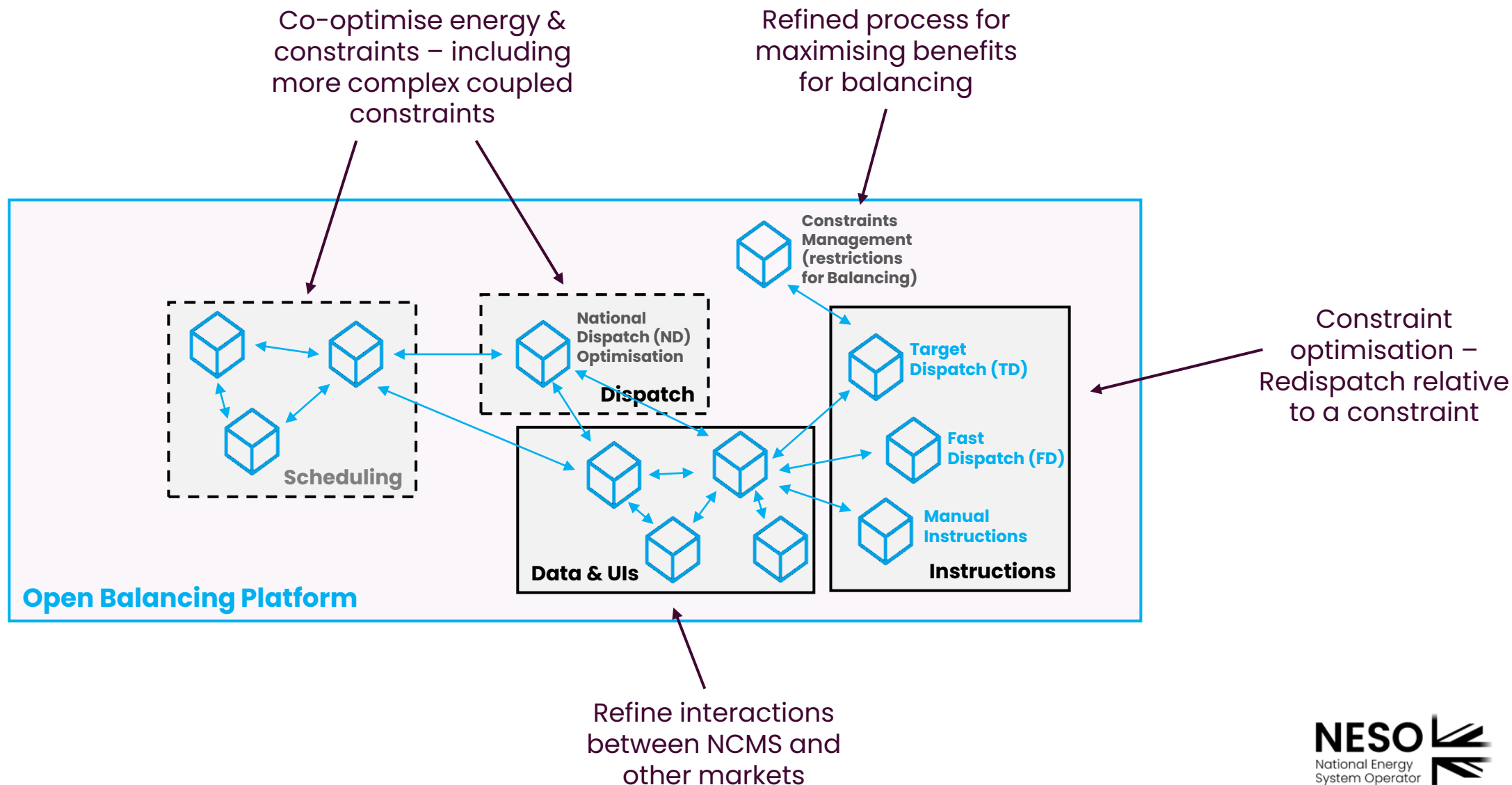
A new platform for network analysis over time, providing improvements upon our current systems.

Upcoming plans

- ..1 Initially establish data exchange
- ..2 refine process around data exchange
- ..3 improve upon constraints modelling (e.g., using power flow sensitivities)

This integration will leverage capabilities on these new platforms to enable **further automation and dispatch closer to limits.**

In summary...



Context: Network Services (Pathfinder) Schemes

	Constraints	Stability	Voltage
Helps provide...	Arming for intertrip, to manage constraints	Inertia and short-circuit level	Reactive power, to manage grid voltage
Existing contracts	B6 (Scotland) EC5 Interim (East Anglia)	Phases 1, 2 & 3	Voltage Pennines Voltage Mersey
New contracts	EC5 Enduring (East Anglia, go-live Jul 26)	Y-1 (go-live Oct 25)	Voltage 2026 (first unit go-live Oct 25)



Benefits: Network Services schemes have delivered approximately £324m in savings across BP2 (Apr 23 – Mar 25); for further details click [here](#).



Future: New contracts in pipeline to enable economical & secure operations, and additional market opportunities.

Enabling Network Services in OBP

(OBP ROADMAP: Constraints & Stability Pathfinder)

Deliverable includes the transition of existing functionality from BM systems to OBP, and additional enhancements.

	Contracts	Decision Making	Constraint limit for National Dispatch Optimiser (NDO)
AS-IS	Low volume, simple payment structure	Independent decision making for each problem	Single fixed MW
TO-BE (Oct – Dec 25 In OBP)	New payment structure (Stability Y-1) • Addition of new 'utilisation fee' – previously only availability fee	Stab. Y-1 & Constraint • Anticipated improvements in contract use • Awareness to support economical decision making	
ASPIRATIONAL	High volume, new contracts	New tools to support new contracts, with holistic approach	Dynamic, depending on network services actions taken

Innovation Projects & the Reveal Trials Platform

Ronan Jamieson, Operational Manager

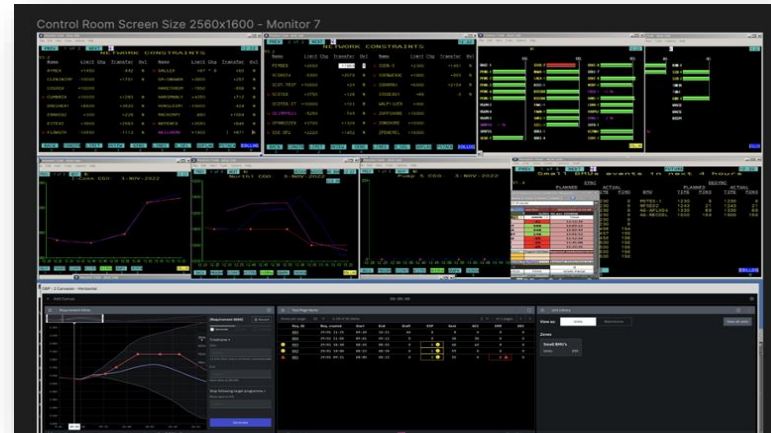
Tom Watts, Senior Energy Balancing Specialist

The Volta Programme

The Volta programme is focused on utilising machine learning (ML) and AI in the control room to:

Optimise forecasting & dispatch decisions, by leveraging cutting edge digital techniques

The aim is ultimately to reduce balancing mechanism costs & help achieve a net zero electricity grid.

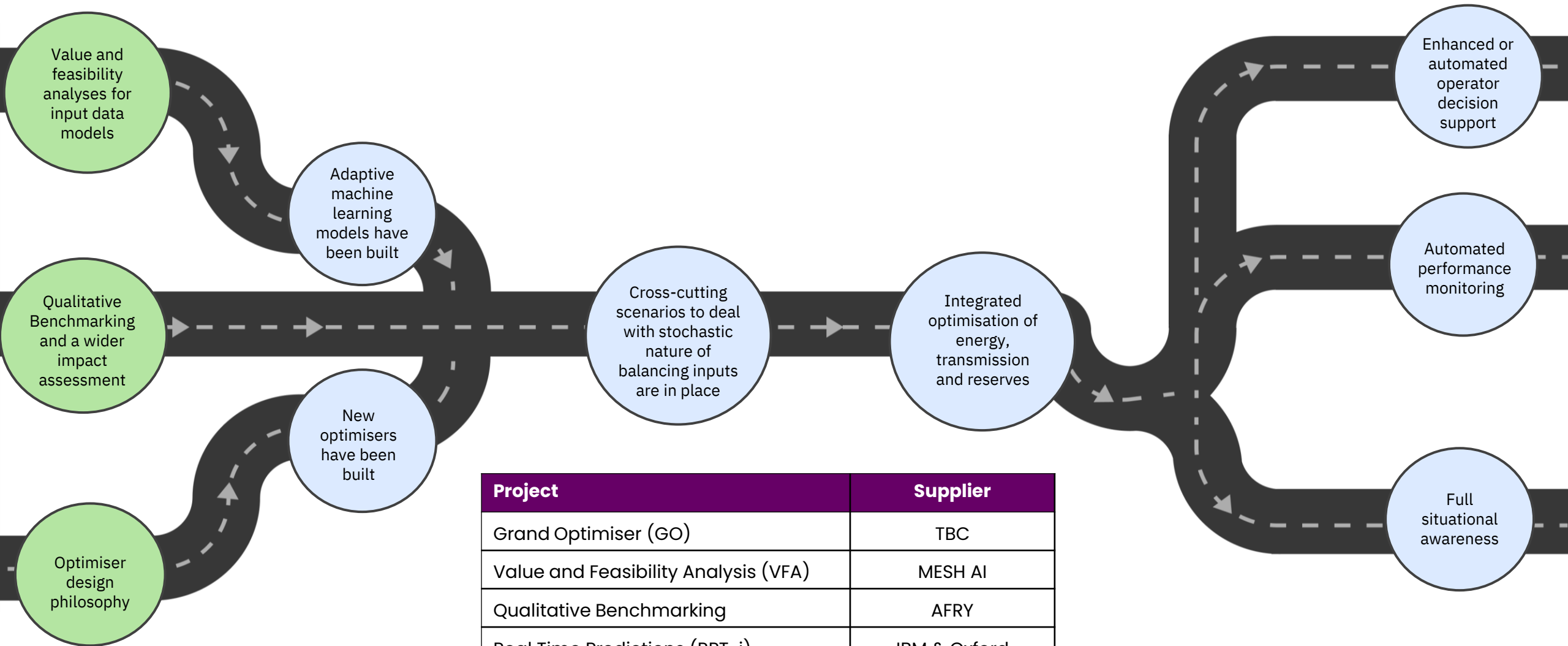


4 Year programme
36 Defined projects / activities

- ✓ **Automated**
- ✓ **Integrated**
- ✓ **Probabilistic**

Further information on Volta Projects can be found [here](#).
Get involved with NESO innovation [here](#).

The VOLTA Roadmap

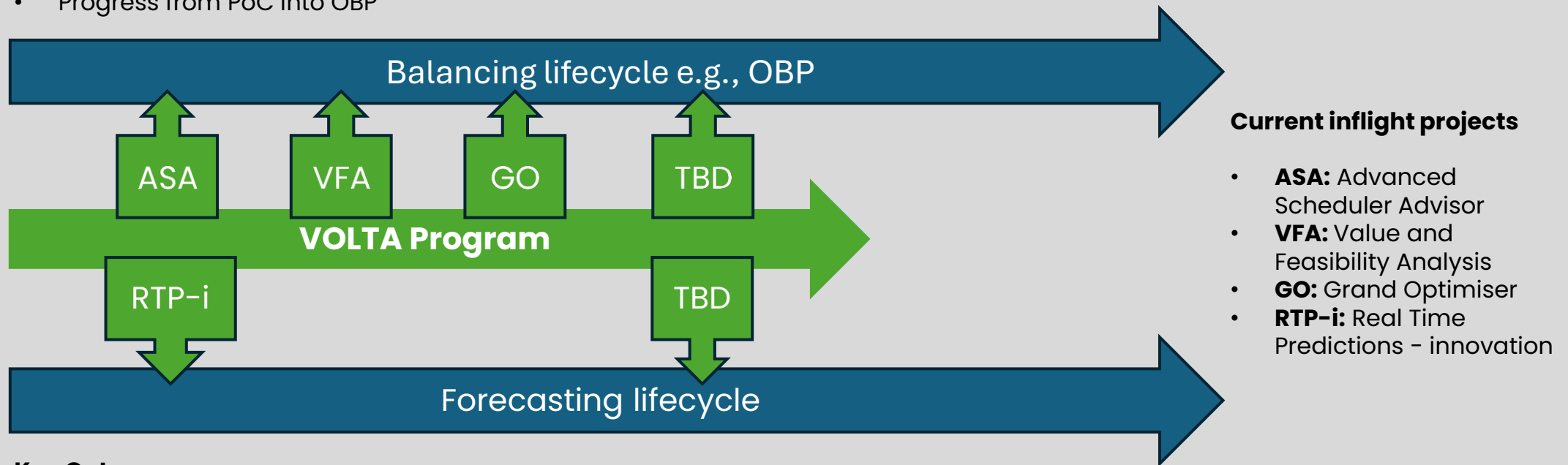


Project	Supplier
Grand Optimiser (GO)	TBC
Value and Feasibility Analysis (VFA)	MESH AI
Qualitative Benchmarking	AFRY
Real Time Predictions (RPT-i)	IBM & Oxford
Advanced Scheduling Advisor (ASA)	Faculty AI
Validation and Verification	Smiths Inst

The Balancing Programme and VOLTA

Approach:

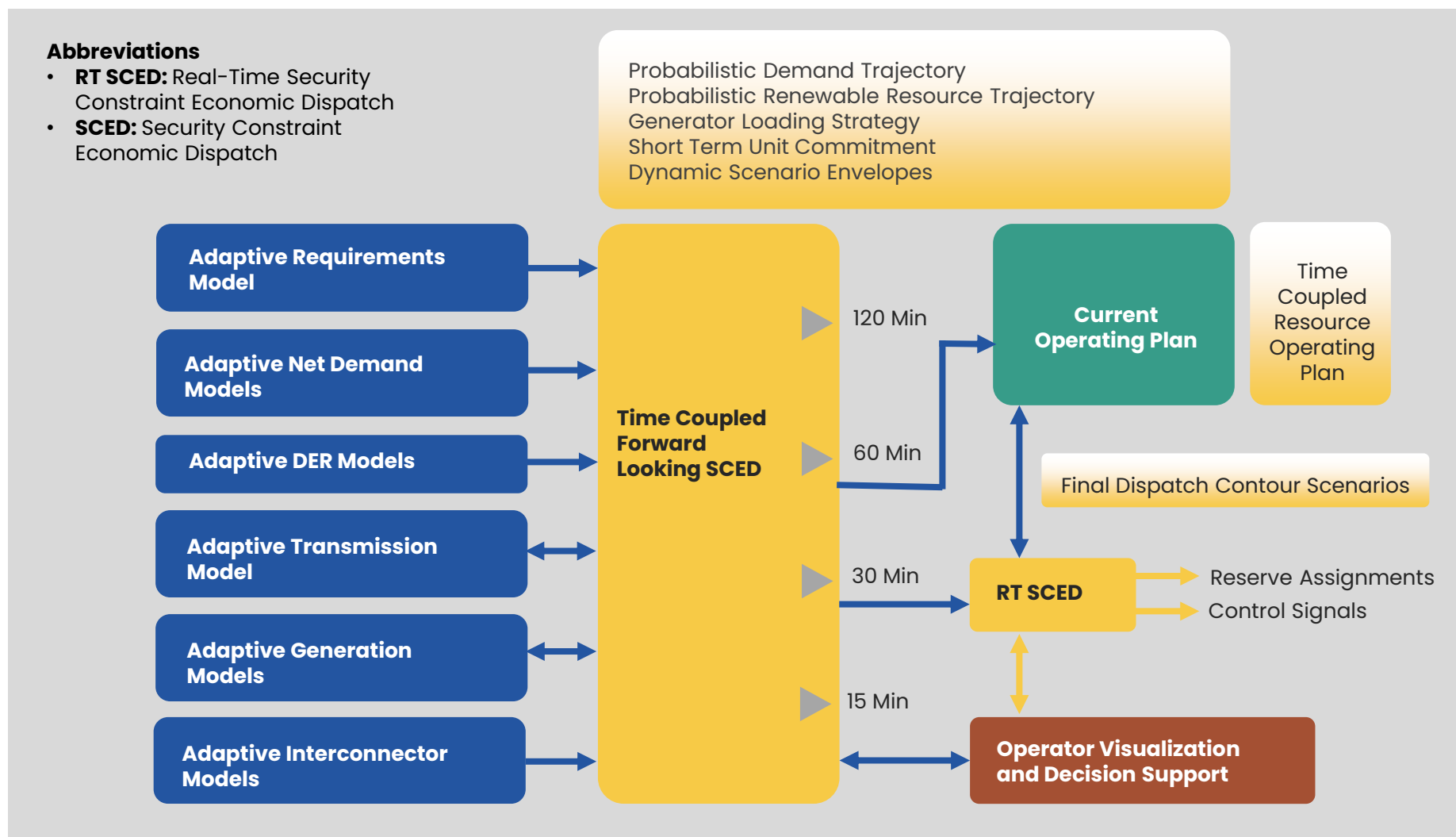
- Initial AI/ML exploration
- Create Proof of Concepts (PoC) to understand impacts, challenges, data requirements
- Progress from PoC into OBP



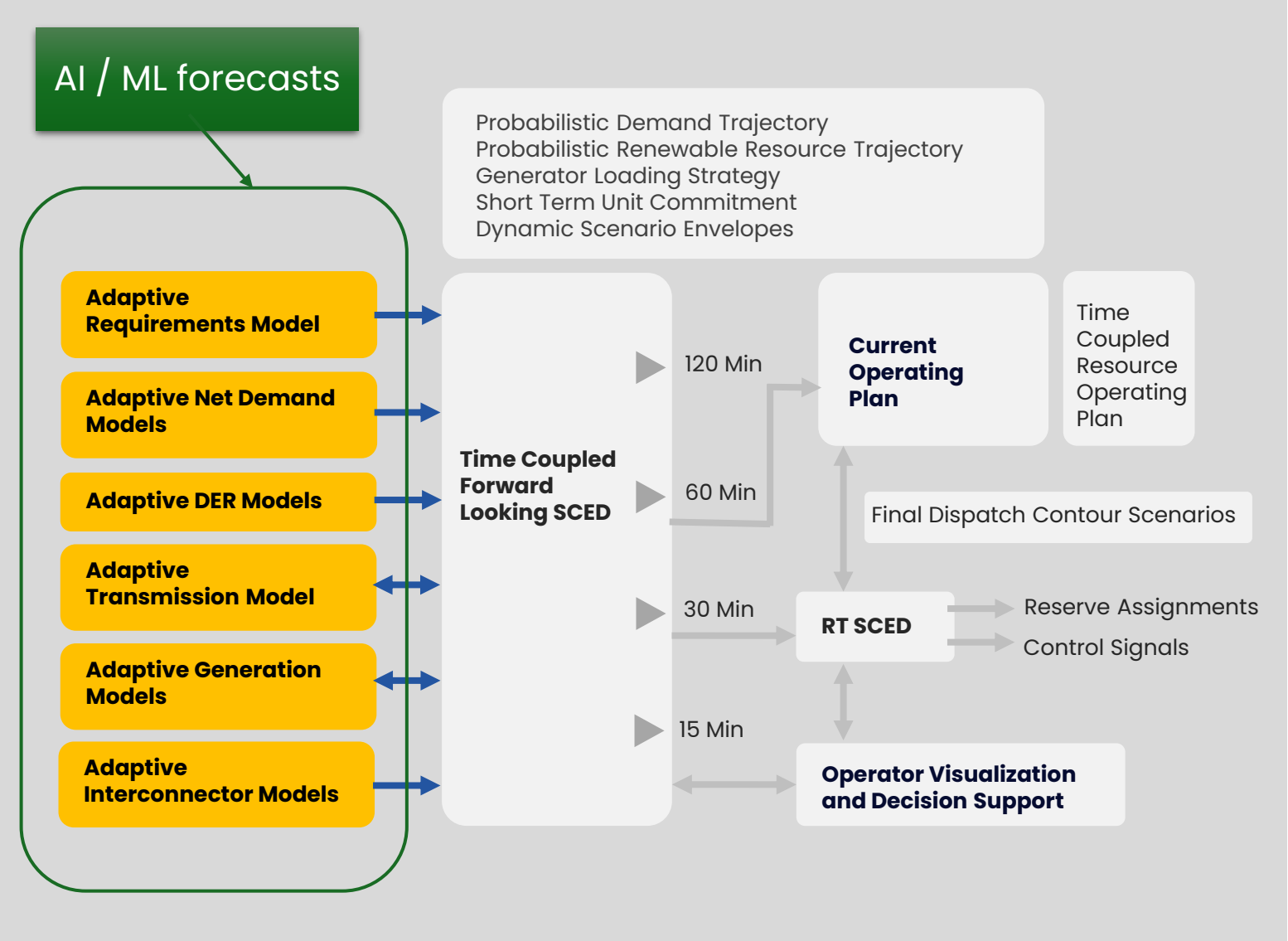
Key Outcomes:

- Early validation of AI/ML for system optimisation.
- Demonstrated AI-driven optimisation capability in operations.
- More economic & secure national dispatch via intelligent optimisers.

The Overall Vision for Volta – Recap



VFA: Value and Feasibility Analysis Project (In-flight)

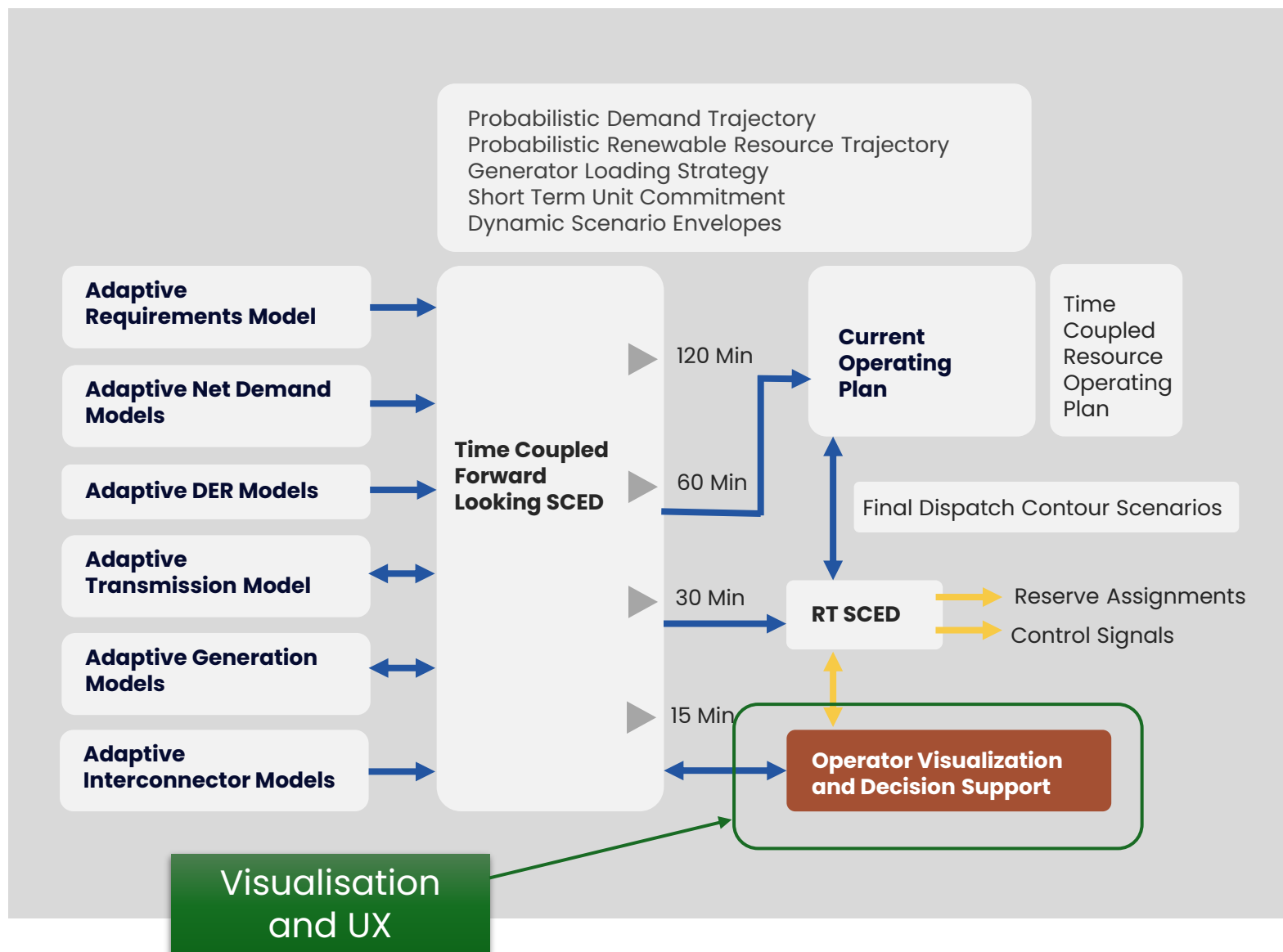


Details	
Description	Project to assess the effectiveness, practicality, and benefits of implementing adaptive data models and deliver a POC
Progress	Design phased finished , developing POC
Expected End Date	August 2025

Abbreviations

- **RT SCED:** Real-Time Security Constraint Economic Dispatch
- **SCED:** Security Constraint Economic Dispatch

ASA: Advanced Scheduling Advisor (In-flight)



Details	
Description	Delivering a Proof-of-Concept tool for AI based margin analysis
Progress	Discovery finished , design phase
Expected End Date	December 2025

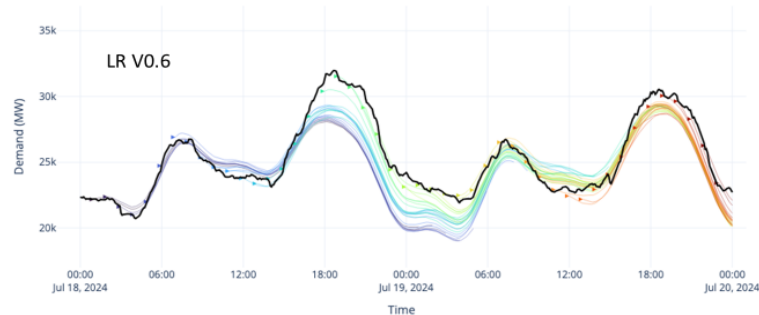
Abbreviations

- **RT SCED**: Real-Time Security Constraint Economic Dispatch
- **SCED**: Security Constraint Economic Dispatch

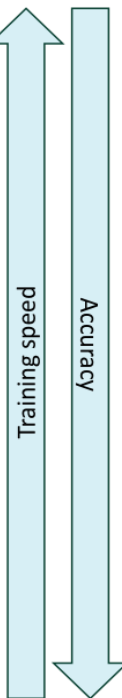
RTP-i: Real Time Prediction (In-flight)

Forecasts from 2024-07-18 to 2024-07-20

Linear Regression

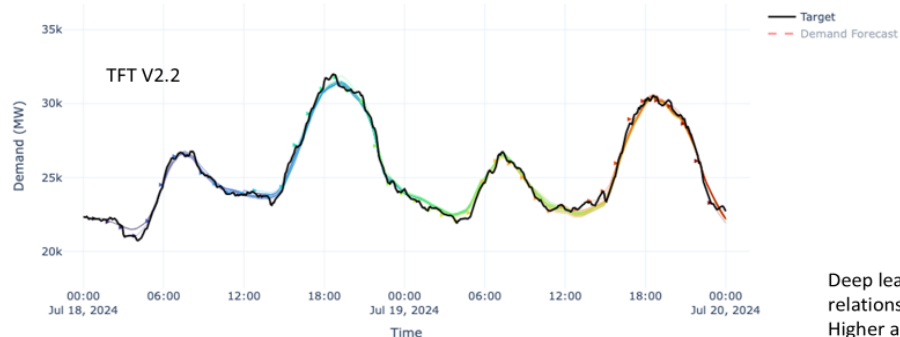


Simple models such as Linear Regression are fast to train allowing us to quickly iterate and learn feature importance

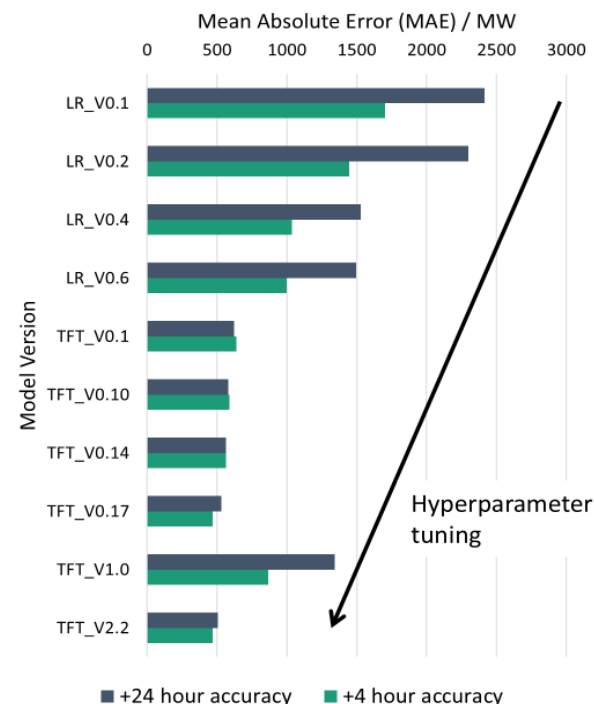


Forecasts from 2024-07-18 to 2024-07-20

Temporal Fusion Transform (TFT)



Deep learning models can learn complex relationships between many covariates. Higher accuracy but the tuning process takes longer.



