

Appendix A

 System geographic and schematic drawings

Contents

Appendix A includes a set of system geographic and schematic drawings of the current National Electricity Transmission System, with the approximate locations of existing power stations and reactive compensation plants shown. The schematics also show the National Electricity Transmission System boundaries and ETYS zones we have used in our analysis.

Each diagram illustrates the network as it has been provided and agreed by each asset owner; NESO does not own any network nor take any responsibility for each network component's accuracy on these diagrams.

Appendix A

Geographical	
A1 – GB Existing Large Power Stations	2
A2 – GB Existing Transmission System	3
A3 – GB Transmission System Boundaries.....	4
Schematic	
A4 – GB Existing Transmission System.....	5
A5 – GB Transmission System ETYS Zones.....	6
A6 – GB Transmission System Boundaries.....	7
A7 – GB Reactive Compensation Plant.....	8
A8 – GB Existing MITS Substations.....	9

Figure A1: GB Existing Large Power Stations*

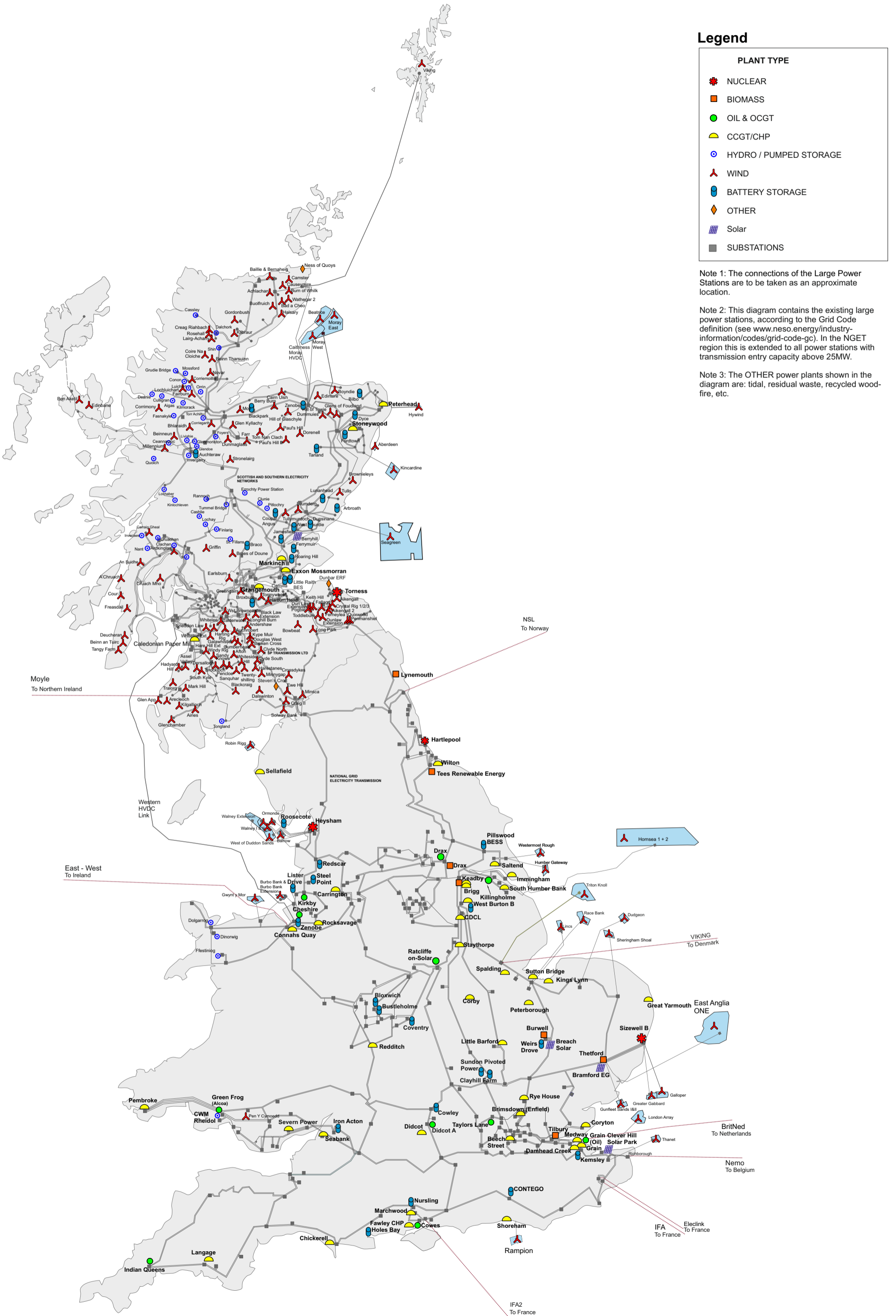
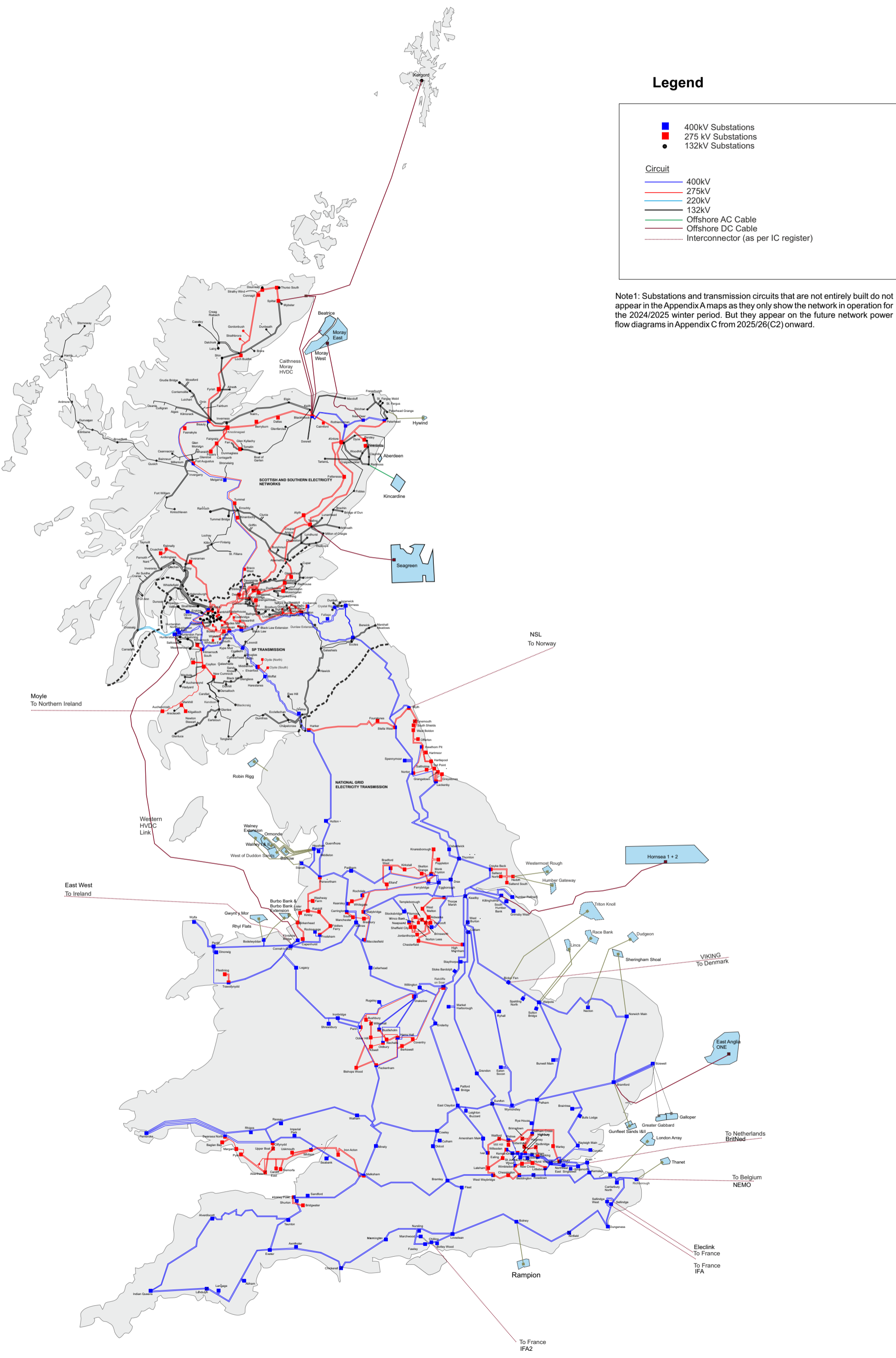


Figure A2: GB Existing Transmission System



Legend

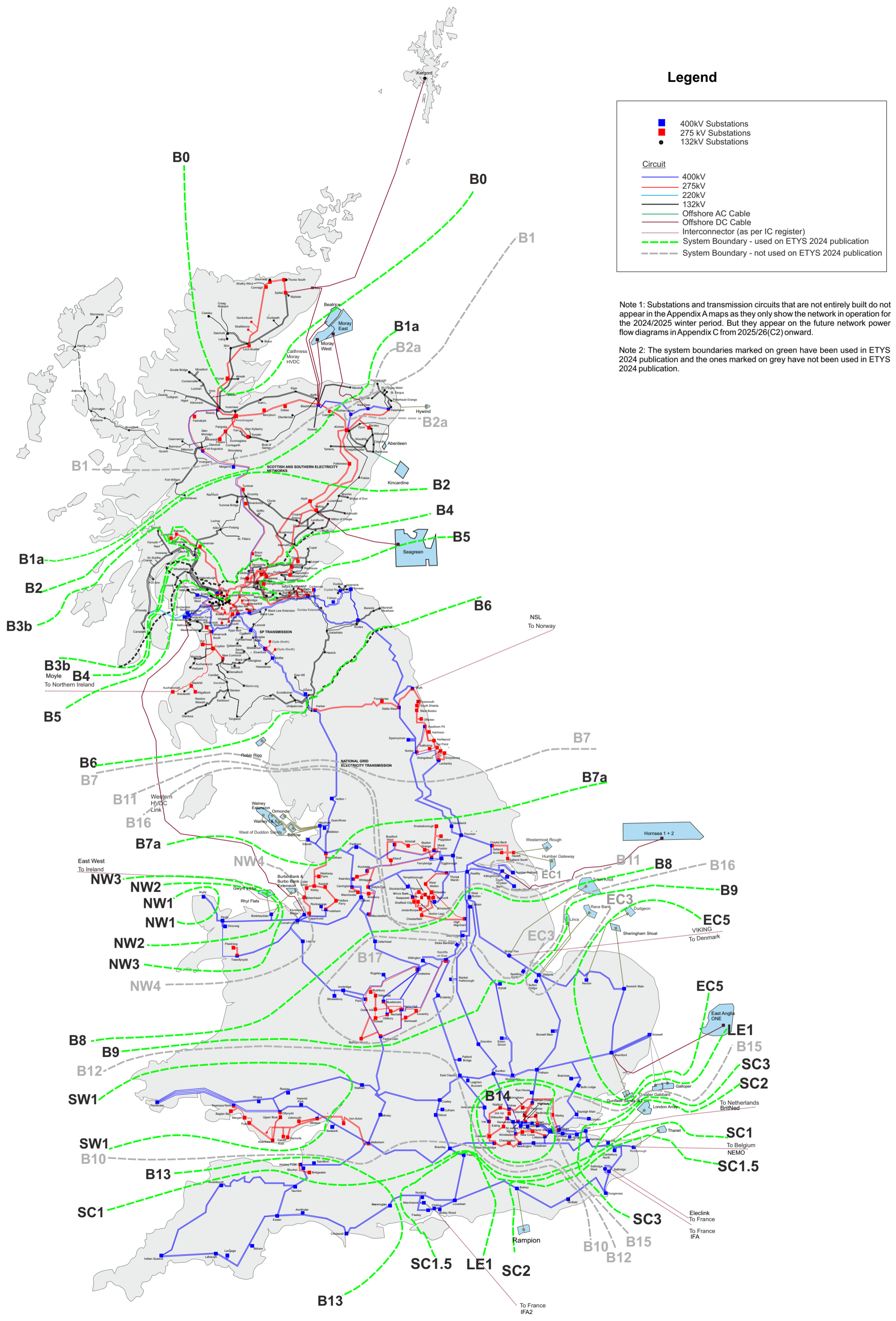
- 400kV Substations
- 275 kV Substations
- 132kV Substations

Circuit

- 400kV
- 275kV
- 220kV
- 132kV
- Offshore AC Cable
- Offshore DC Cable
- Interconnector (as per IC register)

Note1: Substations and transmission circuits that are not entirely built do not appear in the Appendix A maps as they only show the network in operation for the 2024/2025 winter period. But they appear on the future network power flow diagrams in Appendix C from 2025/26(C2) onward.

Figure A3: GB Transmission System Boundaries



Legend

■	400kV Substations
■	275 kV Substations
●	132kV Substations
Circuit	
—	400kV
—	275kV
—	220kV
—	132kV
—	Offshore AC Cable
—	Offshore DC Cable
—	Interconnector (as per IC register)
- - -	System Boundary - used on ETYS 2024 publication
- - -	System Boundary - not used on ETYS 2024 publication

Note 1: Substations and transmission circuits that are not entirely built do not appear in the Appendix A maps as they only show the network in operation for the 2024/2025 winter period. But they appear on the future network power flow diagrams in Appendix C from 2025/26(C2) onward.