Details

Description

Improving in-flight RTP project with next generation algorithms

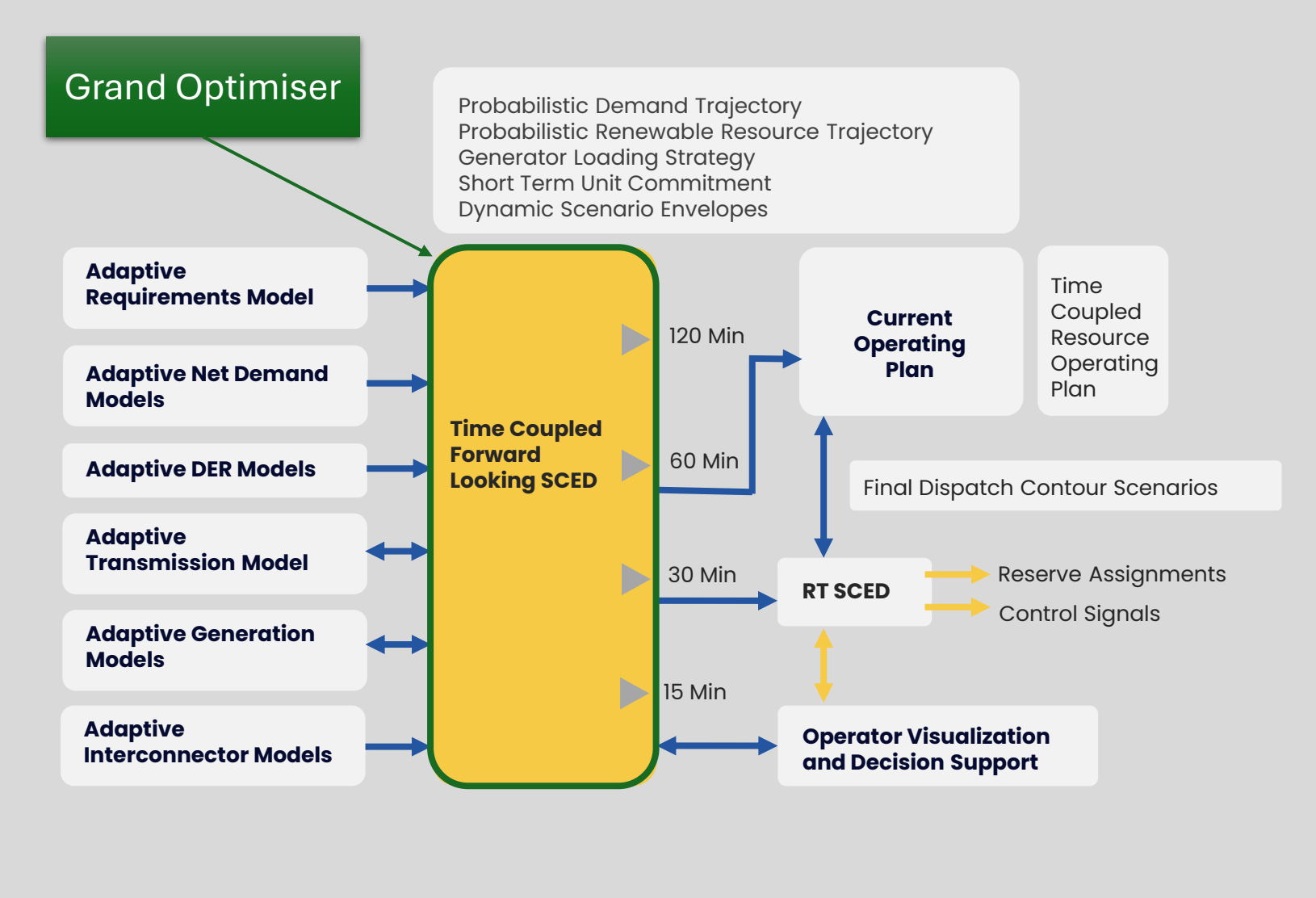
Progress

Second demo delivered, finalising the method

Expected End Date

January 2026

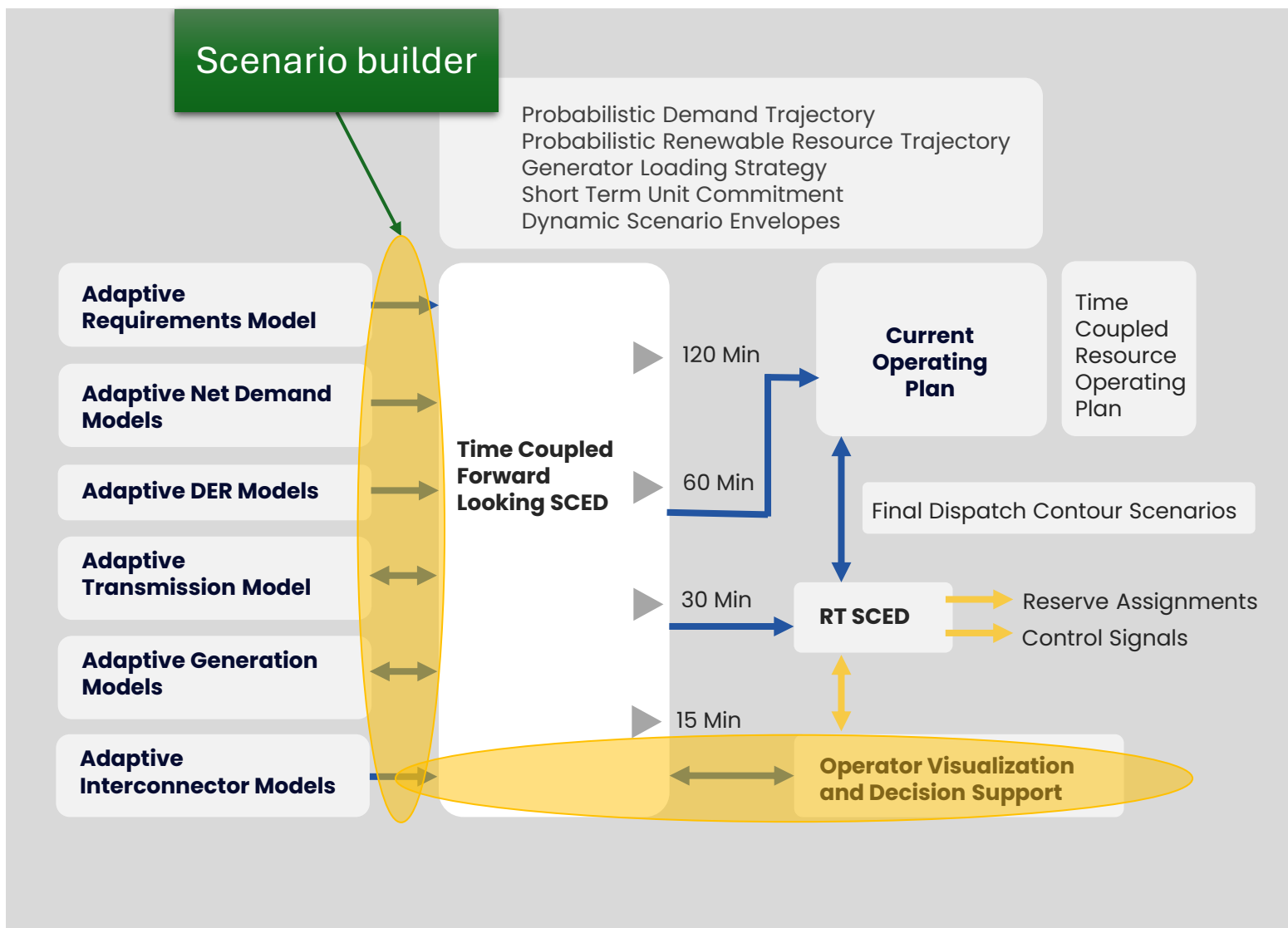
GO: Grand Optimiser (Discovery)



Details	
Description	Design the end to end of optimisation process for scheduling & dispatching
Progress	Contracting in progress
Expected Start Date	July 2025

- Abbreviations**
- **RT SCED:** Real-Time Security Constraint Economic Dispatch
 - **SCED:** Security Constraint Economic Dispatch

Future Target Areas – Adaptative Scenario Building

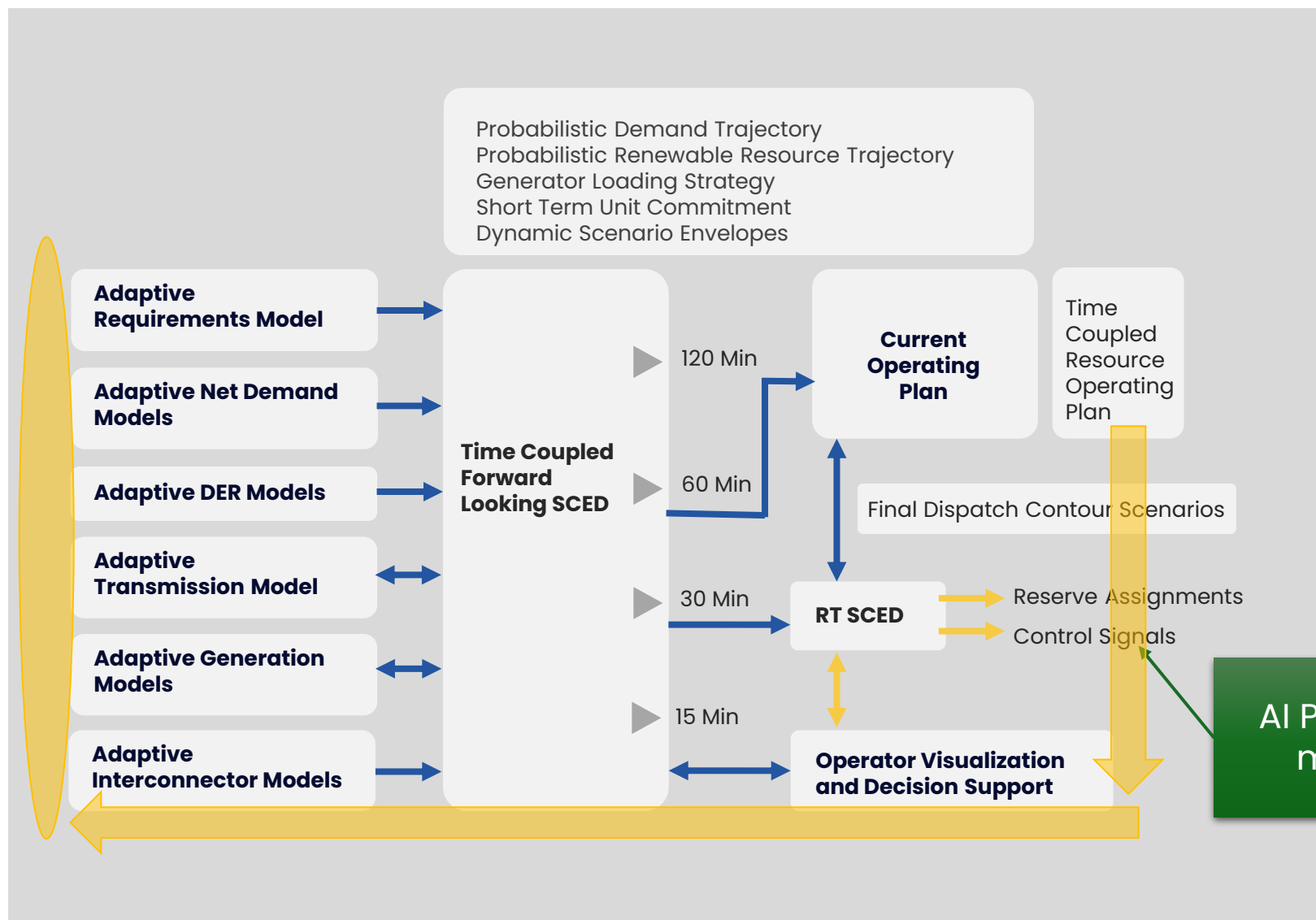


Details	
Description	Moving from a single set of inputs approach to multiple probabilistic inputs leading to a range of potential solutions
Progress	N/A
Expected Start Date	2026

Abbreviations

- **RT SCED:** Real-Time Security Constraint Economic Dispatch
- **SCED:** Security Constraint Economic Dispatch

Future Target Areas – Reporting, Transparency & Monitoring



Details	
Description	Providing AI support across the end-to-end balancing process, that will assist in improving transparency, data sharing and market monitoring
Progress	N/A
Expected Start Date	2026

Abbreviations

- **RT SCED:** Real-Time Security Constraint Economic Dispatch
- **SCED:** Security Constraint Economic Dispatch

Public

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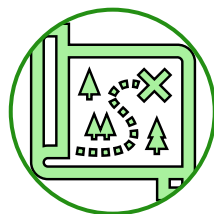
Tom Watts

Senior Energy Balancing Specialist

The Challenges



How to keep pace with technology developments across the energy landscape, to enable optimised system operation & market management.



Limited opportunities to trial new services & capabilities due to **lengthy approval processes** required for testing in secure environments.



Testing new ideas whilst operating **core operational infrastructure in secure environments**.

What is Reveal?



It is an Azure-hosted, internet-facing test environment that replicates balancing capabilities, including signalling functionality (EDL/EDT)



It is fully ringfenced and separate from Critical National Infrastructure



REVEAL will provide the tools to make trialling of new capabilities easier and faster for NESO and the wider industry

Where Does Reveal Sit?

NESO / Reveal



OBP-aligned
user
interfaces

Digital Ringfence
outside of CNI

Secure Data Transfer

Submission & Control

EDL

EDT

WAAPI

Operational Metering

MQTT

IEC104

iHost

Other Standards & Protocols

OpenADR3

ASDP APIs

?

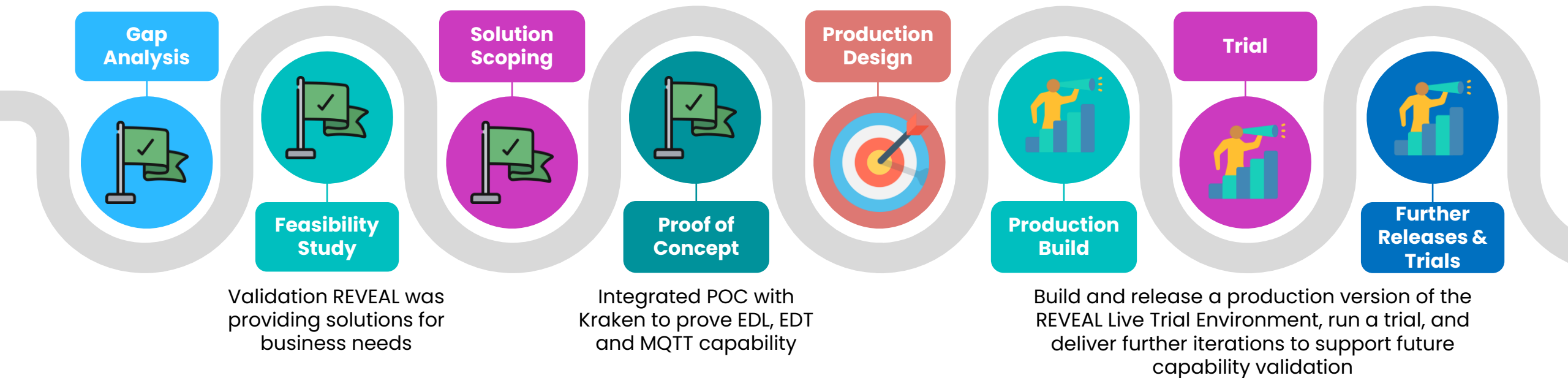
Customer Assets & Technologies



History of Reveal

Extensive market
engagement across
NESO and Industry

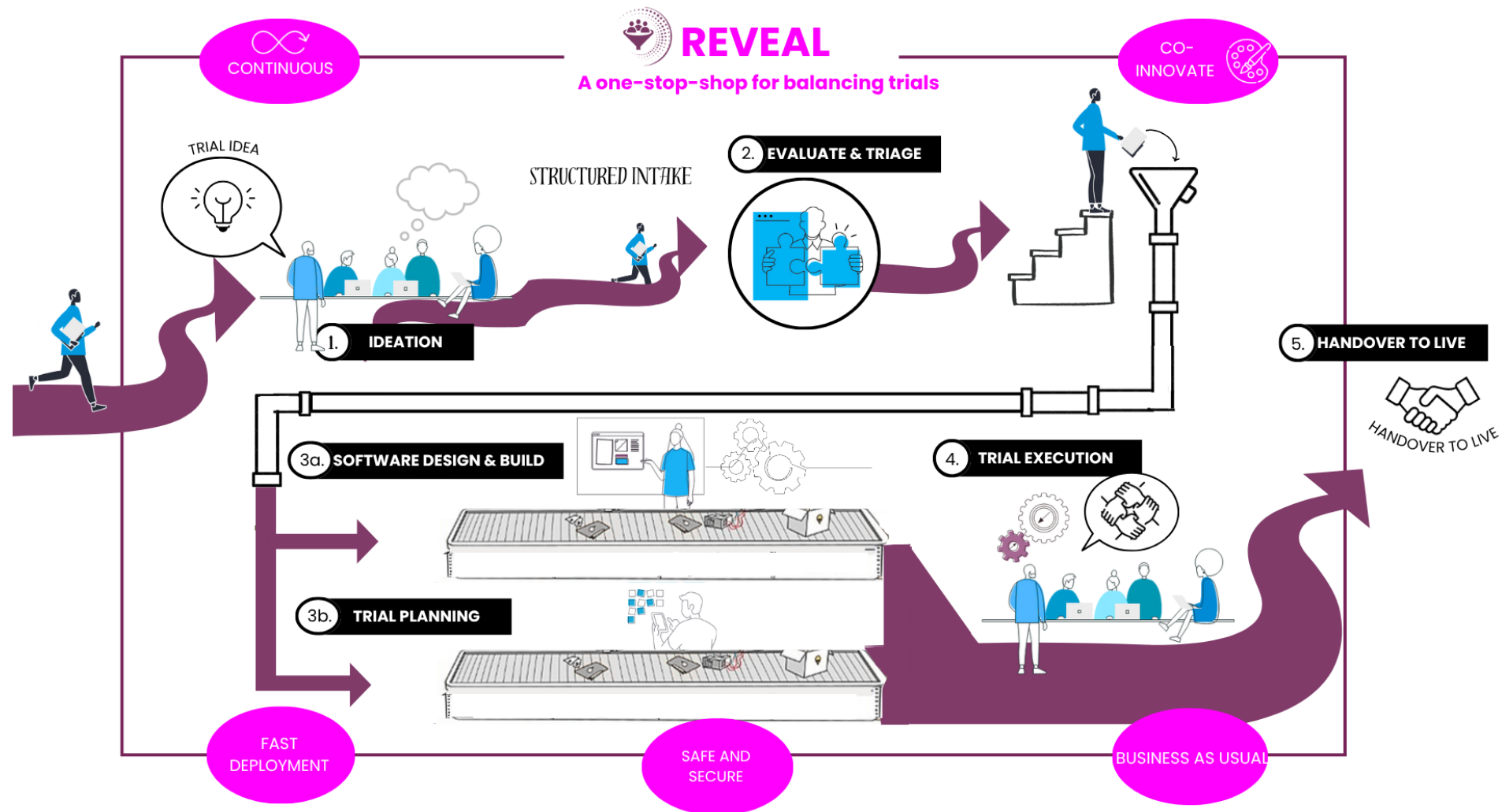
We are requesting your
input into our Design work
in June '25



Our Vision

**'A one-stop shop for NESO trial activities,
driving innovation and operational excellence for
NESO and industry'**

Continuous Delivery Against Our Vision



Signalling & Communications Trials

A signalling or communications trial can be executed to **validate different communication paths, data standards, or new protocols** between the Control Room and Service Providers / Unit Operators.

TIDE Visibility
(Transformation to Integrate Distributed Energy)

Low Earth Orbit Satellites

```
space){var i=s.strings
s.length?(s.arrayPos=0,
ete",value:function(){this.
,this.pause.curString=t,this.
g=t;var e=t?"infinite":0;this.
gsIfNeeded",value:function(){th
this;return this.el.className+=
length>t.arrayPos?t.typewrite(t
attr?this.el.setAttribute(this.
},{key:"bindFocusEvents",value:
{t.el.value&&0!==t.el.value.le
this.cursor.className="typed-
e["default"]=a,t.exports=e["
"Cannot call a class as a
(var n in s)Object.prot
figurale=!
```

Tools Trials

A tools trial can be implemented to enable the **development and testing of new technologies, products, and market services.**

**GCC0166+ State
of Charge**

**Onboarding
Sandbox**



Public

#BPJUNE25

Tell us your Ideas



We Want to Hear From You ...



Q&A

Q&A to cover
any questions
about Reveal
and the
capabilities



Tell us your ideas

Capture your
problem statements
and potential
solutions on the
forms provided



Post them in the 'Cool Stuff' box

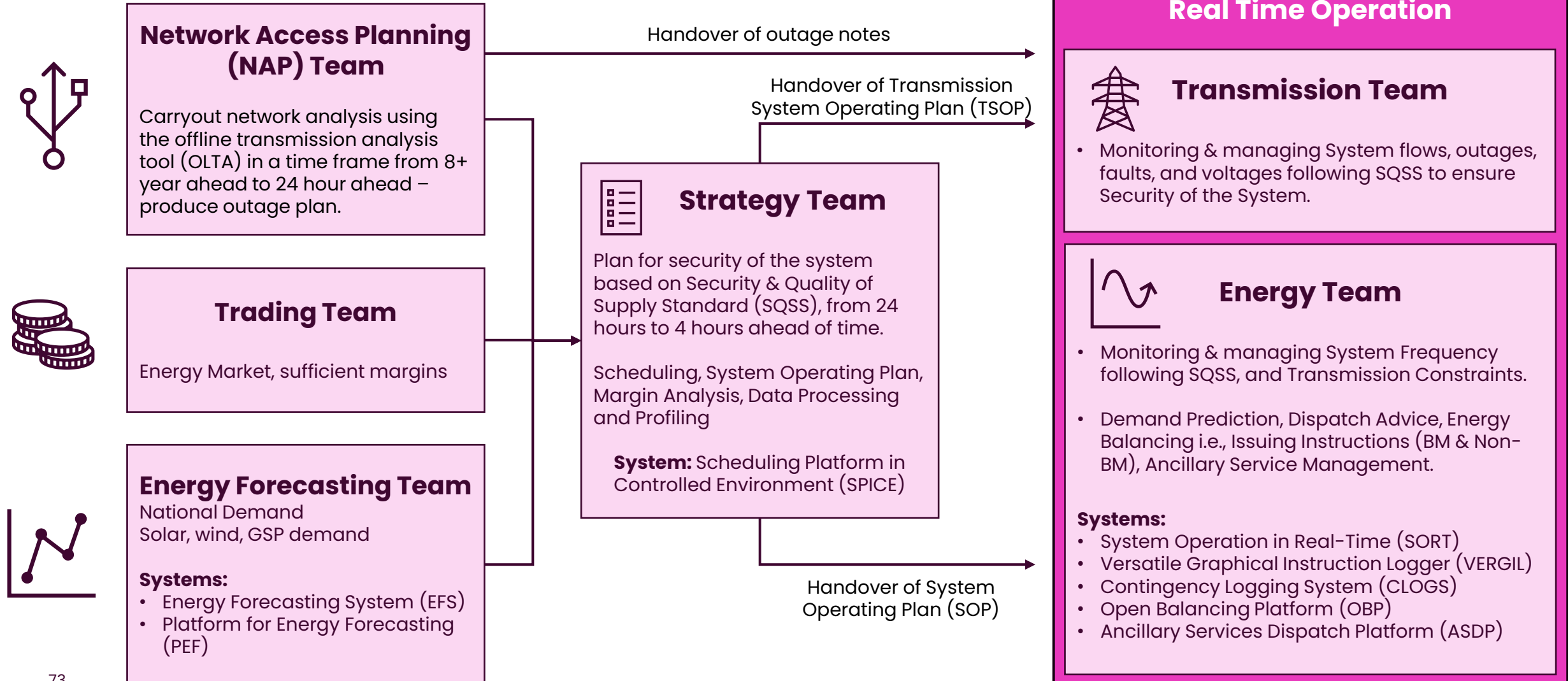
Thank you for your input!

- Your ideas will be fed into the design of REVEAL
- Make sure you sign up to the distribution list for updates

A Day in the Life of a Control Room Engineer

Alex Carter, Control Room Operational Manager
Colin Webb, Operational Manager

Managing the System



Control Room Teams

Power System Manager (PSM)

Brendan Lyons 

Strategy Team

- Operational Strategy Manager (OSM)
- Control Technical Assistant (CTA)
- Assistant National Scheduling Engineer (aNSE)
- National Scheduling Engineer (NSE)
- Transmission Analysis Engineer-Scotland (TAEs)
- Transmission Analysis Engineer-E&W (TAEe&w)
- Day Ahead Congestion Forecasting Engineer (DACF)

Energy Team

 **Alex Carter**

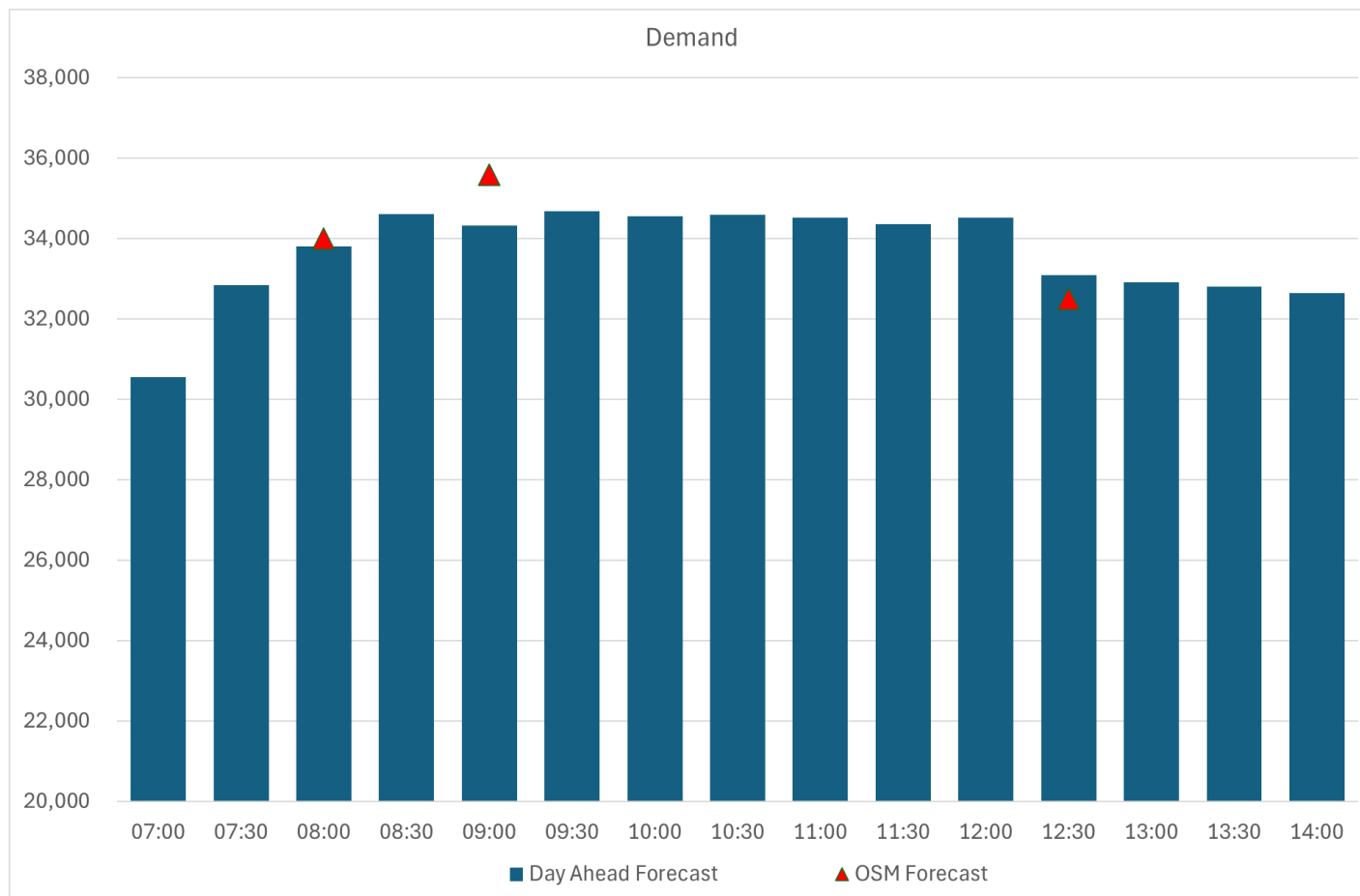
- Operational Energy Manager (OEM)
- National Balancing Engineer (NBE)
- Assistant National Balancing Engineer South (aNBE)
- Assistant National Balancing Engineer North (aNBE)
- Assistant National Balancing Engineer – Battery (additional post added)