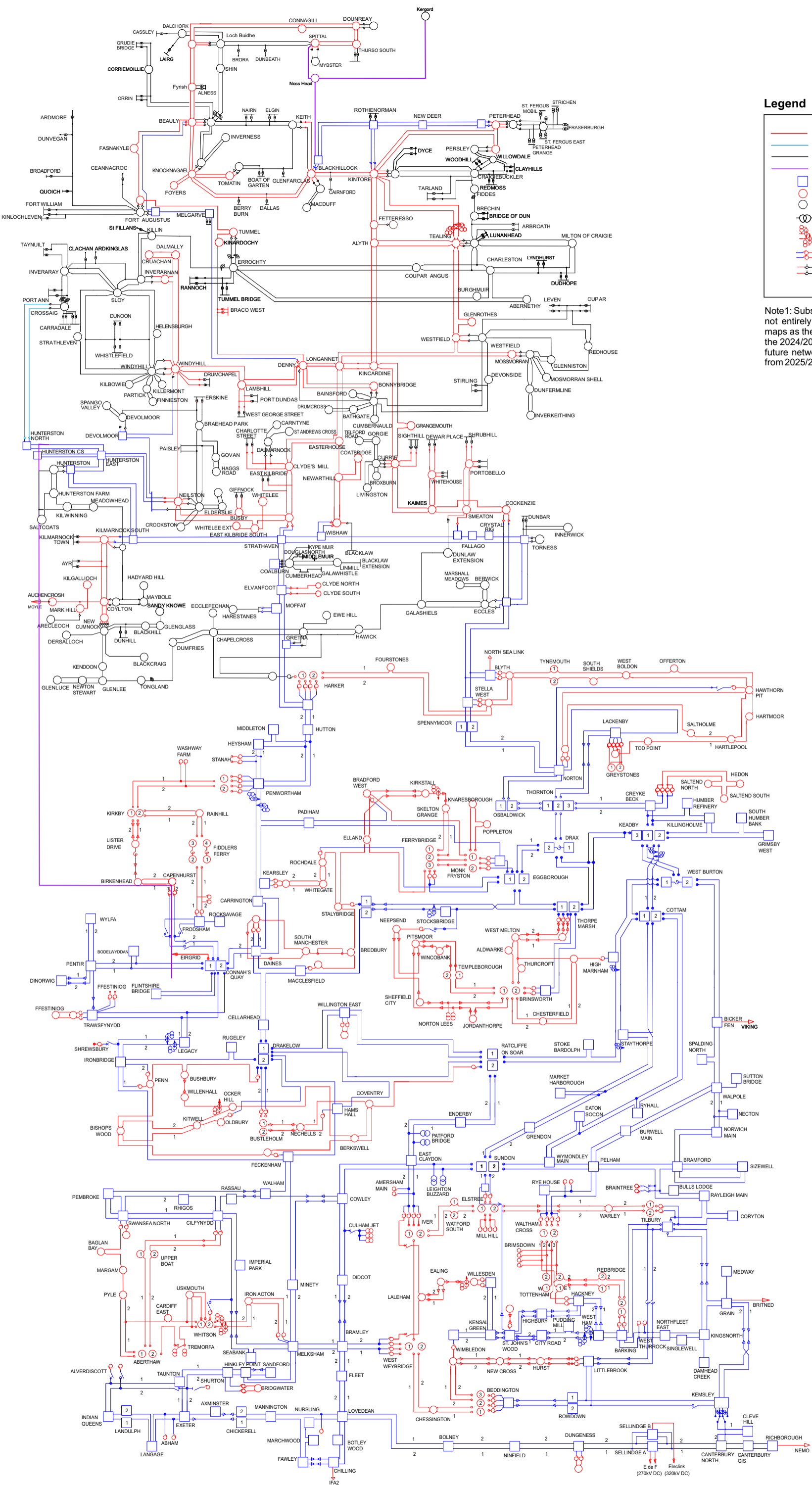
Note 2: The system boundaries marked on green have been used in ETYS 2024 publication and the ones marked on grey have not been used in ETYS 2024 publication.

Figure A4: GB Existing Transmission System

SSEN TRANSMISSION

SP TRANSMISSION

NATIONAL GRID ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION



Legend

- 400kV Circuit
- 275kV Circuit
- 220kV Circuit
- 132kV Circuit
- HVDC Circuit
- 400kV Substation
- 275kV Substation
- 132kV Substation
- Transformer
- Quadrature booster
- 275/400 kV Transformer
- 275/132 kV Transformer

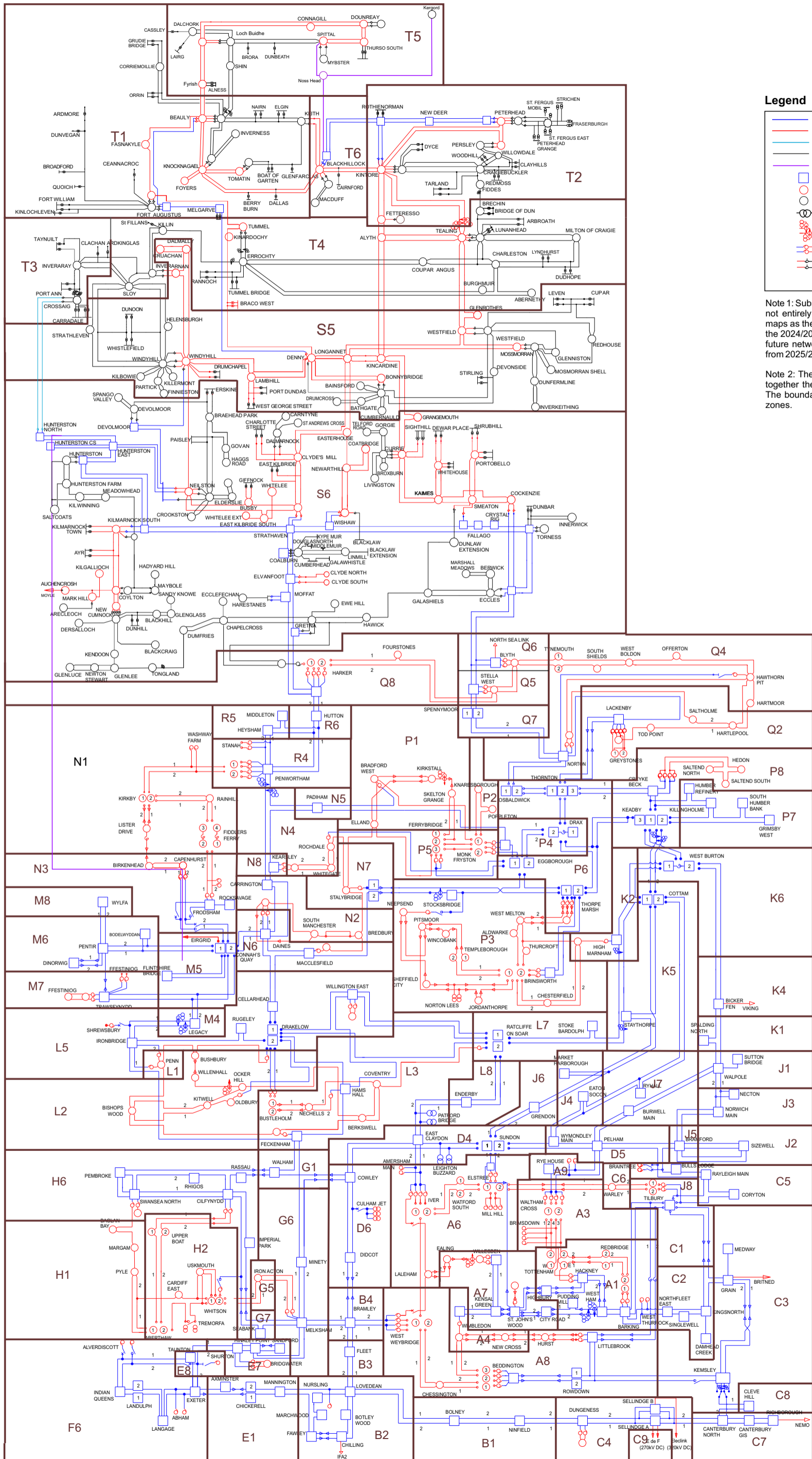
Note 1: Substations and transmission circuits that are not entirely built do not appear in the Appendix A maps as they only show the network in operation for the 2024/2025 winter period. But they appear on the future network power flow diagrams in Appendix C from 2025/26(C2) onward.

Figure A5: GB Transmission System ETYS* Zones

SSEN TRANSMISSION

SP TRANSMISSION

NATIONAL GRID ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION



Legend

- 400kV Circuit
- 275kV Circuit
- 220kV Circuit
- 132kV Circuit
- HVDC Circuit
- 400kV Substation
- 275kV Substation
- 132kV Substation
- Transformer
- Quadrature booster
- 275/400 kV Transformer
- 275/132 kV Transformer

Note 1: Substations and transmission circuits that are not entirely built do not appear in the Appendix A maps as they only show the network in operation for the 2024/2025 winter period. But they appear on the future network power flow diagrams in Appendix C from 2025/26(C2) onward.