Transmission Team

- Transmission Security Manager (TSM)
- Transmission Security Engineer-Scotland North (TSESc-n)
- Transmission Security Engineer-Scotland South (TSESc-s)
- Assistant Transmission Security Engineer – E&W North (aTSEe&wn)
- Transmission Security Engineer- E&W North (TSEe&wn)
- Transmission Security Engineer- E&W South (TSEe&ws)
- Assistant Transmission Security Engineer – E&W South (aTSEe&ws)

Friday 14th March 2025 Morning Shift

From the perspective of the Energy Team



Spring Morning – Weather Forecast

Morning peak

Cold and frosty start in the southeast

Cloudy but chilly elsewhere, with showers from the North Sea, potentially heavy and falling as snow over hills. Bright spells between showers.

Milder later in the day with a shift in wind direction from northerly to south – southeasterly, bringing milder air from the continent.

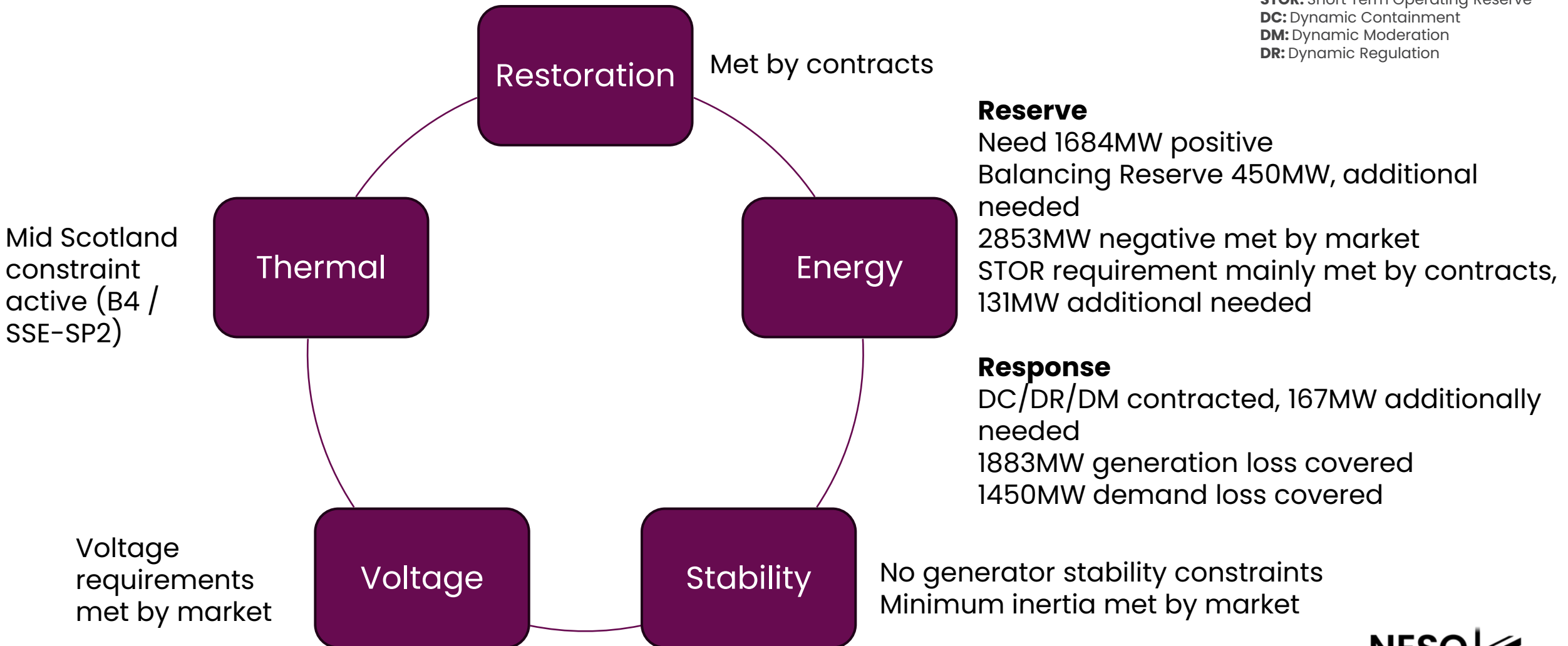
Highs around 10°C

Up to 7GW PV forecast

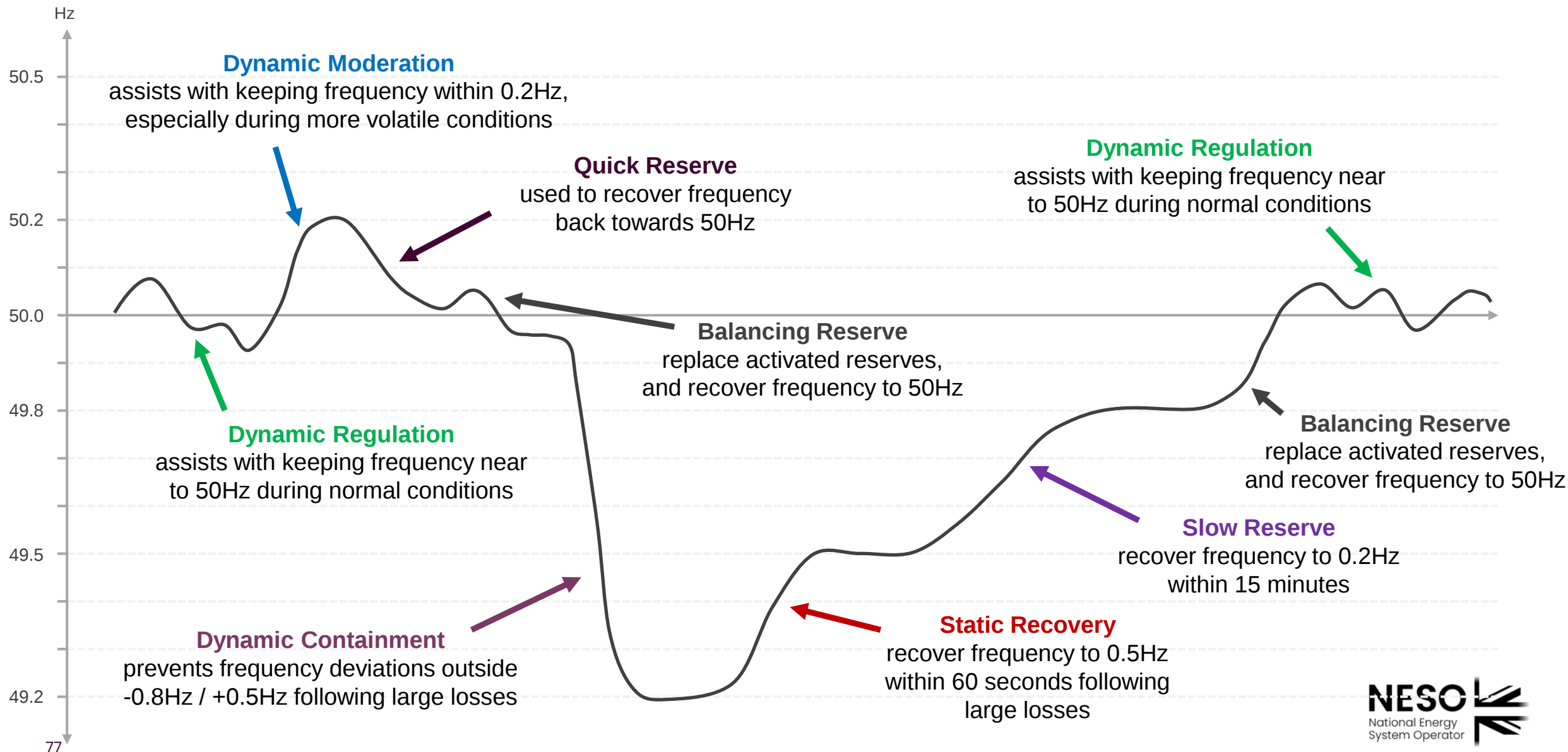
Abbreviations:

- **OSM:** Operational Strategy Manager

System Security

Abbreviations:**STOR:** Short Term Operating Reserve**DC:** Dynamic Containment**DM:** Dynamic Moderation**DR:** Dynamic Regulation

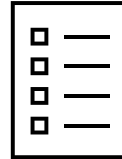
Reserve and Response Services



System Operating Plan Morning Peak (2A @ 09:15)

2A Final Plan @ 05:28

- 35.6 GW peak demand
- 3.0 GW wind
- 4.8 GW interconnector import
- <0.1 GW batteries (PN)
- 0 GW Small BMUs



Risk Management

- Demand uncertainty
- Cold morning could mean higher demand
- Clear skies could mean higher PV
- Therefore, flexible options



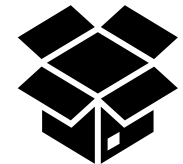
NESO Actions

- Connah's Quay 2 05:59-11:59 (0.3 GW)
- Interconnector trades (1.3 GW)
- Batteries (0.5 GW)
- Small BMUS (0.5 GW)
- Pumped Storage (1.2GW)
- Spalding Expansion, 20 minutes to full load (0.2 GW)



NESO Contingency Actions

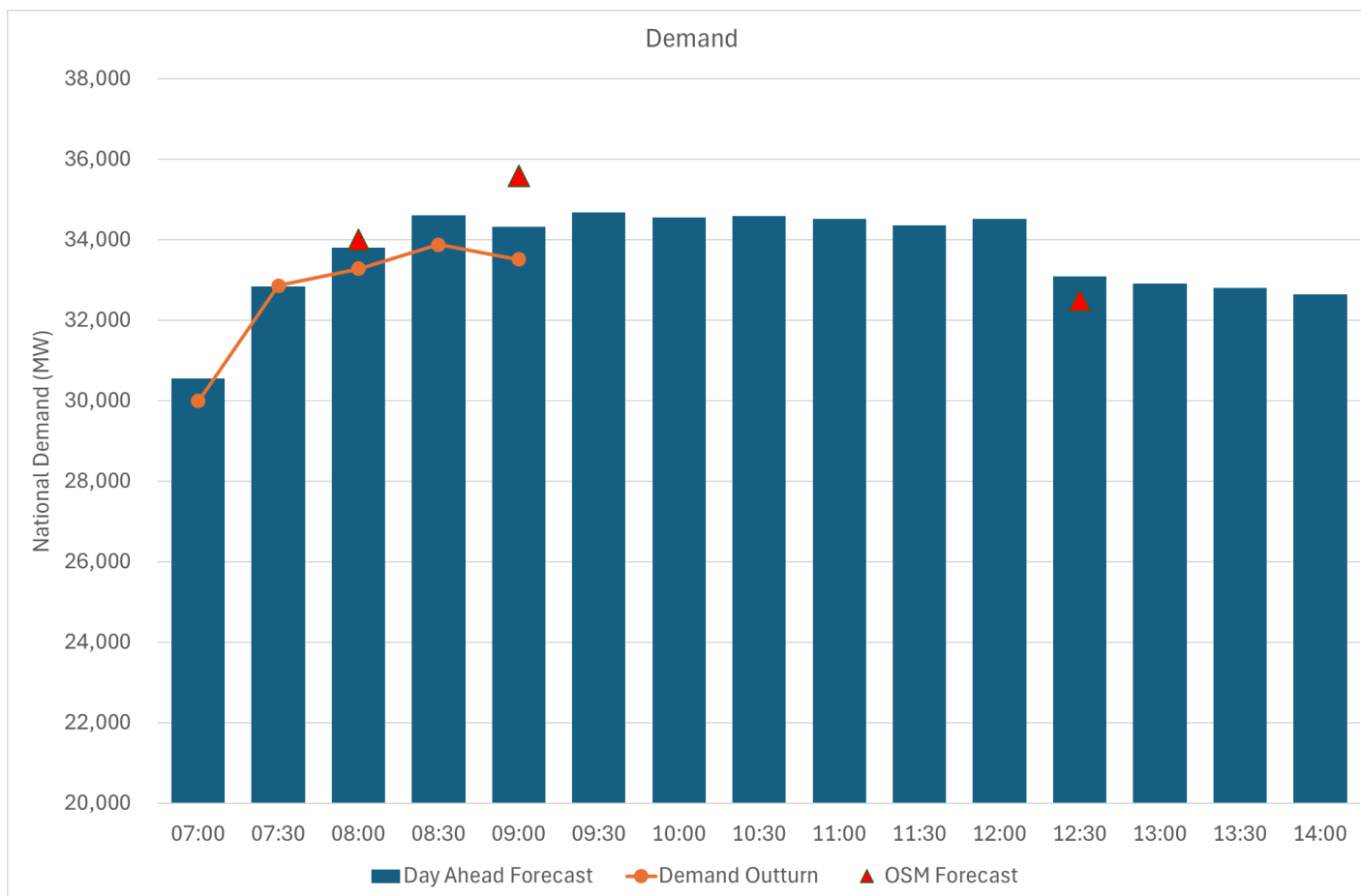
- Small BMUs
- Additional CCGTs or advances from afternoon PNs
- Potentially more batteries depending on state of charge