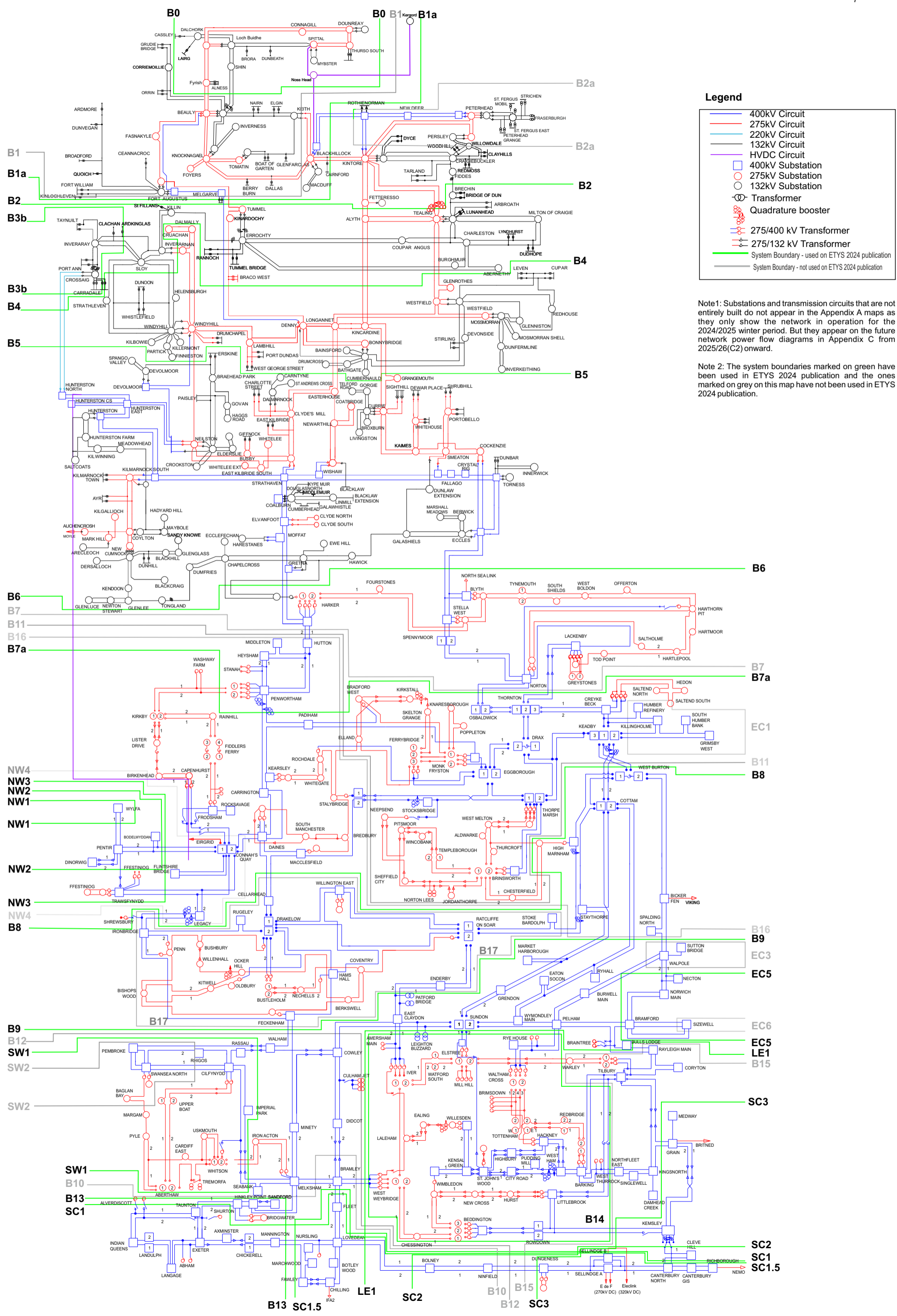
Note 2: The ETYS zones are a useful tool to group together the parts of the network for simplification. The boundaries are defined by grouping the ETYS zones.

Figure A6: GB Transmission System Boundaries

SSEN TRANSMISSION

SP TRANSMISSION

NATIONAL GRID ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION



Legend

- 400kV Circuit
- 275kV Circuit
- 220kV Circuit
- 132kV Circuit
- HVDC Circuit
- 400kV Substation
- 275kV Substation
- 132kV Substation
- Transformer
- Quadrature booster
- 275/400 kV Transformer
- 275/132 kV Transformer
- System Boundary - used on ETYS 2024 publication
- System Boundary - not used on ETYS 2024 publication

Note 1: Substations and transmission circuits that are not entirely built do not appear in the Appendix A maps as they only show the network in operation for the 2024/2025 winter period. But they appear on the future network power flow diagrams in Appendix C from 2025/26(C2) onward.

Note 2: The system boundaries marked on green have been used in ETYS 2024 publication and the ones marked on grey on this map have not been used in ETYS 2024 publication.

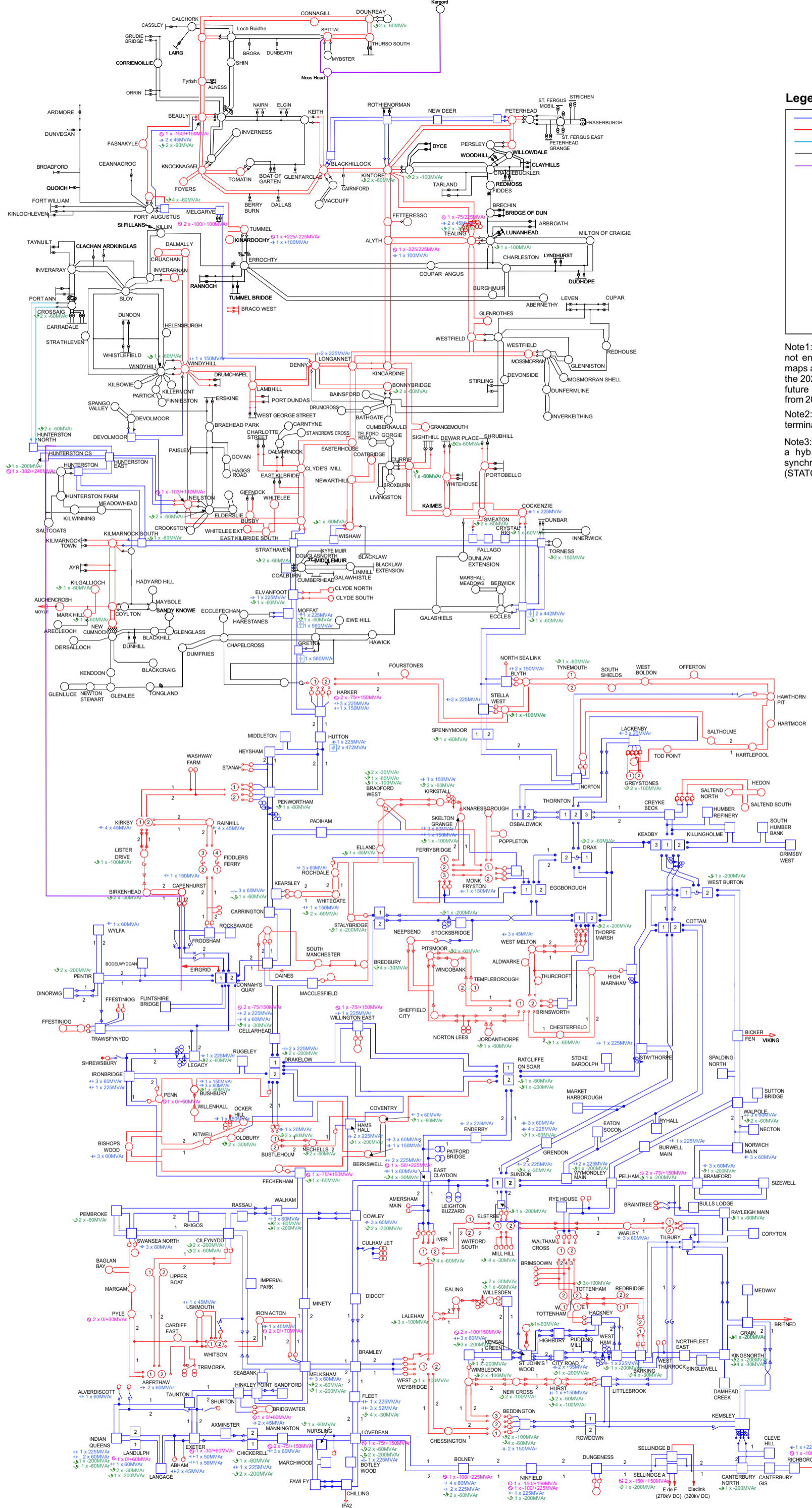
B13 SC1.5 LE1 SC2 B10 B15 B12 SC3 SC2 SC1 SC1.5

Figure A7: GB Reactive Compensation Plant

SSEN TRANSMISSION

SP TRANSMISSION

NATIONAL GRID ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION



Legend

- 400kV Circuit
- 275kV Circuit
- 220kV Circuit
- 132kV Circuit
- 400kV Substation
- 275kV Substation
- 132kV Substation
- Transformer
- ⊕ Quadrature booster
- ⊕ 275/400 kV Transformer
- ⊕ 275/132 kV Transformer
- ⊕ SVC
- ⊕ MSC/STATCOM
- ⊕ Reactor
- ⊕ Series Capacitor

Note1: Substations and transmission circuits that are not entirely built do not appear in the Appendix A maps as they only show the network in operation for the 2024/2025 winter period. But they appear on the future network power flow diagrams in Appendix C from 2025/26(C2) onward.

Note2: Reactive compensation plants at the HVDC terminals are not listed on this diagram