Abbreviation: CCGT: Combined Cycle Gas Turbine

Friday 14th March 2025 Morning Shift

Approaching the morning peak



Towards forecast peak at 09:15

Demand starting to out turn below the forecast

Batteries, pumped storage and thermal units used to manage energy imbalance

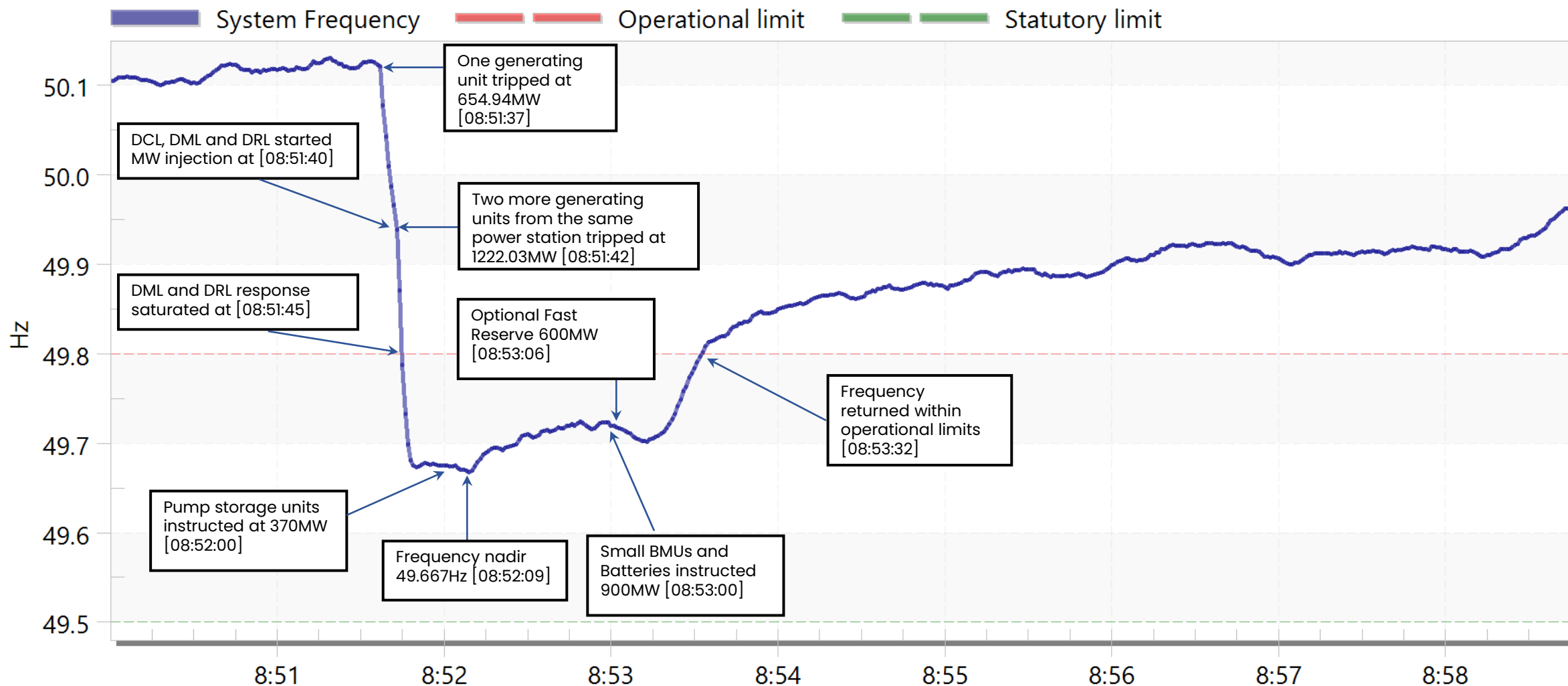
Some wind being bid down to manage Mid Scotland constraint

Not all pumped storage identified in SOP instructed

Spalding Expansion not run

At 08:50 frequency near 50.1 Hz as demand continues to outturn lower than forecast

Frequency Behaviour



Mar Fri 14 2025

System Conditions Before the Event

Date and time	Friday, 14th March 2025 at 08:51:37		
National Demand	34.85GW		
System frequency	50.12Hz		
Inertia	276.4GVA.s		
Contracted Response Services	Dynamic Containment – Low (DC-L):	1153MW	
	Dynamic Regulation – Low (DR-L):	480MW	
	Dynamic Moderation – Low (DM-L):	147MW	
	Static Firm Frequency Response (sFFR):	185MW	
	MFR:		
	Primary (P):	56 MW	
Weather	Secondary (S):	71 MW	
	High (H):	177 MW	
	3.05GW transmission-connected wind		
Weather	832MW estimated embedded wind		
	4.12GW estimated embedded solar		

Event Overview

- At 08:51 hrs on 14th March 2025 a significant loss of infeed of around 1,877MW occurred due to the trip of three generating units.
- This event was well contained. The lowest frequency reached was 49.667Hz.
- Frequency returned above operational limits within 3min and to 50Hz in 12min.
- OBP 58 instructions, 843 MW
- SORT 12 instructions, 500 MW
- VERGIL 6 instructions 740 MW
- No demand or generation interrupted.
- This was the largest event since the August 2019 where ~1.9GW loss led to frequency falling to 48.8Hz and 1.1 million customers disconnected.
- Before the current Frequency Risk and Control Report (FRCR) policy, dynamic response products, and OBP were introduced.



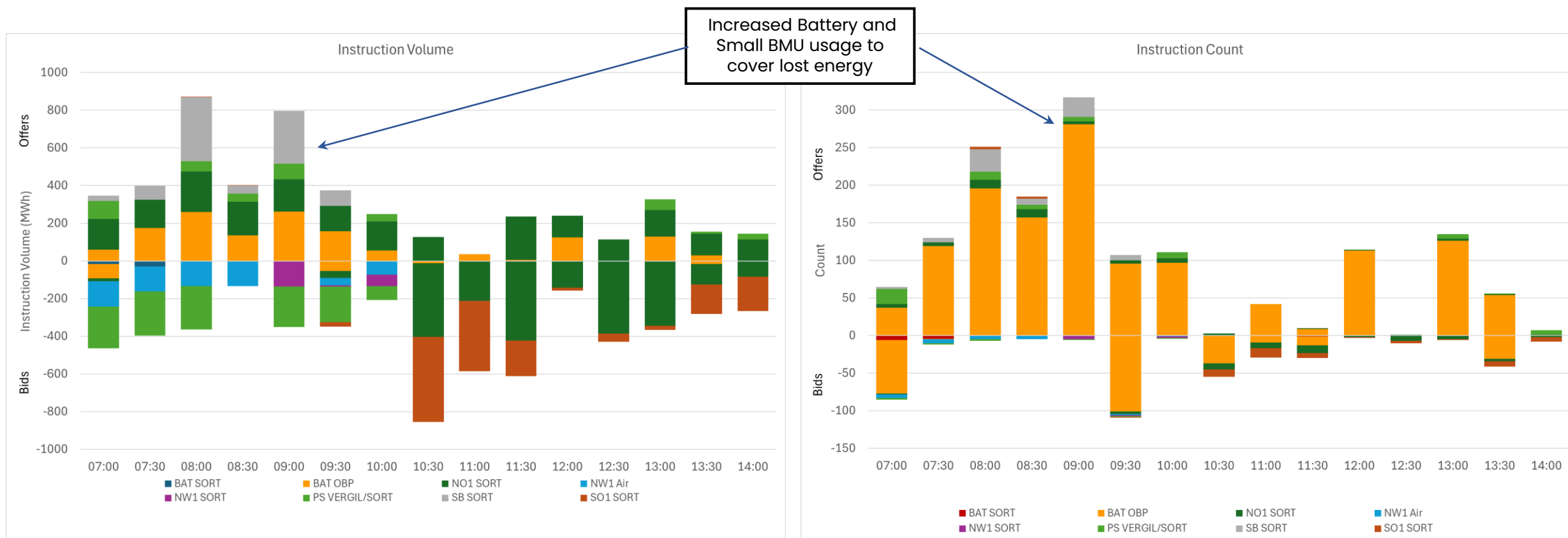
Response Service Performance

- System behaved as expected during the event.
- Based on current available performance monitoring data, Dynamic Response Services, i.e. DC, DR and DM, responded to the event as expected containing frequency from deviating further.
- Total contracted LF volume at the time of the event was 1780 MW. The average performance score in the settlement period relevant to the event is above 90% indicating a good performance of dynamic services.



Service	Available volume (MW)	Contracted volume (MW)	Shortfall (MW)	Notes
DC-L	1077	1153	78	Shortfall were due to declared unavailability and no data submission when analysing
DM-L	128	147	19	
DR-L	480	480	0	
Total	1683	1780	97	

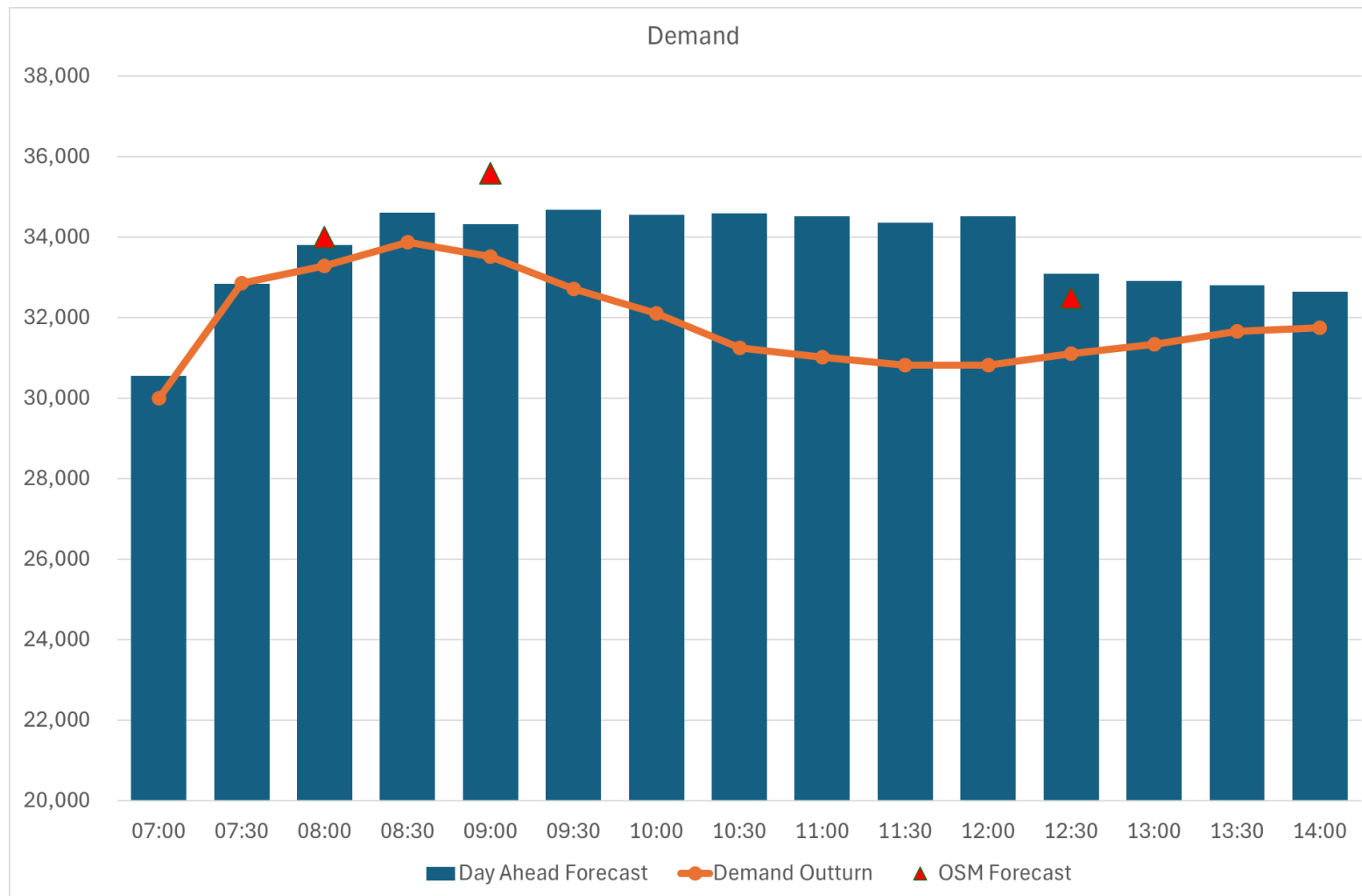
Instruction Volumes & Counts



OBP used to manage batteries throughout the shift

- Fast Dispatch for frequency control e.g., following the large loss
- Target Dispatch for instructions 5-15 minutes ahead

Remainder of the Shift



- Demand continued to outturn below the forecast
- Suspected higher PV outturn than forecast
- Lower demand outturn, overall decaying demand and market position meant no replacement units were needed
- No more wind bids were needed after 10:11
- Tripped units returned at 12:00, 12:30 and 13:00

Thank you

Any questions?