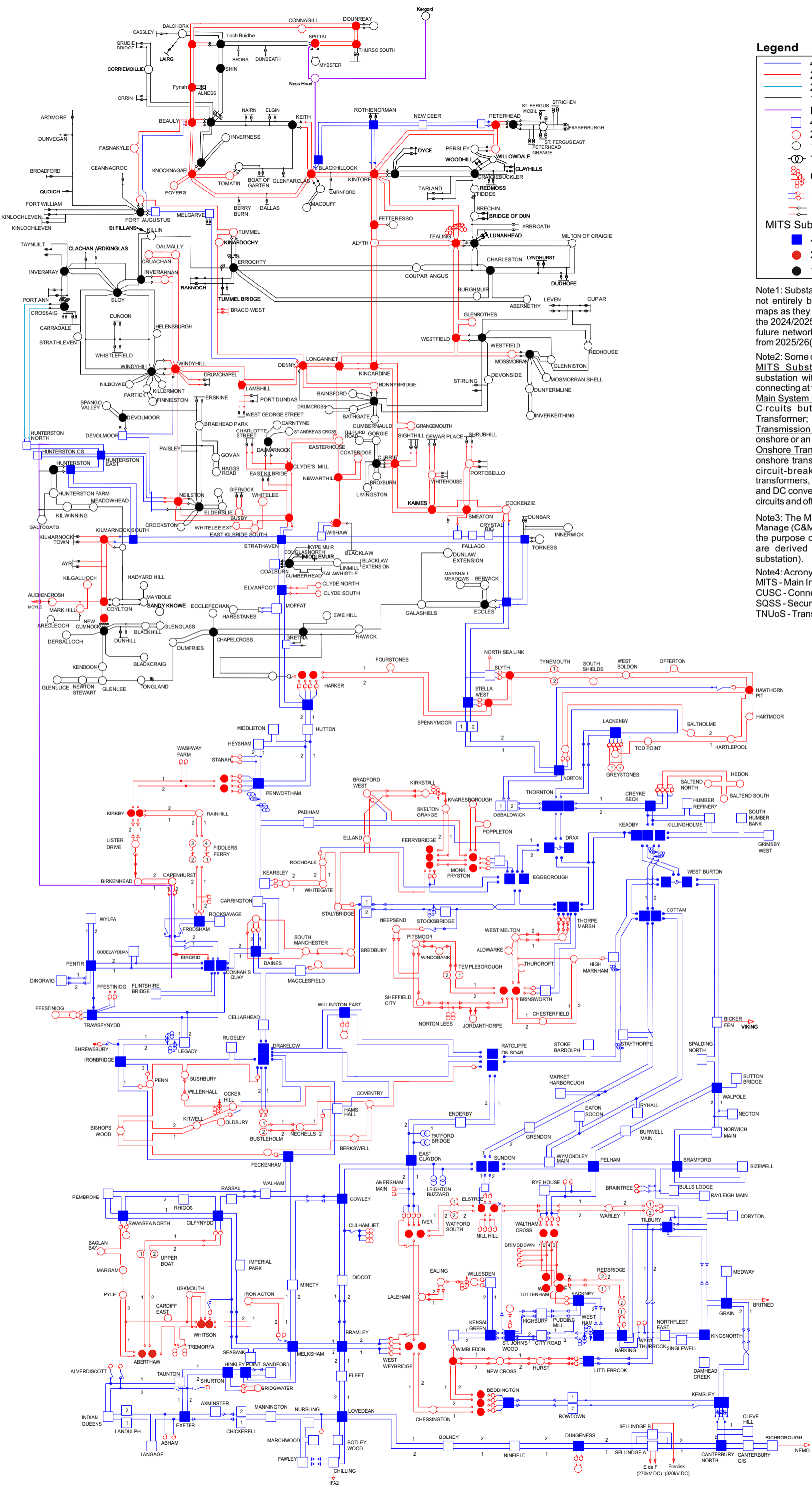
Note3: The -103/+140 Mvar at Neilston substation is a hybrid synchronous condenser, a combined synchronous condenser and static compensator (STATCOM).

Figure A8: GB Existing MITS Substation

SSEN TRANSMISSION

SP TRANSMISSION

NATIONAL GRID ELECTRICITY TRANSMISSION



Legend

- 400kV Circuit
- 275kV Circuit
- 220kV Circuit
- 132kV Circuit
- HVDC Circuit
- 400kV Substation
- 275kV Substation
- 132kV Substation
- Transformer
- Quadrature booster
- 275/400 kV Transformer
- 275/132 kV Transformer
- MITS Substations (Notes 3 and 4)
- 400kV
- 275kV
- 132kV

Note1: Substations and transmission circuits that are not entirely built do not appear in the Appendix A maps as they only show the network in operation for the 2024/2025 winter period. But they appear on the future network power flow diagrams in Appendix C from 2025/26(C2) onward.

Note2: Some definitions as per CUSC and SQSS:
MITS Substation (CUSC) = a Transmission substation with more than 4 Main System Circuits connecting at that substation;
Main System Circuit (CUSC) = means Transmission Circuits but excluding a Grid Supply Point Transformer;
Transmission Circuit (SQSS) = This is either an onshore or an offshore transmission circuit;
Onshore Transmission Circuit (SQSS) = part of the onshore transmission system between two or more circuit-breakers which include, for example, transformers, reactors, cables and overhead lines and DC converters but excludes busbars, generation circuits and offshore transmission circuits.

Note3: The MITS substation map is for Connect and Manage (C&M) purposes and should not be used for the purpose of TNUoS local circuit charges (which are derived from MITS node instead of MITS substation).

Note4: Acronyms
 MITS - Main Interconnected Transmission System
 CUSC - Connection and Use of System Code
 SQSS - Security & Quality of Supply Standard
 TNUoS - Transmission Network Use of System

E de F
 Electric
 (270kV DC) (320kV DC)