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Public

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Break

14:55 – 15:10

Market Services Update

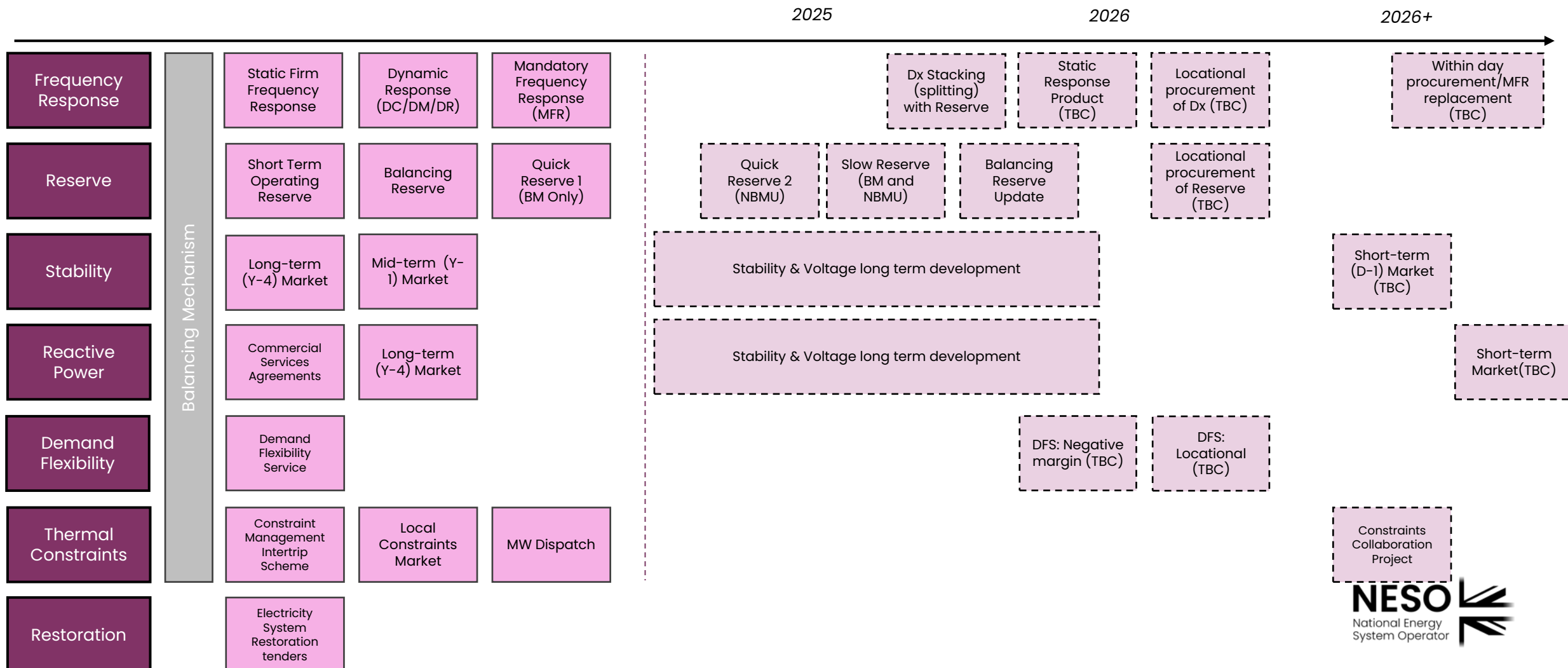
Jon Wisdom, Head of Market Change Delivery

Market and Ancillary Services – Overview and Roadmap

To operate a safe and secure power system, NESO procure a suite of ancillary services through designated markets and via Bid Offer Acceptances (BOAs) in the Balancing Mechanism.

Current products

Future products and developments



Balancing Services – Dynamic Response Current Service Design Status



Needs case



Options
assessment



Service
design



Formal
Consultation



Go Live



Engagement

Instructible
Dynamic Response



Static Response
Reform



Locational
procurement



30 Minute Service
Window



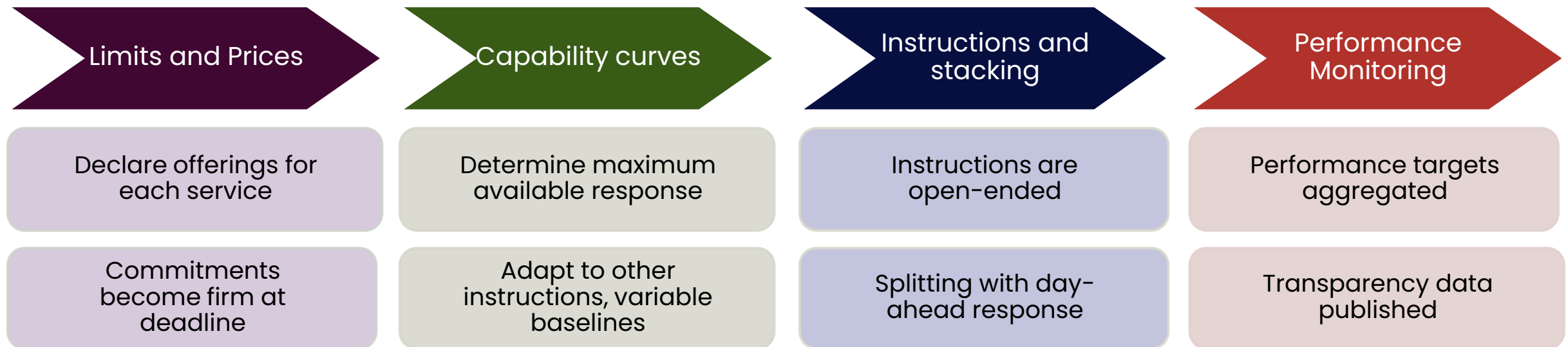
Stacking
Response/Reserve



Balancing Services – Instructible Dynamic Response

The draft Service Design was issued to industry in March 2025

Key considerations in the service design for instructible Dynamic Response:



Following industry feedback in a number of areas, but particularly in terms of submission deadlines and the design of payments. We are looking to evolve the service design further – we hope to update industry again later in June.

Balancing Services – Locational procurement of Response and Reserve

Drivers for Locational Procurement

Constraints in the transmission network

Constraints in the distribution networks

Impact on stability / inertia

Locational Procurement Webinar

Wed, 9 Jul 2025 15:00 – 16:00 (UTC+00:00)

Provider Considerations

Minimise business process disruption

Unit Aggregation

Bidding and Dispatch Considerations

Partial unit acceptance

Fractional bids

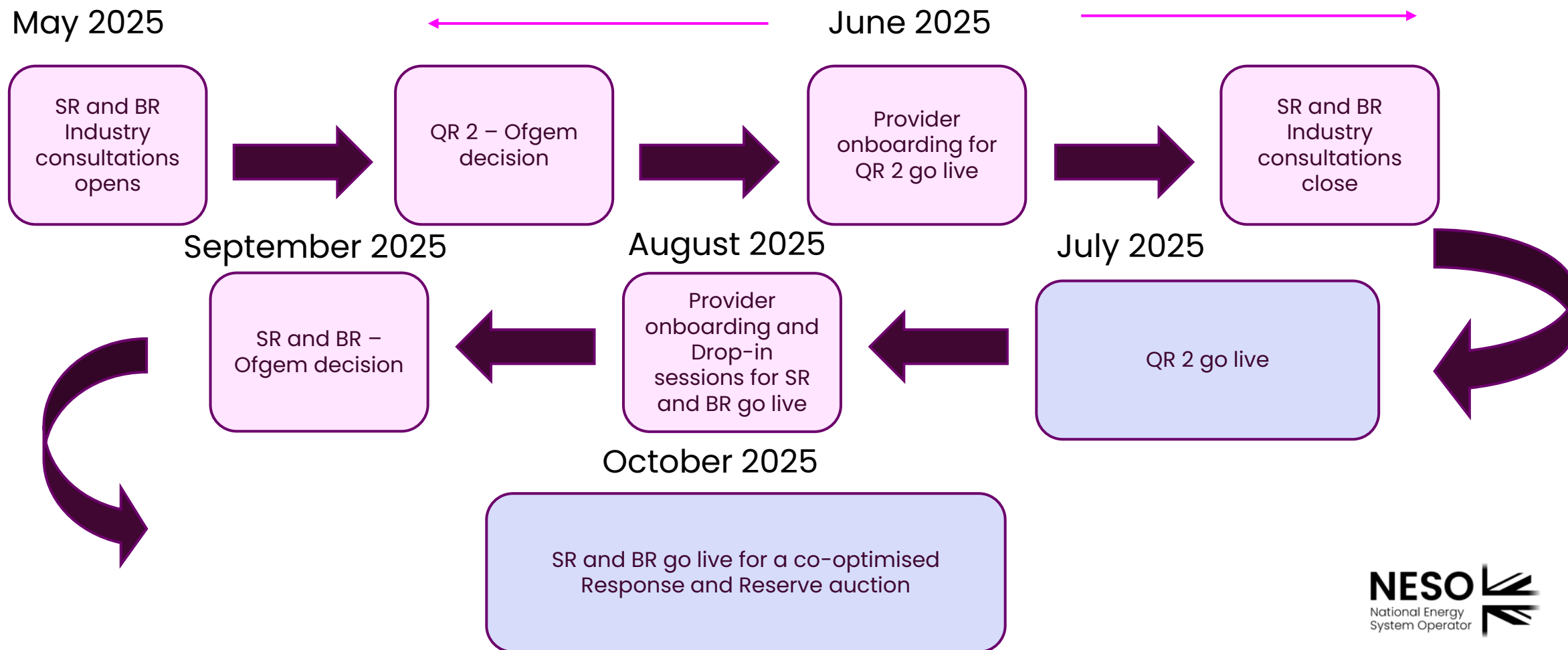
Order and Pricing Considerations

Clearing price definition

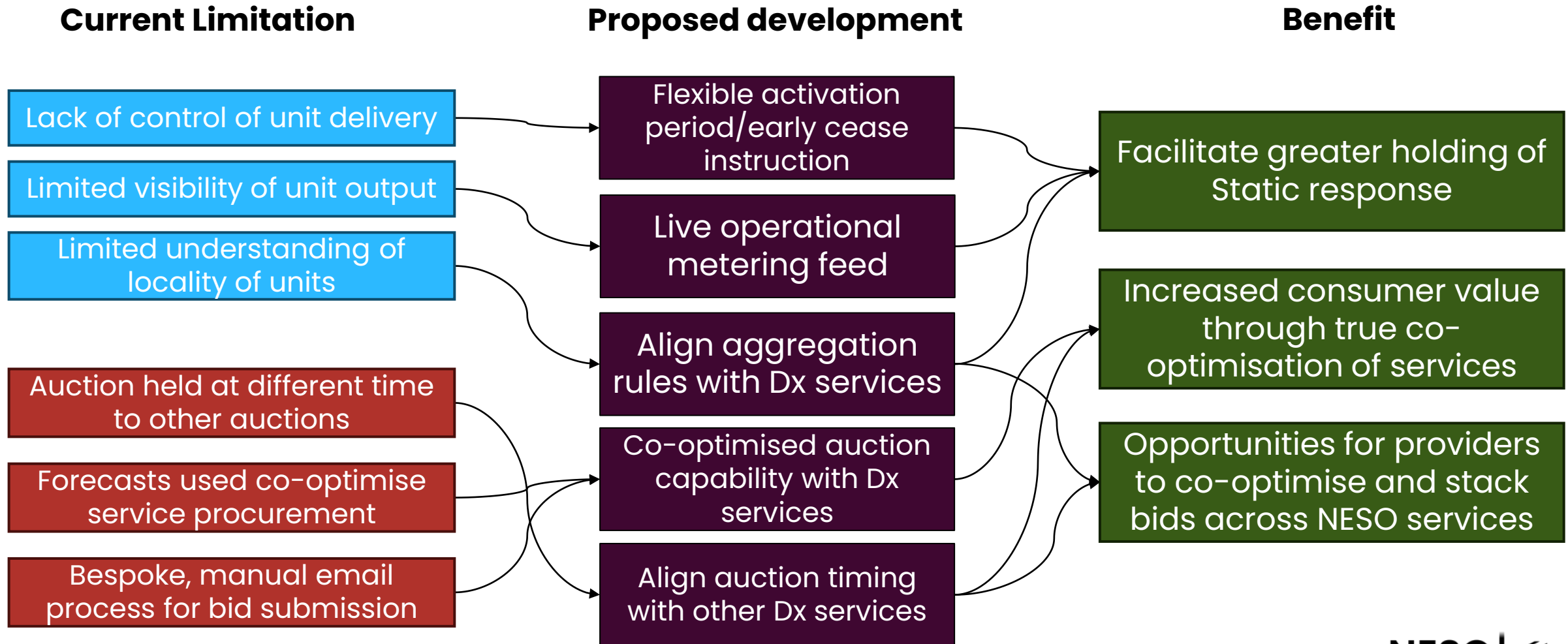
Gaming risks

Reserve Reform timeline

Quick Reserve – Phase 2 (QR 2) / Slow Reserve (SR) / Balancing Reserve (BR)



Balancing Services – Static Response Reform



Beyond 2025

Neil Morgans, Principal Product Manager



Beyond 2025: Roadmap Progress Update



Our Goal

***A Strategic Roadmap
for Future Balancing***



Our Progress So Far

- >250 Industry Stakeholders Engaged*
- >70 Capability Survey Responses*
- > 70 Balancing Programme Relationship
Management Meetings*
- >60 Internal Interviews and Workshops*
- >100 Potential Capabilities Identified*



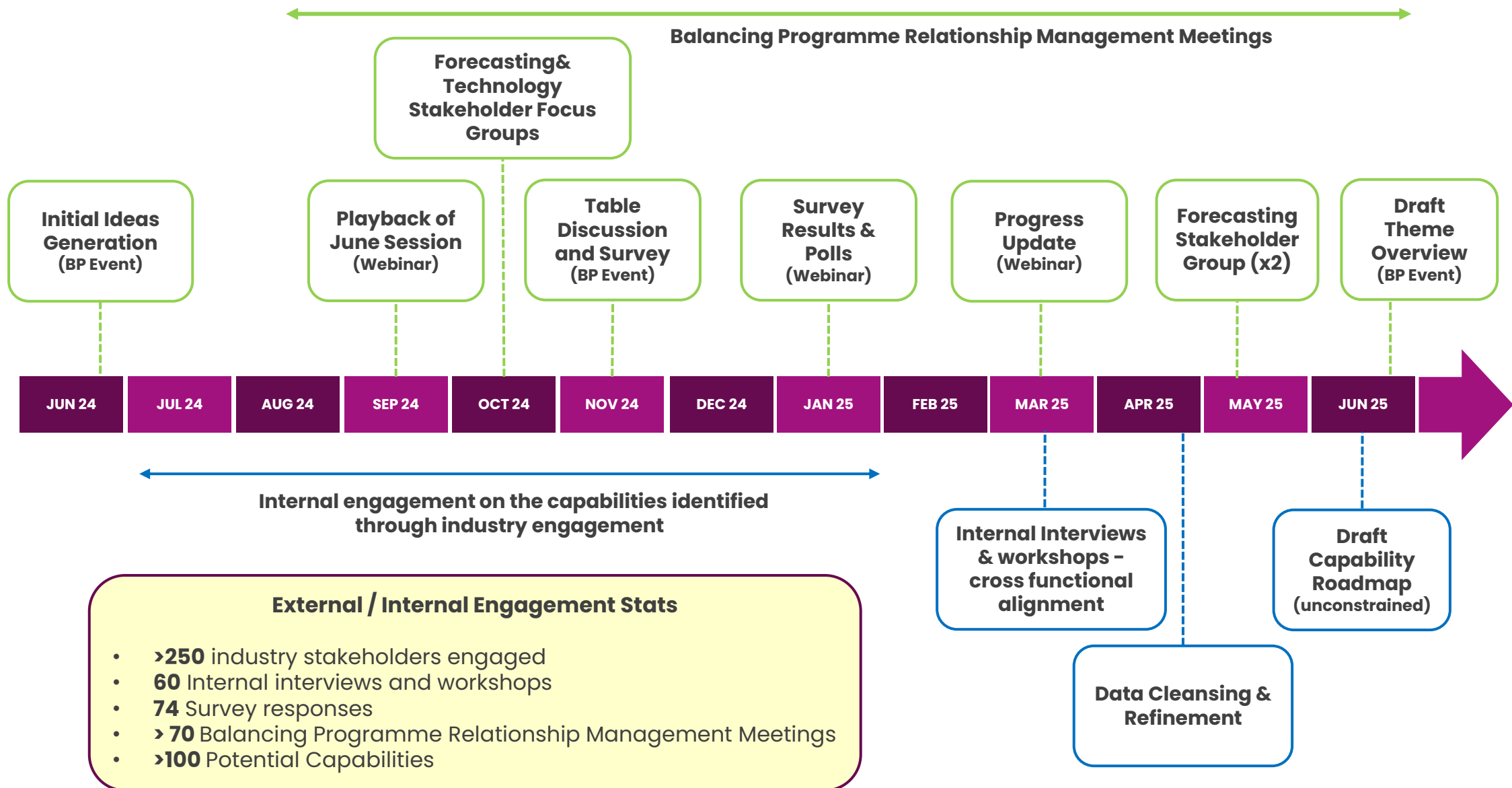
Our Purpose Today

***Sharing High-Level
Themes and Outcomes***

Building the Roadmap: Journey So Far

External

Internal



Key Developments:

- Market service enhancements integrated to balancing platform
- New inertia, voltage, fault level support sources integrated (OBP).

Key Outcomes:

- **Greater engagement** from wider participants, unlocking new flexibility.
- **Enhanced grid resilience** (stability, power quality, fault levels).

Key Developments:

- Enhanced short-term constraint data integrated into OBP
- Initial AI exploration (Volta: scheduling, optimisation Proof of Concepts).

Key Outcomes:

- **Lower skip rates**, more precise, cost-effective real-time balancing & improved constraint management
- **Early validation of AI** for system optimisation.

Key Developments:

- OBP scheduling & dispatch fully integrated (legacy systems retired)

Key Outcomes:

- **Streamlined balancing system**, greater flexibility, reduced operational complexity.
- Readiness for **future integration and expansion**.

Key Developments:

- Completion of core data systems integration within OBP, enabling increased interaction volume and enhanced flexibility in how data is accessed, shared, and consumed.
- Enhanced data & models on PEF

Key Outcomes:

- **Improved transparency**, interoperability, tailored data offerings.
- **Lower balancing costs** with richer & more accurate modelling

FY27 Foundational Capabilities & Early Strategic Wins

 Future Energy Services**Key Developments:**

- OBP expands for diverse small-scale/demand-side flexibility
- Markets enabled for stacked/sequential, intraday services

Key Outcomes:

- **Increased utilisation** of distributed flexibility.
- New market revenue opportunities, **more efficient system balancing**.

 Enhanced Dispatch**Key Developments:**

- OBP enables non-integer dispatch
- Volta AI optimisation progresses beyond PoC

Key Outcomes:

- Demonstrated **AI-driven optimisation capability** in operations.
- **More precise & real-time balancing** via improved forecasting and automated dispatch

 Whole System & Flex**Key Developments:**

- Initial Primacy Rules integration into OBP

Key Outcomes:

- **Improved TSO-DSO coordination** and whole system decision-making.
- **Improved optimisation accuracy**, unlocking smaller-scale flexibility.

 Data & Transparency**Key Developments:**

- Enhanced price visibility across ancillary services
- Centralised operational data storage
- Improved DER visibility & enhanced renewable forecasting

Key Outcomes:

- More **transparent pricing and robust audit processes**.
- **Greater data integrity** for market monitoring.

**FY28
Expanding
Flexibility &
Coordination**

Key Developments:

- Operational data available to new Restoration Decision Support Tool
- Local procurement of response/reserve services enabled

Key Outcomes:

- **Enhanced restoration decision-making**, faster system recovery.
- **Improved balancing efficiency**, reduced reliance on costly national actions.

Key Developments:

- AI-enabled optimisers deployed in OBP
- Advanced network modelling (incl. DNO data) into OBP

Key Outcomes:

- **More economic & secure national dispatch** via intelligent optimisers.
- **Reduced constraint costs**, improved coordinated system optimisation.

 Whole System & Flex**Key Developments:**

- Advanced network modelling enhances control room decision-making
- TIDE project enhances availability/quality of DER data.

Key Outcomes:

- **Improved operational decision quality** from richer network insights.
- **More accurate DER forecasts**, supporting improved system planning.

 Data & Transparency**Key Developments:**

- Control room decision rationale capture standardised

Key Outcomes:

- Improved accountability, knowledge sharing, & auditability.

**FY29
Embedding
Intelligence &
System
Optimisation**

 Future Energy Services**Key Developments:**

- Optimised DC flow management capabilities (OBP)
- Full integration of TIDE project outcomes into OBP (DER/CER participation)

Key Outcomes:

- **Enhanced DC network capacity utilisation & efficiency.**
- **Maximises value of distributed/consumer flexibility.**

 Enhanced Dispatch**Key Developments:**

- AI-driven Control Room visualisation tools enhanced
- OBP optimisation engine upgraded (advanced solvers)

Key Outcomes:

- More **intuitive grid insights** for operators.
- **Faster, effective decision-making** in complex conditions.

 Whole System & Flex**Key Developments:**

- OBP scaled for up to 10,000 BMUs
- Advanced AI models for forecasting distributed/consumer flex

Key Outcomes:

- **Full OBP scalability for market growth, future-proofs operations**

 Data & Transparency**Key Developments:**

- Full tracking for operator decision timelines (OBP)
- Advanced AI models improve consumer flex forecasting

Key Outcomes:

- **Enhances transparency, accountability, & post-event review.**
- **Improved operational planning** via reliable flex forecasts.

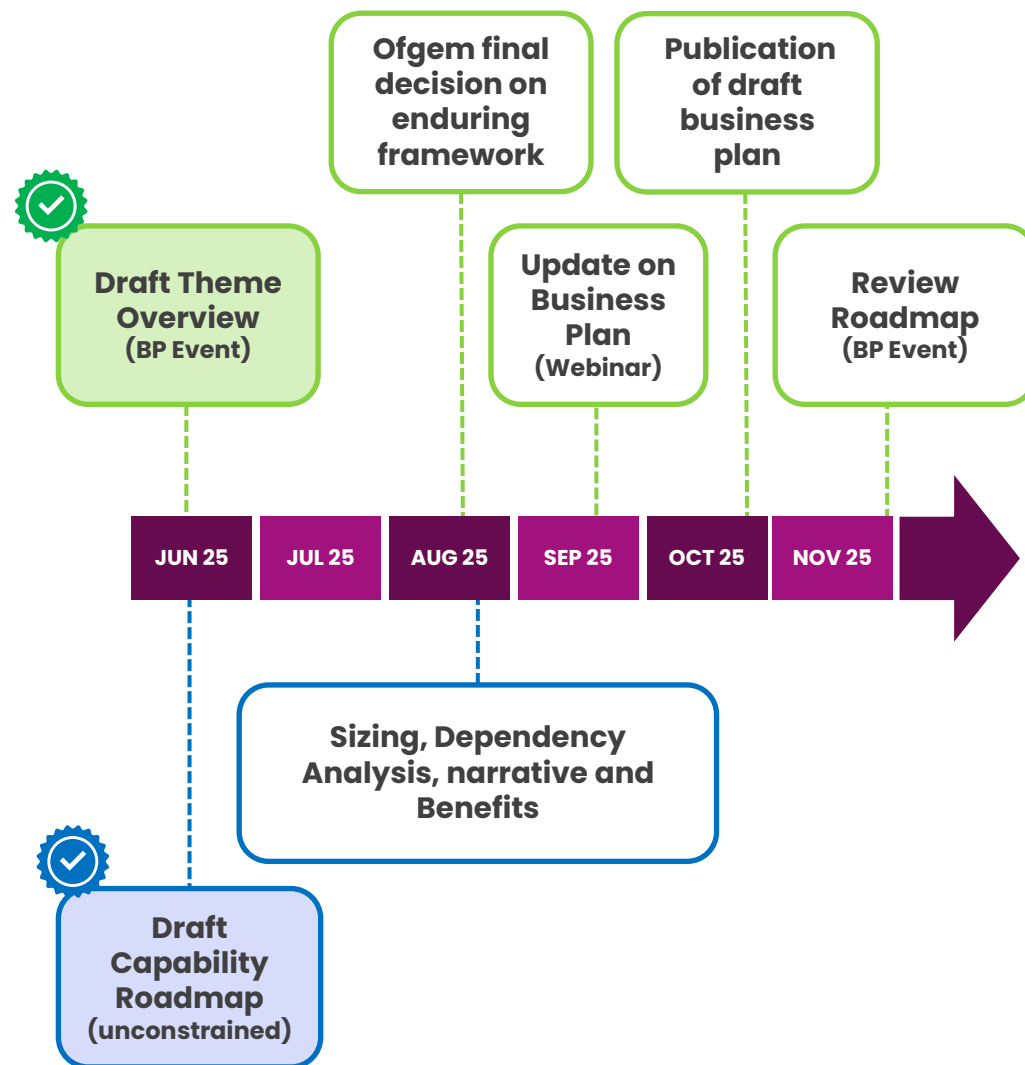
FY30/31
Delivering a
Scalable &
Future-Ready
System

Building the Roadmap: Next Steps



External

Internal



#BPJUNE25

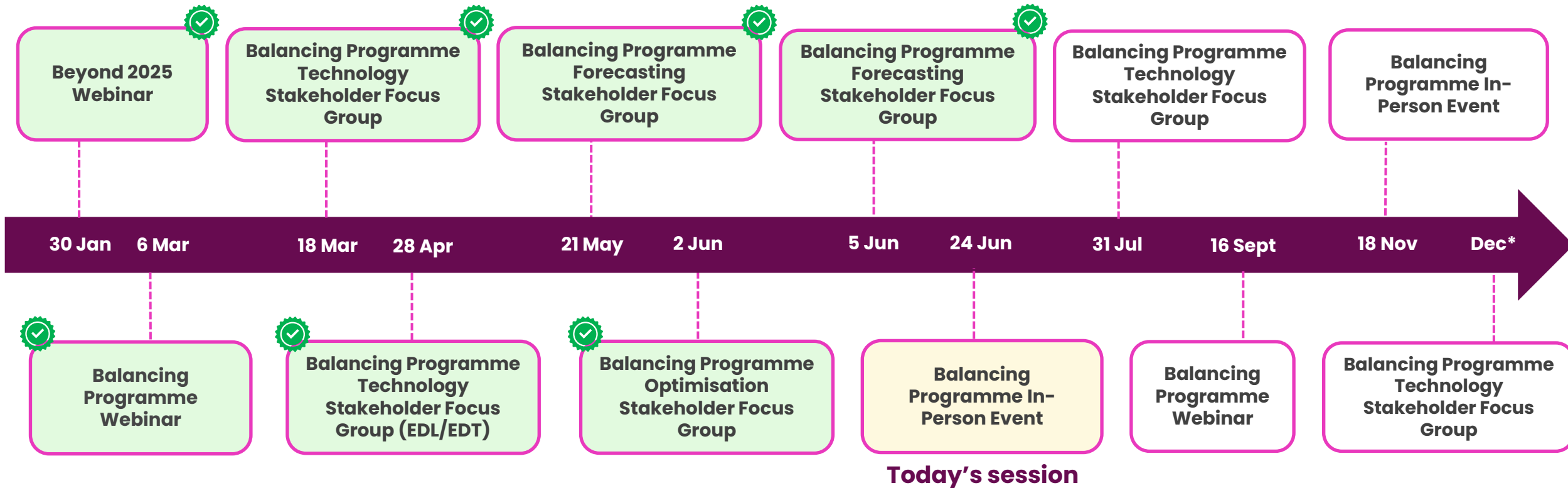
Public

#BPJUNE25

Q&A



2025 External Engagement Timeline



Balancing Programme **relationship management meetings** throughout 2025 & **external NESO newsletters 'Energising Progress'** with Balancing Programme content issued regularly, providing updates between online & in-person events.

Next Steps



We welcome your feedback & questions – please get in contact with us at box.balancingprogramme@neso.energy



Slides from today's session will be published on our website.



Subscribe to our new NESO newsletter 'Energising Progress' [here](#) – please select **Future of Balancing Services inc. Balancing Programme** to keep up to date.



Sign-up to our Stakeholder Focus Groups for Optimisation, Technology, & Forecasting – [Balancing Programme Stakeholder Focus Groups](#).



If you are interested in a regular meeting with a representative from the Programme and would like more information, please get in contact using the email address above.

Balancing Programme September 2025 Webinar

Date: 16 September 2025

Time: 11:00 – 12:30pm

Location: Microsoft Teams

We will share the latest on our Balancing and Forecasting capabilities planned for delivery into the Control Room and provide an update on progress to shape our capabilities beyond 2025 using Industry input.

A more detailed agenda will be shared closer to the webinar

To sign up to the event, click [here](#) or scan the QR code below



Public

Balancing Programme Event

24 June 2025

#BPJUNE25

**Thank you –
have a safe
journey onward**